Marketing Modules Series Module 4: Competitor Analysis Teaching Slides



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Sandra Cuellar-Healey, MFS, MA & Miguel Gomez, PhD

Charles H. Dyson School of Applied Economics & Management

College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Cornell University, Ithaca NY 14853-7801

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Competitor Analysis Defined

Through competitor analysis, firms can:

- Identify who their key competitors are
- Develop a profile for each competitor
- Identify competitors' objectives and strategies
- Assess their strengths and weaknesses
- Gauge the threat they pose, and
- Anticipate their reaction to competitive moves!

Competitor analysis provides both an offensive and a defensive strategic context for identifying opportunities and threats!

Identifying Current and Potential Competitors

- Industry-based Analysis: based on number of sellers and degree of product differentiation
 - Monopoly
 - Oligopoly
 - Differentiated Oligopoly
 - Monopolistic Competition
 - Pure Competition
 - Market-based Analysis: Sellers that satisfy the same customer need
 - Brand Competition
 - Industry Competition
 - Product Competition
 - Generic Competition

Competitor Profiling SWOT Analysis

- Internal factors (Strengths and Weaknesses) encompass factors such as: personnel, firm's culture, finance, manufacturing capabilities, the 4Ps, etc.
- External factors (Opportunities and Threats) relate to the opportunities and threats posed by the macro- and micro-environments. The macro-environment includes demographic, economic, technological, political, legal, social and cultural factors, etc. The micro-environment includes the customers, competitors, distributors and suppliers.

Collect Key Data on Competitors:

recent sales, profit margin, return on investment, cash flow, new investments, and capacity utilization

And Monitor:

- Share of market: competitor's sales share in the target market
- Share of mind: percentage of customers who name the competitor when asked which firm first comes to mind in an industry
- Share of heart: percentage of customers who name the competitor when asked from whom he/she would prefer to buy a specific product

Firms that exhibit increasing share of mind or share of heart, are positioned to experience an increasing market share and profitability!

SWOT Analysis Ben & Jerry's Ice Cream

Objective: get B&J's growing again

	Favorable	Unfavorable
Internal	 Strengths Prestigious, well-known brand name across U.S. consumers 40% share of the US super-premium ice cream market Can complement Unilever's existing ice cream brands 	 Weaknesses Danger that B&J's social responsibility actions may add costs, reduce focus on core business Need for experienced managers to help growth Flat sales and profits in recent years
External	 Opportunities Growing demand for quality ice cream in overseas markets Increasing demand for frozen yogurt and other low-fat desserts Success of many U.S. firms in extending successful brand in one product category to other categories 	 Threats Consumer concern with fatty desserts: B&J customers are the type that read new government-ordered nutritional labels Competes with giant Pillsbury and its Haagen-Dazs brand International downturns increase the risks for B&J's in European and Asian markets

Source: Figure 2-9, p 46 in Roger Kerin, Eric Berkowitz, Steven Hartley and William Rudelius. "Marketing". 7th Ed. (New York, NY: Mc Graw Hill, 2003)

Five Forces that Determine Market/Market Segment Attractiveness

According to Michael Porter these 5 forces are:

- Industry competitors
 - Competitors' number and competitive approach

Potential market entrants

- Entry and exit barriers
- Product substitutes
 - Actual or potential substitute products

Buyers' power

- Buyers' number, size, price sensitivity and vertical integration capabilities
- Suppliers' power
 - Degree of organization, product characteristics and vertical integration capabilities

Designing Competitive Strategies

- Market leader
 - Expanding total market, defending market share, expanding market share
- Market challenger
 - Frontal attack, flank attack, encirclement "blitz" attack, bypass attack, guerrilla warfare attack
- Market follower
 - Counterfeiters, cloners, imitators, adapters
- Market nicher
 - Specializes in serving one type of final customer; concentrates in selling to small, medium or large customers; limits its offer to one or a few major customers; sells only in a certain place, region, area; produces or carries only one product or product line; operates at the low- or at the high-quality end of the market; offers services not available from other firms; serves only one channel of distribution, etc.