FARM SUMMARY S 'n **USIZ**

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A.E. FILE COPY June 1991 A.E. Ext. 91-13 CENTRAL **NEW YORK** AND **CENTRAL PLAIN** REGIONS 1990 DFBS 1950's DFBS 1960's DFBS 1970's DFBS 1980's DFBS 1990's

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1990 DAIRY FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY CENTRAL NEW YORK AND CENTRAL PLAIN REGIONS

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1990 DAIRY FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY CENTRAL NEW YORK AND CENTRAL PLAIN REGIONS*

INTRODUCTION

Dairy farmers throughout New York State have been participating in Cornell Cooperative Extension's farm business summary and analysis program since the early 1950's. Each participating farmer receives a comprehensive business summary and analysis of his or her farm business. The information in this report represents an average of the data submitted from farms in the Central New York and Central Plain regions.

Program Objective

The primary objective of the dairy farm business summary, DFBS, is to help farm managers improve the business and financial management of their business through appropriate use of historical farm data and the application of modern farm business analysis techniques. In short, DFBS identifies the business and financial information farmers need and demonstrates how it should be used in identifying and evaluating strengths and weaknesses of the farm business.

Format Features

This regional report follows the same general format as in the 1990 DFBS printout received by all participating dairy farmers. Worksheets are included to give non-DFBS participants an opportunity to summarize their businesses. The analysis tables have an open column or section labeled <u>My Farm</u>. It may be used by any dairy farm manager who wants to compare his or her business with the average data of this region.

This report features:

- (1) an <u>income statement</u> including accrual adjustments for farm business expenses and receipts, as well as measures of profitability with and without appreciation,
- (2) a complete <u>balance sheet</u> with analytical ratios;
- (3) a <u>cash flow summary</u> including debt repayment ability;
- (4) an analysis of crop <u>acreage, yields, and expenses;</u>
- (5) an analysis of <u>dairy livestock numbers</u>, production, and expenses; and
- (6) a <u>capital and labor efficiency</u> analysis.

Micro DFBS, a computer program which enables Cooperative Extension agents and specialists to calculate and print individual farm business reports in their offices, is now being used by the dairy farm management field staff for 90 percent of the farms cooperating. This innovative approach provides faster processing of farm record data and increased use of the DFBS in farm management programs.

^{*}This summary was prepared by Wayne A. Knoblauch and Linda D. Putnam, Department of Agricultural Economics, Cornell University, in cooperation with consultants Ann and James Peck from the Central Plain Region, and Cooperative Extension agents June Grabemeyer and Jim Hilson in the Central New York Region. The two regions are similar in many respects and were combined to increase the number of summaries which comprise a region. The counties included are Seneca, Wayne, Yates, and Ontario in the Central Plain Region, and Cayuga, Madison, Onondaga, and Oswego in the Central New York Region.

SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS OF THE FARM BUSINESS

Business Characteristics

Planning the optimal management strategies is a crucial component of operating a successful farm. Various combinations of farm resources, enterprises, business arrangements, and management techniques are used by the dairy farmers in this region. The following table shows important farm business characteristics and the number of farms with these characteristics.

		SS CHARACTERISTICS	
45 Central New	York and (entral Plain Region Dairy Farms, 19	990
<u>Type of Farm</u>	Number	Type of Barn	Number
Dairy	43	Stanchion/Tie-Stall	23
Part-time dairy	0	Freestall	20
Dairy cash-crop	2	Combination	2
Part-time cash-crop dai	ry O		
	-	Milking System	Number
<u>Type of Ownership</u>	Number	Bucket & carry	0
Owner	38	Dumping station	1
Renter	7	Pipeline	23
		Herringbone parlor	19
<u>Type of Business</u>	Number	Other parlor	2
Single proprietorship	28	-	
Partnership	15	Milking Frequency	Number
Corporation	2	2x/day	34
		3x/day	7
<u>Business Record System</u>	Number	Other	4
ELFAC II	2		
Account Book	17	Production Records	Number
Agrifax (mail-in only)	8	DHIC	36
On-Farm Computer	15	Owner-Sampler	2
Other	3	Other	7
	_	None	0

The averages used in this report were compiled using data from all the participating dairy farms in this region unless noted otherwise. There are full-time dairy farms, part-time farms, dairy cash-crop farms, farm renters, partnerships, and corporations included in the average. These specific classifications are used to separate farms in the State Business Summary.

Income Statement

In order for an income statement to accurately measure farm income, it must include cash transactions and accrual adjustments (changes in accounts payable, accounts receivable, inventories, and prepaid expenses).

<u>Cash paid</u> is the actual cash paid during the year and does not necessarily represent the cost of goods and services actually used.

<u>Change in inventory</u>: Increases in inventories of supplies and other purchased inputs are subtracted in computing accrual expenses because they represent an increase in purchased inputs not actually used during the year. Decreases in purchased inventories are added to expenses because they represent inputs purchased in a prior year and used this year.

Europea Itar	Cash	Change in Inventory or Prepaid Expense* +	Change in Accounts	Accrual
Expense Item			-	= Expenses
<u>Hired Labor</u>	\$ 60,984	\$ 0 << \$	363	\$ 61,347
Feed Dairy grain & conc	105 772	-1,969	982	104,786
Dairy grain & conc.	105,773		-22	
Dairy roughage	5,367 334	1,306 6	- 2 2	6,651 340
Nondairy <u>Machinery</u>	554	0	0	540
Mach. hire, rent/lease	6,763	0 <<	110	6,873
Machinery repairs/parts	22,141	-467	216	21,890
Auto exp. (farm share)	1, 1 69	-407	210	1,169
-		-62	247	
Fuel, oil & grease <u>Livestock</u>	11,169	-02	247	11,354
Replacement livestock	5,316	0 <<	0	5,316
Breeding	4,824	-22	79	4,881
Vet & medicine	8,527	- 22	47	8,545
Milk marketing	8,663	0 <<	4	8,545
Cattle lease/rent	754	0 <<	4	754
Other livestock expense	17,641	-125	83	17,599
	17,041	-125	0.5	17,599
<u>Crops</u> Fertilizer & lime	13,902	-478	281	13,705
	7,684	-438	-7	7,239
Seeds & plants Spray, other crop exp.	7,084	-438	- 7 35	6,117
<u>Real Estate</u>	7,214	-1,132		0,11/
Land/bldg./fence repair	11,297	-13	330	11,614
Taxes	8,038	-162 <<	215	8,091
Rent & lease	10,431	0 <<	0	10,431
<u>Other</u>	10,451	0 ~~	0	10,451
Insurance	5,384	0 <<	79	5,463
Telephone (farm share)	713	0 <<	-1	712
Electricity (farm share)	8,761	0 <<	37	8,798
Interest paid	25,125	0 <<	38	25,163
Miscellaneous	5,128	261	-41	5,348
			—	
Total Operating	\$ 363,102	\$ -3,324 \$		\$ 362,853
Expansion livestock	5,969	0 <<	0	, 5,969
Machinery depreciation				_ 21,986
Building depreciation				11,986
TOTAL ACCRUAL EXPENSES		- <u> </u>		\$ 402,794

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM EXPENSES 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Change in prepaid expenses</u> (noted above by <<) is a net change in noninventory expenses that have been paid in advance of their use, for example, 1991 rent paid in 1990. If 1990 funds used to prepay 1991 rent exceeded the amount of 1990 rent prepaid in 1989, the amount of this excess is entered as a negative number to exclude it from 1990 rental expenses. The excess prepaid rent should be charged against the future year's business operation. A decrease in prepaid rent is added to expenses because it represents use of resources during this year that were paid for in past years but should be charged against this year's operation.

<u>Change in accounts payable</u>: An increase in accounts payable from beginning to end of year is added and a decrease is subtracted when calculating accrual expenses.

<u>Accrual expenses</u> are the costs of inputs actually used in this year's production. They are the total of cash paid, and changes in inventory, prepaid expenses, and accounts payable.

	Cash		Change in Inventory or Prepaid	Change in	Accrual
<u>Expense Item</u>	Paid	+	Expense +	-	
<u>Hired Labor</u>	\$		\$	\$	\$
Feed					
Dairy grain & conc.					
Dairy roughage		-			
Nondairy					
<u>Machinery</u>					
Mach. hire, rent/lease					
Machinery repairs/parts					
Auto exp. (farm share)					
Fuel, oil & grease					
<u>Livestock</u>					
Replacement livestock					
Breeding					
Vet & medicine					
Milk marketing					
Cattle lease/rent					
Other livestock expense				· · ·	
Crops					
Fertilizer & lime					
Seeds & plants					
Spray, other crop					
expense					
<u>Real Estate</u>					
Land, bldg., fence rep.					
Taxes					
Rent & lease					
<u>Other</u>					
Insurance					
Telephone (farm share)					
Electricity (farm share)					
Interest paid					
Miscellaneous					
Total Operating	\$		\$	\$	\$
Expansion livestock					
Machinery depreciatior	ı				
Building depreciation					
TOTAL ACCRUAL EXPENSES					\$

Receipt Item	Cash Receipts	+	Change in Inventory	т	Change in Accounts Receivable	=	Accrual Receipts
	Receipes	1	Inventory		<u>Receivab</u> re		Receipts
Milk sales	\$412,698				\$-7,071		\$405,627
Dairy cattle	25,883		\$8,249		- 3		34,129
Dairy calves	6,269				0		6,269
Other livestock	1,637		-141		34		1,530
Crops	6,749		5, 9 89		19		12,757
Government receipts	3,234		-219*		16		3,031
Custom machine work	169				17		186
Gas tax refund	156				28		184
Other	6,754				64		6,818
Less nonfarm noncash cap	.**	(-)	0			(-) 0
Total Accrual Receipts	\$463,549		\$13,878		\$-6,896		\$470,531

			CASE	I ANI) ACCRUAI	L FARM	RECEIP	ſS		
45	Central	New	York	and	Central	Plain	Region	Dairy	Farms,	1990

*Change in advanced government receipts.

**Gifts or inheritances of cattle or crops included in inventory.

<u>Cash receipts</u> include the gross value of milk checks received during the year plus all other payments received from the sale of farm products, services, and government programs. Nonfarm income is not included in calculating farm profitability.

<u>Changes in inventory</u> of assets produced by the business are calculated by subtracting beginning of year values from end of year values <u>excluding appre-</u> <u>ciation</u>. Increases in livestock inventory caused by herd growth and/or quality are added, and decreases caused by herd reduction and/or quality are subtracted. Changes in inventories of crops grown are also included. Changes in advanced government receipts are calculated by subtracting the end year balance from the beginning year balance (balances are listed with the current liabilities on the Balance Sheet).

<u>Changes in accounts receivable</u> are calculated by subtracting beginning year balances from end year balances. The January milk check for this December's marketings compared with the previous January's check is included as a change in accounts receivable.

<u>Accrual receipts</u> represent the value of all farm commodities produced and services actually generated by the farm business during the year.

CASH ,	CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM RECEIPT WORKSHEET							
Receipt Item	Cash Receipts	+	Change in Inventory	÷	Change in Accounts Receivable		Accrual Receipts	
Milk sales Dairy cattle Dairy calves Other livestock Crops Government receipts Custom machine work Gas tax refund Other	\$ 		\$		\$		\$ 	
Less gifts of cattle & c Total Accrual Receipts	rops \$	(-	\$		\$	(-	\$	

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM RECEIPT WORKSHEET

Profitability Analysis

Farm operators contribute labor, management, and capital to their businesses and the best combination of these resources maximizes income. Farm profitability can be measured as the return to all family resources or as the return to one or more individual resources such as labor and management.

<u>Net farm income</u> is the return to the farm operators and other unpaid family members for their labor, management, and equity capital. It is the farm family's net annual return from working, managing, financing, and owning the farm business. This is not a measure of cash available from the year's business operation. Cash flow is evaluated later in this report.

Net farm income is computed both with and without appreciation. Appreciation represents the change in values caused by annual changes in prices of livestock, machinery, real estate inventory, and stocks and certificates (other than FLB and PCA). Appreciation is a major factor contributing to changes in farm net worth and must be included for a complete profitability analysis.

NET FARM INCOME 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Average	My Farm
Total accrual receipts	\$470,531	\$
Appreciation: Livestock	2,874	
Machinery	2,451	
Real Estate	11,452	
Other Stock/Certificates	- 100	
Total Including Appreciation	\$487,208	\$
Total accrual expenses	- 402,794	-
Net Farm Income (with appreciation)	\$84,414	\$
Net Farm Income (without appreciation)	\$67,737	\$

<u>Return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital</u> measures the total net farm income for the farm operator(s). It is calculated by deducting a charge for unpaid family labor from net farm income. Operators' labor is not included in unpaid family labor. Return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital has been calculated both with and without appreciation. Appreciation is an important part of the return to ownership of farm assets.

RETURN TO OPERATORS' LABOR, MANAGEMENT, AND EQUITY 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

	Aver	age	My	Farm
<u>Item</u>	With Apprec.	Without Apprec.	With Apprec.	Without <u>Apprec</u> .
Net farm income Family labor unpaid	\$84,414	\$67,737	\$	\$
@ \$1,250 per month	- 3,250	- 3,250		
Return to operators' labor, management, & equity	\$ 81, 1 64	\$64,487	\$	\$

Labor and management income is the return which farm operators receive for their labor and management used in operating the farm business. Appreciation is not included as part of the return to labor and management because it results from ownership of assets rather than management of the farm business. Labor and management income is calculated by deducting the opportunity cost of using equity capital, at a real interest rate of five percent, from the return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital excluding appreciation. The interest charge of five percent reflects the long-term average rate of return above inflation that a farmer might expect to earn in comparable risk investments.

LABOR AND MANAGEMENT INCOME 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Average	My_Farm
Return to operators' labor, management, & equity without appreciation Real interest @ 5% on \$577,635	\$64,487	\$
average equity capital Labor & Management Income	- <u>28,882</u> \$35,605	 \$
Labor & Management Income per 1.39 Operator/Manager	\$25,615	\$

<u>Return on equity capital</u> measures the net return remaining for the farmer's equity or owned capital after a charge has been made for the owner-operator's labor and management. The earnings or amount of net farm income allocated to labor and management is the opportunity cost of operators' labor and management estimated by the cooperators. Return on equity capital is calculated with and without appreciation. The rate of return on equity capital is determined by dividing the amount returned by the average farm net worth or equity capital. <u>Return on total capital</u> is calculated by adding interest paid to the return on equity capital and then dividing by average farm assets to calculate the rate of return on total capital.

RETURN ON EQUITY CAPITAL AND RETURN ON TOTAL CAPITAL 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Average	<u>My</u> Farm
Return to operators' labor, management,		
& equity capital with appreciation	\$81,164	\$
Value of operators' labor & management	- 34,734	-
Return on equity capital with appreciation	\$46,430	\$
Interest paid	\$25,163	\$
Return on total capital with appreciation	\$71,593	\$
Return on equity capital without appreciation	\$29,753	\$
Return on total capital without appreciation	\$54,916	\$
Rate of return on average equity capital:		
with appreciation	8.04%	
without appreciation	5.15%	
Rate of return on average total capital:		
with appreciation	8.00%	
without appreciation	6.14%	

Farm and Family Financial Status

The first step in evaluating the financial position of the farm is to construct a balance sheet which identifies all the assets and liabilities of the business. The second step is to evaluate the relationship between assets, liabilities, and net worth and changes that occurred during the year.

-			Farm Liabilities		1
<u>Farm Assets</u>	<u>Jan. 1</u>	Dec. 31	& Net Worth	<u>Jan. 1</u>	<u>Dec. 31</u>
<u>Current</u>			<u>Current</u>		
Farm cash, checki			Accounts payable	\$10,064	\$13,139
& savings	\$10,471	\$7,401	Operating debt	8,744	18,427
Accounts rec.	33,214	26,318	Short-term	9,052	12,393
Prepaid exp.	67	229	Advanced govt. re	c. 0	219
Feed & supplies	83,951	93,102			
Total	\$127,703	\$127,050	Total	\$27,860	\$44,178
<u>Intermediate</u>					
Dairy cows:			<u>Intermediate</u>		
owned	\$137,095	\$143,160	Structured debt		
leased	275	0	1-10 years	\$110,792	\$104,445
Heifers	54,930	59,473	Financial lease		
Bulls/other lvstk	. 2,057	2,431	(cattle/mach.)	3,518	2,486
Mach./eq. owned	148,855	168,361	FLB/PCA stock	4,788	4,729
Mach./eq. leased	3,243	2,486			
FLB/PCA stock	4,788	4,729	Total	\$119,098	\$111,660
Other stock/cert.	7,093	6,993			
Total	\$ <mark>358,336</mark>	\$387,633	<u>Long Term</u>		
<u>Long-Term</u>			Structured debt		
Land/buildings:			>10 yrs	\$162,065	\$168,871
owned	\$384,207	\$404,073	Financial lease		
leased	317	176	(structures)	317	176
Total	\$384,524	\$404,249	Total	\$162,382	\$169,047
Total Farm	\$870,563	\$918,932	Total Farm Liab.	\$309,340	\$324,885
Assets			FARM NET WORTH	\$561,223	\$594,047
(Average for 32 f	arms report	ing)	Nonfarm Liabilit	ies*	
Nonfarm Assets*			& Net Worth		Dec. 31
Personal cash, ch			Nonfarm Liab.	\$893	\$1,856
& savings	\$1,179	\$2,291	NONFARM NET WORT	•	\$43,796
Cash value life i				,,	,,
Nonfarm real esta			FARM & NONFARM*	Jan. 1	Dec. 31
Auto (personal sh			Total Assets	\$912,649	\$964,584
Stocks & bonds	7,578		Total Liab.	310,233	326,741
Household furn.	7,806				
All other	6,936		TOTAL FARM & NON	J -	
Total Nonfarm			FARM NET WORTH	\$602,416	\$637,843
	, ooo	¥.5,05E	1	,	,,

1990 FARM BUSINESS & NONFARM BALANCE SHEET 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

*Assumes that average nonfarm assets and liabilities for the nonreporting farms were the same as for those reporting.

Financial lease obligations are included in the balance sheet. The present value of all future payments is listed as a liability since the farmer is committed to make the payments by signing the lease. The present value is also listed as an asset, representing the future value the item has to the business. For 1990, leases were discounted by 11.0 percent. Advanced government receipts are included as current liabilities. Government payments received in 1990 that are for participation in the 1991 program are the end year balance and payments received in 1989 for participation in the 1990 program are the beginning year balance.

Farm Assets	Jan. 1	Dec. 31	Farm Liabilities & Net Worth	Jan. l	Dec. 31
<u>Current</u> Farm cash, checking & savings Accounts rec.			<u>Current</u> Accounts payable Operating debt:		
Prepaid expense Feed & supplies Total			Short Term:		
Intermediate Dairy cows: owned leased			Adv. govt. rec. Total Intermediate		
Heifers Bulls/other lvstk. Mach./eq. owned Mach./eq. leased					
FLB/PCA stock Other stock/cert. Total		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Financial lease (cattle/mach.) FLB/PCA stock Total Long-Term		
Long-Term Land/buildings: owned leased			<u></u>		
Total			Financial lease (structures) Total		
Total Farm Assets			Total Farm Liab. FARM NET WORTH		
Nonfarm Assets	Jan. l	Dec. 31	Nonfarm Liabilities & Net Worth	Jan. l	Dec. 31
Personal cash, chkg & savings Cash val. life ins. Nonfarm real est.			Nonfarm Liab.:		
Auto (pres. share) Stocks & bonds Household furn. All other Total Nonfarm			Total Nonfarm Liabilities Nonfarm Net Worth		
TOTAL FARM & NONFAR	 M		Jan. 1	Dec	 . 31
Total Farm & Nonfar Less Total Farm & N Farm & Nonfarm Net	m Assets Ionfarm Li	abilities			

1990 FARM BUSINESS & NONFARM BALANCE SHEET

Date _

Balance sheet analysis involves examination of relative asset and debt levels for the business. Percent equity is calculated by dividing end of year net worth by end of year assets and multiplying by 100. The debt to asset ratio is compiled by dividing liabilities by assets. Low debt to asset ratios reflect business solvency and the potential capacity to borrow. Debt levels per productive unit represent old standards that are still useful if used with measures of cash flow and repayment ability. The change in farm net worth without appreciation is an excellent indicator of farm generated financial progress.

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

<u>Item</u>	Ave	rage	My Farm	
<u> Financial Ratios - Farm</u> :				
Percent equity		65%	ક	
Debt/asset ratio: total			35	
long-term		•	42	
intermediate	/current		30	
<u>Change in Net Worth:</u>				
Without appreciation		\$16,1	47	\$
With appreciation	32,8	24	\$	
Farm Debt Analysis:				·
Accounts payable as % of total	debt		48	*
Long-term liabilities as a % o	f total de	bt	52%	
Current & inter. liab. as a %	of total d	ebt	48%	§
		Per Tillable		Per Tillable
<u>Farm Debt Levels</u> :	Per Cow	Acre Owned	<u>Per Cow</u>	Acre Owned
Total farm debt	\$2,137	\$1,331	\$	\$
Long-term debt	1,112	693	•	•
Intermediate & current debt	1,025	639		

45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Farm inventory balance is an accounting of the value of assets used on the balance sheet and the changes that occur from the beginning to end of year. Changes in the livestock inventory are included in the dairy analysis. Net investment indicates whether the capital stock is being expanded (positive) or depleted (negative).

FARM INVENTORY BALANCE 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Avg. of	Reg	ion's Far	ms	My Farm			
	<u>R.E.</u>	-	<u>Mach./Eq</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>R.E.</u>	<u>Mach./Eq.</u>		
Value beg. of year	\$384,2	207	\$14	8,855	\$	\$\$		
Purchases	\$29,842*	\$3	39,548	\$		\$		
Gift/inheritance +	0	+	1,593	+		+		
Lost capital -	5,805			-				
Sales -	2,582	-	2,101	-		•		
Depreciation -	11,986	- :	21,986					
Net investment	= 9,4	+69	= 1	7,054	=+	=+		
Appreciation	+ 10,3	896**	+	2,451	+	+		
Value end of year	\$404,0)73	\$16	8,361	\$	\$		

*\$7,913 land and \$21,929 buildings and/or depreciable improvements. **Excludes \$1,056 of appreciation on assets sold during the year.

Cash Flow Statement

Completing an annual cash flow statement is an important step in understanding the sources and uses of funds for the business. Understanding last year's cash flow is the first step toward planning and managing cash flow for the current and future years.

The <u>annual cash flow statement</u> is structured to compare all the cash inflows including beginning balances with all the cash outflows including ending balances for the year. By definition, total cash inflows must equal total cash outflows when beginning and ending balances are included. Any imbalance is, therefore, the error from incorrect accounting of cash inflows and cash outflows. Whenever an imbalance exists, all other financial measures may also be in error.

ANNUAL CASH FLOW STATEMENT

45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Average	<u>My</u> Farm
Cash Inflows		
Beginning farm cash, checking & savings	\$ 10,471	\$
Cash farm receipts	463,549	
Sale of assets: Machinery	2,101	
Real estate	3,634	
Other stock & certificate	0	
Money borrowed (intermediate & long-term)	51,450	
Money borrowed (short-term)	8,096	
Increase in operating debt	9,683	
Nonfarm income	5,156	
Cash from nonfarm capital used in the business	410	
Money borrowed - nonfarm	829	
Total	\$555,379	\$
<u>Cash Outflows</u>		·
Cash farm expenses	\$363,102	\$
Capital purchases: Expansion livestock	5,969	
Machinery	39,548	
Real estate	29,842	<u> </u>
Other stock & certificate	0	
Principal payments (intermediate & long-term)	50,991	
Principal payments (short-term)	4,755	
Decrease in operating debt	0	
Personal withdrawals & family expenditures		
including nonfarm debt payments	53,803	
Ending farm cash, checking & savings	7,401	
Total	\$555,413	\$
Imbalance (error)	\$-3 4	\$

Repayment Analysis

The second step in cash flow analysis is to compare the debt payments planned for the last year with the amount actually paid. The measures listed below provide a number of different perspectives on the repayment performance of the business. However, the critical question to many farmers and lenders is whether planned payments can be made in 1991. The cash flow projection worksheet on the next page can be used to estimate repayment ability, which can then be compared to planned 1991 debt payments shown below.

Same 41 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1989 and 1990

		Average		M	ly Farm	
	<u> 1990 Pay</u>	ments	Planned	<u> 1990 Pay</u>	ments	Planned
Debt Payments	Planned	Made	<u>1991</u>	Planned	Made	<u> 1991</u>
Long-term	\$21,299	\$28,018	\$22,788	\$	s	Ś
Intermediate-term	36,361	46,429	35,217	•	·	- '
Short-term	6,979	6,268	10,409			
Operating (net		,	,			
reduction)	1,860	0	5,106			
Accounts payable	,		,	<u> </u>		
(net reduction)	3,131	0	2,141			
Total	\$69,631	\$80,715	\$75,662	\$	\$	\$
Per cow	\$449	\$521		Ś	Ś	
Per cwt. 1990 milk	\$2.42	\$2.80		\$	\$	-
Percent of total						
1990 receipts	14%	16%		<u> </u>		_
Percent of 1990						
milk receipts	16%	19%				

The <u>cash flow coverage ratio</u> measures the ability of the farm business to meet its planned debt payment schedule. The ratio shows the percentage of payments planned for 1990 (as of December 31, 1989) that could have been made with the amount available for debt service in 1990. Farmers who did not participate in DFBS last year will find in their report a cash flow coverage ratio based on planned debt payments for 1991.

CASH FLOW COVERAGE RATIO

Same 41 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1989 and 1990

<u>Item</u>	Average	<u>My Farm</u>
Cash farm receipts	\$487,115	\$
- Cash farm expenses	379,638	
+ Interest paid	26,346	
- Net personal withdrawals from farm**	51,363	
 (A) = Amount Available for Debt Service (B) = Debt Payments Planned for 1990 	\$82,460	\$
<pre>(as of December 31, 1989) (A ÷ B) = Cash Flow Coverage Ratio for 1990</pre>	\$69,631 1.18	\$

**Personal withdrawals and family expenditures less nonfarm income and nonfarm money borrowed. If family withdrawals are excluded, or inaccurately included, the cash flow coverage ratio will be incorrect.

ANNUAL CAS	H FLC	W WOR	KSHEET
------------	-------	-------	--------

T b =	Regional	—	<u>My Farm</u>		Expected	
Item	<u>Average</u>	Tota	<u>I Per</u>	Cow	Change	Projectio
A	(per cow)					
Average number of cows	148.8					
Accrual Oper. Receipts	AA 745 AA	•				•
Milk	\$2,725.99	\$	\$			\$
Dairy cattle	229.36					
Dairy calves	42.13					
Other livestock	10.29				_	
Crops	85.73					
Misc. receipts	68.68				<u> </u>	
Total	\$3,162.18	\$	\$			\$
Accrual Oper. Expenses						
Hired labor	\$412.28	\$	\$			\$
Dairy grain & conc.	704.21					
Dairy roughage	44.70					
Nondairy feed	2.28					
Mach. hire/rent/lease	46.19					
Mach. rpr./parts & auto	154.97					
Fuel, oil & grease	76.30				_	
Replacement lvstk.	35.73					
Breeding	32.80					
let & medicine	57.43					
Ailk marketing	58.25					
Cattle lease	5.07					
Other livestock exp.	118.27					
Fertilizer & lime	92.11				· · · · ·	
Seeds & plants	48.65					
Spray/other crop exp.	41.11					
Land, bldg., fence repair	78.06					
Taxes	54.38					
Real estate rent/lease	70.10					
Insurance	36.71					
Utilities	63.91					
Miscellaneous	35.94					·
Total Less Int. Paid	\$2,269.45					·
						\$
Net Accrual Operating Inc		-				•
(without interest paid)			\$			\$
- Change in lvstk./crop i		878				·
- Change in accts. rec.		,896				
+ Change in feed/supply i		,324				
+ Change in accts. payabl		,037				
NET CASH FLOW	\$125,	,570 :	\$			\$
 Net personal withdrawal farm (see footnote on 		818				
Available for Farm Debt						
Payments & Investments	\$77.	752	3			Ś
- Farm debt payments			<u> </u>			۲
Available for Farm Invest	$\frac{73}{61}$,670 ,918 :				· ~
		, 710	/			२
- Capital purchases: catt		250				
machinery & improvement		, 309			·	·
Additional Capital Needed	L	:	<u></u>			\$ <u></u>

*Includes change in advance government receipts. **Includes change in prepaid expenses. ***Excludes change in interest account payable.

Cropping Analysis

The cropping program is an important part of the dairy farm business and is often inadequately managed. A complete evaluation of what the available land resources are, how they are being used, how well crops are producing, and what it costs to produce them is required to evaluate alternative cropping and feed purchasing choices.

<u>I</u> tem	Average				My Farm			
Land	<u>Owr</u>		Rented	<u>Total</u>	<u>Owned</u>	<u>Rented</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Tillable	24		185	429				
Nontillable		1	12	23				
Other nontillable	8	36	16	101				
Total	32	+0	213	554				
<u>Crop Yields</u>	<u>Farms</u>	Acres	s* Prod/	Acre	Acr	<u>es</u> Prod	<u>/Acre</u>	
Hay crop	44	157	2.9	4 tn Dl	4		tn DM	
Corn silage	44	115	14.5	2 tn			tn	
2			4.8	8 tn D	ฯ		tn DM	
Other forage	3	26	2.1	3 tn Dl	ľ		tn DM	
Total forage	44	274	3.7	1 tn Dl	ี		tn DM	
Corn grain	37	132	105.9	1 bu			bu	
Oats	11	28	55.0	3 bu			bu	
Wheat	9	45	60.9	9 bu			- bu	
Other crops	13	35						
Tillable pasture	19	29						
Idle	24	27						
Total Tillable Acres	44	439						

		L	AND 1	RESOL	JRCES A	AND	CROP	PRODUCI	TION		
45	Central	New	York	and	Centra	al 1	Plain	Region	Dairy	Farms,	1990

*This column represents the average acreage for the farms producing that crop. Average acreages including those farms not producing were hay crop 154, corn silage 113, corn grain 109, oats 7, tillable pasture 12, and idle 14.

Average crop acres and yields compiled for the region are for the farms reporting each crop. Yields of forage crops have been converted to tons of dry matter using dry matter coefficients reported by the farmers. Grain production has been converted to bushels of dry grain equivalent based on dry matter information provided.

The following measures of crop management indicate the relationship between forage production, forage production resources, and the dairy herd.

> CROP MANAGEMENT FACTORS 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Average	<u>My Farm_</u> _
Total tillable acres per cow	2.88	
Total forage acres per cow	1.81	
Harvested forage dry matter, tons per cow	6.69	

<u>Cropping Analysis</u> (continued)

A number of cooperators have allocated crop expenses among the hay crop, corn, and other crops produced. Fertilizer and lime, seeds and plants, and spray and other crop expenses have been computed per acre and per production unit for hay and corn. Additional expense items such as fuels, labor, and machinery repairs are not included.

	Total Per	Hay	Gron	All Corn	Corn Silage	Corn Grain
	Till.	Per	Per	Per	Per Ton	Per Dry
Item	Acre	Acre	Ton DM	Acre	DM	Shell Bu.
Number of farms						
reporting	45		36	36		
Average number						
of acres	429	1	61	246		
Fertilizer & lime	\$31.95	\$20.58	\$7.07	\$43.75	\$8.91	\$.41
Seeds & plants	16.87	11.49	3.95	22.32	4.54	.21
Spray & other crop						
expense	14.26	3.14	1.08	22.25	4.53	.21
Total	\$ <u>63.08</u>	\$35.21	\$12.10	\$ <u>88.32</u>	\$17.98	\$.83
<u>My Farm</u> :						
Fertilizer & lime	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Seeds & plants			·	·		
Spray & other crop						
expense Total	¢	\$	\$	¢	¢	¢
IUCAL	۷ <u> </u>	۲ <u> </u>	۹	۷ <u> </u>	Ŷ	٩

CRC	P RELATED A	ACCRUAL EXPENS	SES		
Central New York a	nd Central	Plain Region	Dairv	Farms.	1990

Most machinery costs are associated with crop production and should be analyzed with the crop enterprise. Total machinery expenses include the major fixed costs (interest and depreciation), as well as the accrual operating costs. Although machinery costs have not been allocated to individual crops, they are shown below per total tillable acre.

ACCRUAL MACHINERY EXPENSES 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

	Aver	age	My Farm		
Machinery	Total	Per Til.	Total	Per Til.	
Expense Item	Expenses	Acre	Expenses	Acre	
Fuel, oil & grease	\$11,353	\$26.46	\$	\$	
Machinery repairs & parts	21,890	51.03			
Machine hire, rent & lease	6,873	16.02			
Auto expense (farm share)	1,169	2.72			
Interest (5%)	7,930	18.49			
Depreciation	21,986	51.25			
Total	\$71,201	\$165.97	\$	Ś	

Dairy Analysis

Analysis of the dairy enterprise can reveal a great deal about the strengths and weaknesses of the dairy farm business. Information on this page should be used in conjunction with DHI and other dairy production information. Changes in dairy herd size and market values that occur during the year are identified in the table below. The change in inventory value without appreciation is attributed to physical changes in herd size and quality. Any change in inventory is included as an accrual farm receipt when calculating all of the profitability measures on pages 6 and 7.

	Da	iry Cows	_			Heifers								
		BredOpen		BredOpen		BredOpen		Bred		Bred		Open		<u>alves</u>
<u>Item</u>	No.	Value	No	. Value	No	. Value	No.	Value						
Beg. year (owned)	145	\$137,095	46	\$32,158	33	\$15,421	31	\$7,350						
+ Change w/o apprec.		5,072		1,245		1,720		213						
+ Appreciation		993		838		322		207						
End year (owned)	150	\$143,160	47	\$34,241	38	\$17,463	33	\$7,770						
End incl. leased	152													
Average number	149		113	(all age	e gro	ups)								
<u>My Farm</u> :														
Beg. of year (owned)		\$		\$		\$		\$						
+ Change w/o apprec.								<u>-</u> -						
+ Appreciation End of year (owned) End including leased		\$		\$		\$		\$						
Average number				(all age	e gro	oups)								

DAIRY HERD INVENTORY 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Total milk sold and milk sold per cow are extremely valuable measures of size and productivity, respectively, on the dairy farm. These measures of milk output are based on pounds of milk marketed during the year. Farm managers on DHI should compare milk sold per cow with their rolling herd average on the test date nearest December 31 to see how close the DHI estimate of milk produced is to actual milk sales.

MILK PRODUCTION 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Average	My Farm
Total milk sold, lbs.	2,747,559	
Milk sold per cow, lbs.	18,465	
Average milk plant test, percent butterfat	3.62	

The cost of producing milk has been compiled using the whole farm method and is featured in the following table. Accrual receipts from milk sales can be compared with the accrual costs of producing milk per cow and per hundredweight of milk. Using the whole farm method, <u>operating costs of</u> <u>producing milk</u> are estimated by deducting nonmilk accrual receipts from total accrual operating expenses including expansion livestock purchased. <u>Total</u> <u>costs of producing milk</u> include the operating costs of producing milk plus depreciation on machinery and buildings, the value of operators' labor and management, and the interest charge for using equity capital. Note that the cost of labor, management, and equity capital has been excluded in the intermediate calculation.

ACCRUAL RECEIPTS FROM DAIRY AND COST OF PRODUCING MILK 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

		<u>Average</u>				
<u>Item</u>	<u>Total</u>	Per Cow	Per Cwt.	Total	Per Cow	Per Cwt.
Accrual Costs of <u>Producing Milk</u> Operating costs Total costs w/o opers' labor,	\$303,919	\$2,042	\$11.06	\$	\$	\$
mgmt. & capital Total Costs <u>Accrual Receipts</u> From Milk	\$341,141 \$404,7 5 7 \$405,627	\$2,293 \$2,720 \$2,726	\$12.42 \$14.73 \$14.76	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$

The accrual operating expenses most commonly associated with the dairy enterprise are listed in the table below. Evaluating these costs per unit of production enables an evaluation of the dairy enterprise.

DAIRY RELATED ACCRUAL EXPENSES 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

	A	verage	My Farm		
Item	Per Cow	Per Cwt.	Per Cow	Per_Cwt	
Purchased dairy grain					
& concentrates	\$704	\$3.81	\$	\$	
Purchased dairy roughage	45	. 24			
Total Purchased					
Dairy Feed	\$749	\$4.06	\$	\$	
Purchased grain & conc.			·	- <u> </u>	
as % of milk receipts		268		8	
Purchased feed & crop exp.	\$931	\$5.04	\$	\$	
Purchased feed & crop exp.					
as % of milk receipts		34%		8	
Breeding	\$33	\$.18	\$ <u> </u>	\$	
Veterinary & medicine	57	. 31		·	
Milk marketing	58	. 32			
Cattle lease	5	.03	·		
Other livestock expense	118	.64			

Capital and Labor Efficiency Analysis

Capital efficiency factors measure how intensively the capital is being used in the farm business. Measures of labor efficiency are key indicators of management's success in generating products per unit of labor input.

45 Central New Yor	k and Central	l Plain Re	egion Dairy Farms	5, 1990
Item	Per Worker	Per Cow	Per Tillable Acre	Per Tillable Acre Owned
Farm capital Real estate Machinery & equipment Capital turnover, years	\$212,721 38,389 1.	\$6,013 2,650 1,085 84	\$2,086 376	\$3,667 1,616
<u>My Farm</u> : Farm capital Real estate Machinery & equipment Capital turnover, years	\$ 	\$	\$	\$

CAPITAL EFFICIENCY 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms 1990

LABOR FORCE INVENTORY AND ANALYSIS 45 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1990

Labor Force	Months	Age	Years of Educ.	Value of Labor & Mgmt.
Operator number 1	11.76	44	14	\$25,767
Operator number 2	4.09	37	14	7,667
Operator number 3	.80	46	14	1,300
Family paid	5.64			
Family unpaid	2.60			
Hired	<u>25.58</u>			
Total	50.47	$\div 12 = 4.3$	21 Worker Equi	valent
		1.3	39 Operator/Ma	nager Equiv.
<u>My Farm</u> : Total Operator's		+ 12 = + 12 =	Worker Eq Operator/	uivalent Manager Equiv.

Labor		Av	erage		My	Farm	
Efficiency	Total		Per Work	er	<u>Total</u>	Per Worker	
Cows, average number		149	35				
Milk sold, pounds	2,74	7,559	653,216	_			
Tillable acres		429	102	-			
Work units	-	1,542	367	-			
		Avera	ge		My Fa	.rm	
		Per	Per		Per	Per	
Labor Costs	<u> </u>	Cow	Til. Acre		Cow		
Value of operator(s)							
labor (\$1,250/mo.)*	\$20,813	\$140	\$48.51	\$	\$	\$	
Family unpaid	• •	•	•				
(\$1,250/mo.)*	3,250	22	7.58				
Hired	61,347	412	143.00				

61,347 412 143.00 Total Labor \$85,410 \$574 \$199.09 \$ Machinery Cost \$71,201 \$479 \$165.97 Ś Total Labor & Mach. \$156,611 \$1,052 \$365.06 \$ \$

*When comparing to previous years' data, please note 1989 constants used in calculations were \$1,050 per month for the Value of Operator(s) Labor and \$750 per month for Unpaid Family Labor. 19

Progress of the Farm Business

Comparing your business with average data from regional DFBS cooperators that participated in both of the last two years is one part of a business checkup. It is equally important for you to determine the progress your business has made over the past two or three years and to set targets or goals for the future.

PROGRESS OF THE FARM BUSINESS

Same 41 Central New York and Central Plain Region Dairy Farms, 1989 and 1990

	Average of	41 Farms*		My Farm			
Selected Factors	1989	1990	1989	1990	Goal		
<u>Size of Business</u>							
Average number of cows	149	155					
Average number of heifers	114	118					
	2,672,934	2,882,835					
Worker equivalent	4.23	4.33					
Total.tillable acres	421	445			·		
Rates of Production							
Milk sold per cow, lbs.	17,974	18,584					
Hay DM per acre, tons	2.94						
Corn silage per acre, tons		14					
Labor_Efficiency							
Cows per worker	35	36					
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	631,869						
<u>Cost Control</u>							
Grain & conc. purchased							
as % of milk sales	24%	26%		ક	8		
Dairy feed & crop exp.	2.10	200		•	_ •		
per cwt. milk	\$4.53	\$5.05	Ś	Ś	Ś		
Labor & mach. costs/cow	\$918		\$	\$	\$ \$		
Capital Efficiency**							
Farm capital per cow	\$5,932	\$6,021	Ś	Ŝ	Ŝ		
Mach. & equip. per cow	\$1,029	\$1,096	Ś	s	\$ \$		
Capital turnover, years	1.89	1.83	۱	T	T		
<u>Profitability</u>							
	\$74,534	\$71,293	Ś	Ś	Ś		
Net farm inc. w/apprec.	\$101,714		\$	\$	<u>s</u>		
Labor & mgt. income	<i>q</i> 101,717	400,00	¥	_ Y	¥		
per oper./manager	\$35,194	\$26,865	\$	\$	Ś		
Rate of return on eq.	433 ,174	¥20,005	۲	_	¥		
capital w/apprec.	12%	88		8	8		
Rate of return on all	120	00		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		
capital w/apprec.	11%	88		8	_%		
Financial Summary							
Farm net worth, end year	\$580,442	\$620,174	Ś	\$\$	Ś		
Debt to asset ratio	.36	.35	۲	_ T	T		
Farm debt per cow	\$2,155	\$2,128	\$		ś		
Turm dobe per cow	Y2,133	Y2,120	۲	_	¥		

Farm Business Charts

The Farm Business Chart is a tool which can be used in analyzing a business by drawing a line through the figure in each column which represents the current level of management performance. The figure at the top of each column is the average of the top 10 percent of the 409 farms for that factor. The other figures in each column are the average for the second 10 percent, third 10 percent, etc. Each column of the chart is independent of the others. The farms which are in the top 10 percent for one factor would <u>not</u> necessarily be the same farms which make up the top 10 percent for any other factor.

The cost control factors are ranked from low to high, but the <u>lowest cost</u> <u>is not necessarily the most profitable</u>. In some cases, the "best" management position is somewhere near the middle or average. Many things affect the level of costs, and must be taken into account when analyzing the factors.

References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings.

Size	of Bus	iness	Rates of Production			Labor Efficiency		
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds	
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold	
<u>alent</u>	<u>Cows</u>	Sold	<u>Per Cow</u>	DM/Acre	<u>Per Acre</u>	<u>Worker</u>	<u>Per Worker</u>	
(DFBS								
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)	
8.1	319	5,936,217	20,998	4.4	21	48	837,710	
4.6	151	2,631,025	19,213	3.5	17	39	673,111	
3.8	120	2,039,688	18,261	3.1	16	36	607,303	
3.3	99	1,686,207	17,610	2.9	15	33	558,972	
2.9	83	1,385,769	17,083	2.7	14	30	511,780	
			• • • • • • • • • • •					
2.6	71	1,178,752	16,564	2.5	13	28	460,467	
2.3	62	999,365	16,031	2.2	12	26	421,664	
2.1	55	867,115	15,228	2.0	11	24	385,456	
1.9	46	720,368	14,128	1.8	9	21	335,529	
1.4	34	498,429	11,572	1.3	6	16	235,225	

FARM	BUSINESS	CHART	FOR	FARM	MANAGEMI	ENT	COOPERATORS
	409	9 New	York	Dairy	/ Farms,	198	39

Co	s	t	Con	tr	01
$\mathbf{v}\mathbf{v}$	9	-	001		OT.

_		000			
Grain Bought	<pre>% Grain is of Milk</pre>	Machinery Costs	Labor & Machinery	Feed & Crop Expenses	Feed & Crop Expenses Per
<u>Per Cow</u>	<u>Receipts</u>	<u> Per_Cow </u>	<u>_Costs Per_Cow</u>	Per Cow	<u> Cwt. Milk </u>
(9)	(9)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(9)
\$306	148	\$240	\$ 609	\$ 467	\$3.16
434	19	310	720	601	3.81
509	22	353	781	675	4.25
566	24	386	828	745	4.52
621	26	420	871	796	4.74
678	28	453	921	849	4.98
721	30	480	972	907	5,24
771	31	519	1,047	965	5.58
840	34	579	1,125	1,030	6.01
975	40	693	1,299	1,177	7.18
975	40	693	1,299	1,177	

Milk	Milk	Oper. Cost	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	Total Cost
Receipts	Receipts	Mi1k	Milk	Production	Production
Per Cow	Per Cwt.	<u>Per Cow</u>	<u>Per Cwt.</u>	Per Cow	<u>Per Cwt.</u>
(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)
\$3,073	\$15.99	\$1,044	\$ 6.90	\$1,898	\$12.35
2, 8 05	15.13	1,329	8.42	2,153	13.49
2,662	14.86	1,453	9.10	2,287	14.01
2,560	14.65	1,590	9.67	2,411	14.46
2,463	14.49	1,688	10.11	2,518	14.92
2,376	14.35	1,768	10.58	2,633	15.41
2,289	14.21	1,868	11.05	2,727	15.88
2,172	14.07	1,977	11.55	2,838	16.81
2,041	13.87	2,105	12.24	2,978	18.05
1,696	13.27	2,364	13.98	3,378	21.26

FARM BUSINESS CHART (continued)

P	r	0	f	i	t	a	b	i	1	i	ty	1

		Return to Oper	ator's Labor,	La	bor &
<u> </u>	Income	<u>Management, &</u>	<u>Management, & Equity Capital</u>		
With	Without	With	Without	Per	Per
<u>Appreciation</u>	<u>Appreciation</u>	<u>Appreciation</u>	Appreciation	<u> </u>	<u>Operator</u>
(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
\$248,067	\$186,279	\$246,604	\$185,529	\$133,487	\$105,965
116,937	81,652	115,693	79,586	51,295	35,165
91,414	60,780	88,765	58,912	34,622	25,238
73,523	48,987	71,909	46,653	26,501	19,038
61,475	39,152	58,789	36,992	19,566	15,093
51,477	31,888	49,557	29,804	14,172	11,283
42,996	25,477	40,684	23,070	8,840	7,232
33,929	18,881	31,331	16,245	3,043	2,279
24,761	11,170	22,618	8,857	-6,749	-5,599
3,831	-7,633	31	-11,442	-33,477	-27,966

Farm Business Charts for farms with freestall barns and 120 cows or less and more than 120 cows, and farms with conventional barns with 60 cows or less and more than 60 cows are shown on pages 25-28.

Financial Analysis Chart

The farm financial analysis chart on the following page is designed just like the <u>Farm Business Chart</u> and may be used to assess the financial health of the farm business. Most of the financial measures used in the chart are defined on pages 7, 10, 12, and 18 of this publication. References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings.

		<u>Liquidity (repaym</u>		
Debt	Available for	Cash Flow	Debt Paymer	
Payments	Debt Service	Coverage	as Percent	
<u>Per Cow</u>	Per Cow	Ratio	o <u>f Milk Sa</u> l	<u>les Per Cow</u>
(DFBS				
pg. 7)	(11)	(7)	(7)	(5)
\$ 53	\$942	7.00	28	\$ 129
180	762	2.25	7	682
254	663	1.75	10	1,156
333	580	1.49	13	1,542
389	514	1.21	16	1,863
440	460	1.07	18	2,212
487	399	0.93	20	2,643
549	327	0.77	23	3,051
631	244	0.55	28	3,541
889	- 50	-0.27	39	4,655
	Solvency		Pro:	fitability
	Debt/Asse	t Ratio	Percent Rate	e of Return with
Percent	Current &	Long	appre	ciation on:
<u>Equity</u>	Intermediate	Term	Equity	Investment*
(5)	(5)	(5)	(3)	(3)
98	0.01	0.00	30	19
89	0.05	0.00	17	14
83	0.10	0.08	13	12
77	0.17	0.20	11	10
71	0.22	0.29	9	9
66	0.27	0.39	7	7
61	0.33	0.51	5	6
54	0.39	0.60	3	5
46	0.49	0.73	0	3
32	0.74	1.05	-14	- 2
	Efficienc	y (Capital)		
Capital	Real Estate	Machinery	Total Farm	Change in
Turnover	Investment	Investment	Assets	Net Worth
(years)	Per Cow	Per Cow	Per_Cow	w/Appreciation
(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(5)
1.40	\$1,420	\$ 563	\$ 4,248	\$184,415
1.69	1,973	759	5,080	77,982
1.83	2,297	906	5,571	55,765
1.96	2,570	1,029	5,916	44,425
2.10	2,837	1,138	6,287	36,412
2.26	3,081	1,255	6,653	28,486
2.41	3,445	1,391	7,224	21,656
2.59	3,940	1,567	7,810	15,973
2.90	4,646	1,786	8,820	9,520
4.19	7,175	2,505	11,461	-14,836
	-11 form conitol (m	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

*Return on all farm capital (no deduction for interest paid) divided by total farm assets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS CHART 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Comparisons by Type of Barn and Herd Size

When analyzing a dairy farm business by comparing it to a group of farms, it is important that the group of farms used has as many of the same physical characteristics as possible as the farm being analyzed. To assist in this endeavor, dairy farms in the 1989 State Summary¹ have been divided into those with freestall and those with conventional housing. Within each group is a further classification by size of the dairy herd.

The table on page 24 shows the average values for the resulting four groups of dairy farms. Within each housing type, the larger herd size has the highest crop yields and pounds of milk sold per cow. The total cost of producing milk was lower on the larger farms and labor efficiency greater. Profitability was also greater on the larger farms within each housing type.

Farm business charts have been computed for each of the four housing and herd size categories. References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings. From these charts on pages 25-28 the range in size of business, rates of production, labor efficiency, value and cost of producing milk, and profitability can be observed. The range in every category of business performance is tremendous.

By comparing the farm's performance on the most appropriate business chart, a farm manager will be better able to evaluate his or her business performance. Farm managers should remember, however, that their competition is not limited to the other farms in their own barn type and herd size category. They should observe how their management performance compares with farms in other categories as well.

<u>Herd_Size_Comparisons</u>

A detailed comparison of profitability, financial situation, and business analysis factors across herd sizes is contained on pages 29-36. As herd size increases, the average profitability also increases (pages 29-30). Net farm income without appreciation was \$291,433 per farm for the 300 or more herd size group and \$13,766 per farm for those with less than 40 cows. This relationship holds for all measures of profitability including rate of return on equity capital.

As herd size increases, percent equity generally decreases (pages 31-34). However, farm net worth increases substantially as herd size increases. The average net worth for all size farms increased during 1989.

Crop yields generally increased as herd size increased, but fertilizer and lime expenses and machinery cost per tillable acre also increased (pages 35-36). Milk sold per cow generally increased as herd size increased, ranging from 15,507 pounds on the farms with less than 40 cows to 19,250 pounds on farms with 300 or more cows. Farm capital per worker increased as herd size increased, while farm capital per cow decreased as herd size increased. Cows per worker increased dramatically as herd size increased, ranging from 18 at the lowest herd size category up to 44 at the largest size category.

¹Smith, Stuart F., Wayne A. Knoblauch, and Linda D. Putnam, <u>Dairy Farm</u> <u>Management Business Summary, New York, 1989</u>, Department of Agricultural Economics, Cornell University, A.E. Res. 90-11, November 1990.

SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY TYPE OF BARN AND HERD SIZE 381 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

÷.

Farms with:	Convent	ional	Freestall		
Item	<u>≤60</u> Cows	>60_Cows	<u>≤120 Cows</u>	>120 Cows	
Number of farms	122	109	65	85	
Cropping Program Analysis					
Total Tillable acres	167	294	270	585	
Tillable acres rented*	53	115	100	217	
Hay crop acres*	103	172	146	251	
Corn silage acres*	28	56	67	201	
Hay crop, tons DM/acre	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.9	
Corn silage, tons/acre	12.2	13.8	13.7	13.4	
Oats, bushels/acre	49.6	58.7	60.0	54.7	
Forage DM per cow, tons	7.7	8.1	8.1	7.2	
Tillable acres/cow	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.6	
Fert. & lime exp./til. acre	\$22.30	\$24.69	\$30.57	33.16	
Total machinery costs	\$21,279	\$36,427	\$40,470	\$90,526	
Machinery cost/tillable acre	\$127	\$124	\$150	\$155	
Dairy Analysis					
Number of cows	46	87	85	227	
Number of heifers	37	71	69	177	
Milk sold, 1bs.	743,605	1,453,839	1,415,556	4,098,891	
Milk sold/cow, lbs.	16,157	16,697	16,585	18,066	
Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt		\$10.42	\$10.29	\$10.68	
Total cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$16.41	\$15.19	\$15.45	\$13.92	
Price/cwt. milk sold	\$14.40	\$14.43	\$14.58	\$14.62	
Purchased dairy feed/cow	\$649	\$664	\$658	\$723	
Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk	\$4.01	\$3.98	\$3.97	\$4.00	
Purc. grain & conc. as % milk re		27%	26%	26%	
Purc. feed & crop exp./cwt. milk	\$4.90	\$4.86	\$5.00	\$4.93	
<u>Capital Efficiency</u>					
Farm capital/worker	\$168,798	\$199,109	\$205,751	\$221,387	
Farm capital/cow	\$7,429	\$6,765	\$6,882	\$5,812	
Farm capital/til. acre owned	\$2,998	\$3,292	\$3,437	\$3,593	
Real estate/cow	\$3,824	\$3,248	\$3,176	\$2,582	
Machinery investment/cow	\$1,391	\$1,205	\$1,417	\$973	
Capital turnover, years	2.48	2.30	2.26	1.81	
Labor Efficiency					
Worker equivalent	2.02	2.96	2.86	5.96	
Operator/manager equivalent	1.22	1.44	1.44	1.51	
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	367,285	491,277	495,572	688,163	
Cows/worker	23	29	30	38	
Work units/worker	245	314	316	390	
Labor cost/cow	\$498	\$447	\$430	\$483	
Labor cost/tillable acre	\$137	\$133	\$136	\$187	
Profitability & Balance Sheet An	<u>alysis</u>				
Net farm income (w/o apprec.)	\$20,720	\$39,553	\$39,227	\$112,143	
Labor & mgmt. income/operator	\$5,437	\$11,836	\$11,533	\$45,387	
Farm debt/cow	\$2,375	\$2,055	\$2,116	\$2,024	
Percent equity	68%	70%	69%	, 65%	

*Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

Size	of Bus	iness		of Produc	ct <u>i</u> on	Labor	Labor Efficiency	
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corr	n Cows	Pounds	
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold	
<u>alent</u>	Cows	Sold	Per Cow	DM/Acre	Per Acre	Worker	<u>Per Worker</u>	
(DFBS								
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)	
3.2	59	1,082,881	20,110	3.7	21	35	587,841	
2.5	56	958,974	18,349	3.1	17	29	499,136	
2.3	54	892,052	17,564	2.8	16	27	450,294	
2.1	52	827,657	16,984	2.6	15	26	422,701	
2.0	49	783,358	16,434	2.5	13	24	397,144	
2.0	45	719,950	15,944	2.2	12	23	374,075	
1.9	43	650,096	15,271	2.0	11	22	345,055	
1.7	40	584,651	14,520	1.9	10	20	303,273	
1.4	35	530,551	13,332	1.7	8	17	258,421	
1.1	26	359,661	11,239	1.1	4	13	177,369	
			Cost	Control				
Grain		Grain is	Machinery	Labor	& Fe	ed & Crop	Feed & Crop	
Bought	c	of Milk	Costs	Machine		xpenses	Expenses Per	
<u>Per Cow</u>	R	<u>leceipts</u>	Pe <u>r</u> Cow	<u>Costs</u> Per	CowP	er Cow	<u>Cwt. Milk</u>	
(9)		(9)	(10)	(10)		(9)	(9)	
\$316		14%	\$217	\$ 664	\$	464	\$3.17	
442		20	299	771		562	3.75	
487		22	362	822		624	4.05	
541		24	410	868		687	4.44	
578		26	448	916		744	4.66	
622		28	473	972		790	4.90	
688		30	504	1,036		842	5.12	
732		32	543	1,093		927	5.55	
812		34	597	1,151		1,020	6.12	
977		41	717	1,400		1,194	7.54	

<u>Value</u>	and Cost of Pr	oduction]	ity		
Milk	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	Net Farm	<u>n Income</u>	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
<u>Per Cow</u>	<u>Per Cwt.</u>	<u> Per Cwt. </u>	Apprec.	<u>Apprec.</u>	Per Oper.	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$2,973	\$ 6.19	\$13.34	\$77,328	\$48,104	\$26,023	\$56,366
2,688	8.05	14.29	57,624	35,025	18,388	37,798
2,566	9.03	14.76	45,724	31,524	14,483	31,255
2,453	9,40	15.15	39,848	26,540	12,362	26,731
2,339	9.81	15.56	35,068	22,584	9,906	21,857
2,243	10.12	16.02	32,068	19,706	6,256	18,070
2,160	10.61	17.04	27,705	15,506	2,400	14,531
2,066	11.22	17.97	23,549	11,515	-1,429	11,710
1,870	12.19	19.30	15,708	3,658	-7,860	6,889
1,617	14.13	23.57	551	-8,603	-24,176	-6,541

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR SMALL CONVENTIONAL STALL DAIRY FARM 122 Conventional Stall Dairy Farms with 60 or Less Cows, New York, 1989

Size	of Bus	iness	Rates	s of Produ	ction	Labor	Labor Efficiency		
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Cor	n Cows	Pounds		
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold		
<u>alent</u>	Cows	<u>Sold</u>	Per Cow	DM/Acre	Per Acre	<u>Worker</u>	<u>Per Worker</u>		
(DFBS									
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)		
5.0	148	2,535,927	20,872	4.7	21	44	735,247		
3.9	110	1,927,801	19,003	3.7	17	37	635,498		
3.3	97	1,674,576	18,148	3.2	16	35	578,731		
3.0	91	1,490,911	17,659	3.0	15	33	555,010		
2.9	81	1,378,256	17,136	2.7	14	31	528,601		
						 .			
2.6	76	1,282,035	16,615	2.4	13	29	478,090		
2,5	71	1,204,144	16,073	2.2	12	28	434,996		
2.3	68	1,121,221	15,296	2.0	11	25	409,259		
2.1	65	1,016,738	14,152	1.8	9	23	363,710		
1.9	62	852,073	11,564	1.3	6	19	301,588		
			Cost	Control					
Grain		Grain is	Machinery	Labor	& Fe	ed & Crop	Feed & Crop		
Bought	c	of Milk	Costs	Machine	ry E	xpenses	Expenses Per		
Per Cow	R	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Per Cow</u>	Costs Per	<u>_Cow P</u>	<u>er Cow</u>	<u>Cwt. Milk</u>		
(9)		(9)	(10)	(10)		(9)	(9)		
\$287		13%	\$230	\$ 584	\$	415	\$2.96		
387		19	296	690		570	3.72		
507		21	331	748		667	4.24		
581		24	363	800		749	4.50		
645		27	403	841		787	4.69		
690		29	437	 887		828	4.87		
733		30	469	929		892	5.11		
772		31	494	977		945	5.44		
844		33	550	1,061		998	5.69		
1,022		40	626	1,181		1,184	6.82		
						_,			

Value_	<u>and Cost of Pr</u>	oduction	I	ity		
Milk	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	<u>Net Farm</u>	n Income	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
<u>Per Cow</u>	Per Cwt.	<u>Per Cwt.</u>	Apprec.	Apprec.	Per Oper.	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$3,077	\$ 7.09	\$12.08	\$114,433	\$88,805	\$49,904	\$91,501
2,729	8.23	13.18	94,259	65,165	31,977	63,463
2,620	8.88	13.91	77,085	55,430	24,453	48,723
2,523	9.66	14.33	66,467	47,313	18,813	40,634
2,443	10.21	14.83	59,917	41,312	15,344	33,677
2,382	10.68	15.30	54,078	34,051	10,150	25,419
2,331	11.12	15.85	50,247	28,701	5,622	20,441
2,185	11.49	16.51	42,611	22,779	-23	15,025
2,045	12.22	17.64	26,362	12,470	-7,495	8,067
1,663	13.72	19.28	7,372	-4,472	-30,414	-15,456

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR LARGE CONVENTIONAL STALL DAIRY FARMS 109 Conventional Stall Dairy Farms with More Than 60 Cows, New York, 1989

Size	of <u>Bu</u> s	iness	Rates	of Produ	Labor	Labor Efficiency		
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds	
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold	
<u>alent</u>	Cows	Sold	<u>Per Cow</u>	DM/Acre	Per Acre	<u>Worker</u>	<u>Per Worker</u>	
(DFBS								
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)	
4.1	117	2,099,489	20,204	3.7	19	49	818,478	
3.6	110	1,937,211	19,154	3.2	18	39	658,565	
3.3	104	1,768,897	18,170	3.0	16	36	588,100	
3.1	96	1,652,918	17,494	2.7	15	33	550,232	
3.0	87	1,435,527	16,761	2.6	14	30	506,410	
2.7	79	1,255,415	16,149	2.5	13	28	468,429	
2.5	73	1,167,685	15,604	2.2	12	27	441,999	
2.3	67	992,268	14,639	2.0	12	24	396,308	
2.0	61	886,048	13,300	1.7	10	22	339,922	
1.5	45	657,390	11,473	1.3	6	18	253,660	

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR SMALL FREESTALL DAIRY FARMS 65 Freestall Barn Dairy Farms with 120 or Less Cows, New York, 1989

Cost	Control	

Grain	% Grain is	Machinery	Labor &	Feed & Crop	Feed & Crop
Bought	of Milk	Costs	Machinery	Expenses	Expenses Per
Per Cow	Receipts	Per Cow	Costs Per Cow	Per Cow	<u>Cwt. Milk</u>
(9)	(9)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(9)
\$262	11%	\$262	\$ 629	\$ 499	\$3.18
414	18	335	685	598	3.65
481	21	361	726	648	4.03
529	23	387	807	695	4.39
559	24	416	848	747	4.75
619	26	442	892	823	5.10
711	29	486	946	884	5.37
786	31	581	1,028	985	5.72
827	35	627	1,150	1,066	6.23
927	39	772	1,319	1,166	7.47

<u>Value</u>	and Cost of Pr	oduction]	Profitabili	ity	
Milk	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	<u>Net Far</u> i	n Income	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
<u>Per Cow</u>	Per Cwt.	Per Cwt.	Apprec.	Apprec.	Per Oper.	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$2,931	\$ 7.42	\$12.82	\$131,181	\$92,002	\$42,876	\$120,849
2,746	8.41	13.67	108,370	70,904	29,632	71,555
2,627	8.78	13.95	86,558	59,498	24,712	53,730
2,535	9.32	14.44	71,185	47,335	17,710	45,227
2,389	9.91	14.83	63,492	39,374	12,181	39,713
2,340	10.38	15.55	49,919	32,611	9,253	30,475
2,271	10.74	16.16	45,678	23,502	5,595	24,566
2,163	11.42	16.96	40,668	17,094	433	19,880
2,026	12.08	18.09	28,633	12,468	-6,569	12,909
1,786	14.23	21.47	6,011	-9,408	-30,033	-22,467

		siness		s of Produc		Labor	Efficiency
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold
<u>alent</u>	Cows	<u>_Sold</u>	<u>Per Cow</u>	DM/Acre	<u>Per Acre</u>	<u>Worker</u>	<u>Per Worker</u>
(DFBS							
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)
13.5	599	11,715,283	21,902	4.7	21	57	974,828
7.9	309	5,924,952	20,191	3.9	17	45	834,516
6.4	241	4,151,273	19,033	3.5	15	42	758,862
5.9	202	3,477,166	18,235	3.1	15	40	679,571
5.4	176	3,076,850	17,527	2.9	14	38	648,794
4.7	158	2,716,435	17,113	2.7	14	36	622,961
4.3	147	2,587,680	16,618	2.5	13	33	591,466
4.0	135	2,401,491	16,199	2.3	12	30	555,013
3.6	129	2,208,918	15,276	2.0	10	29	477,645
2.9	124	1,747,481	12,827	1.4	8	24	394,681
			Cost	Control			
Grain		Grain is	Machinery	Labor	& Fee	d & Crop	Feed & Crop
Bought		of Milk	Costs	Machine		•	Expenses Per
Per Cow		Receipts	P <u>er</u> Cow	Costs Per	2	r_Cow	Cwt. Milk
(9)		(9)	(10)	(10)		(9)	(9)
\$350		15%	\$269	\$ 570		557	\$3.34
447		18	311	713		659	3.99
542		21	347	755		763	4.37
612		24	367	806		824	4.55
675		26	385	841		871	4.72
697		27	412	884		910	5.03
735		29	446	944		940	5.35
791		30	473	999		986	5.66
854		32	523	1,089		,033	5.99
933		38	637	1,005		,135	6.79
			=				
Value	e and	<u>Cost of Pro</u>	duction		<u>Profitabil</u>	<u>ity</u>	-
Milk	-	er. Cost	Total Cost	<u>Net Far</u>	<u>m Income</u>	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts		Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc	
<u>Per Cow</u>	P	<u>er Cwt.</u>	<u> Per Cwt. </u>	<u>Apprec.</u>	<u>Apprec.</u>	<u>Per Oper.</u>	
(9)		(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$3,158		\$ 7.53	\$11.77	\$489,502	\$388,784	\$263,374	\$386,727
2,943		8.97	12.78	224,879	166,354	81,107	148,869
2,826		9.63	13.41	175,229	125,725	55,887	114,322
2,690		10.12	13.79	149,071	104,032	39,787	93,275
2,588		10.72	14.03	128,645	89,598	30,944	75,711
2,514		11.14	14.37	112,208	74,194	24,061	61,278
2,411		11.53	14.82	95,648	58,276	18,210	48,408
2,317		11.83	15.31	82,467	48,720	12,879	39,145
2,31/				•	-		•
2,194		12.23	15.86	62,456	31,784	4,109	19,973

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR LARGE FREESTALL DAIRY FARMS 85 Freestall Barn Dairy Farms with More Than 120 Cows, New York, 1989

FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

ItemFarm Size:40 Cows54 Cows69 Cows84 Cows99 CoNumber of farms307176543ACCRUAL EXPENSESHired labor $\$2,395$ $\$5,539$ $\$9,109$ $\$15,465$ $\$22,32$ Dairy grain & concentrate20,56830,13436,73449,96060,19Dairy roughage9781,6898122,09961Nondairy feed32846540756935Machine hire/rent/lease5831,4371,5392,0981,82Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence	·	Less than	40 to	55 to	70 to	85 to
ACCRUAL EXPENSESHired labor\$ 2,395\$ 5,539\$ 9,109\$ 15,465\$ 22,322Dairy grain & concentrate20,56830,13436,73449,96060,19Dairy roughage9781,6898122,09961Nondairy feed32846540756935Machine hire/rent/lease5831,4371,5392,0981,82Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Teleph	Item Farm_Size;					<u>99 Cows</u>
Hired labor\$ 2,395\$ 5,539\$ 9,109\$ 15,465\$ 22,32Dairy grain & concentrate20,568 $30,134$ $36,734$ $49,960$ $60,19$ Dairy roughage978 $1,689$ 812 $2,099$ 61 Nondairy feed 328 465 407 569 35 Machine hire/rent/lease 583 $1,437$ $1,539$ $2,098$ $1,82$ Machine repairs/parts $3,894$ $5,685$ $8,000$ $9,136$ $14,57$ Auto expense (farm share) 651 633 629 741 86 Fuel, oil & grease $1,977$ $2,520$ $3,768$ $4,439$ $5,81$ Replacement livestock $2,190$ $1,797$ $1,598$ $1,921$ $2,99$ Breeding981 $1,666$ $2,188$ $2,644$ $3,500$ Veterinary & medicine $1,468$ $2,001$ $3,023$ $3,357$ $4,67$ Milk marketing $3,179$ $4,852$ $5,862$ $6,959$ $9,58$ Cattle lease/rent 695 172 250 376 177 Other livestock expense $3,501$ $5,198$ $6,492$ $7,439$ $10,96$ Fertilizer & lime $1,756$ $3,597$ $5,177$ $6,899$ $9,51$ Seeds & plants 810 $1,476$ $2,356$ $2,997$ $3,28$ Spray & other crop expense 907 $1,243$ $1,784$ $2,247$ $3,693$ Land/building/fence repair $1,515$ $1,612$ $3,045$ $2,884$ $5,34$ </td <td>Number of farms</td> <td>30</td> <td>71</td> <td>76</td> <td>54</td> <td>36</td>	Number of farms	30	71	76	54	36
Hired labor\$ 2,395\$ 5,539\$ 9,109\$ 15,465\$ 22,32Dairy grain & concentrate20,568 $30,134$ $36,734$ $49,960$ $60,19$ Dairy roughage978 $1,689$ 812 $2,099$ 61 Nondairy feed 328 465 407 569 35 Machine hire/rent/lease 583 $1,437$ $1,539$ $2,098$ $1,82$ Machine repairs/parts $3,894$ $5,685$ $8,000$ $9,136$ $14,57$ Auto expense (farm share) 651 633 629 741 86 Fuel, oil & grease $1,977$ $2,520$ $3,768$ $4,439$ $5,81$ Replacement livestock $2,190$ $1,797$ $1,598$ $1,921$ $2,99$ Breeding981 $1,666$ $2,188$ $2,644$ $3,500$ Veterinary & medicine $1,468$ $2,001$ $3,023$ $3,357$ $4,67$ Milk marketing $3,179$ $4,852$ $5,862$ $6,959$ $9,58$ Cattle lease/rent 695 172 250 376 177 Other livestock expense $3,501$ $5,198$ $6,492$ $7,439$ $10,96$ Fertilizer & lime $1,756$ $3,597$ $5,177$ $6,899$ $9,51$ Seeds & plants 810 $1,476$ $2,356$ $2,997$ $3,28$ Spray & other crop expense 907 $1,243$ $1,784$ $2,247$ $3,693$ Land/building/fence repair $1,515$ $1,612$ $3,045$ $2,884$ $5,34$ </td <td>ACCRILAT EXPENSES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ACCRILAT EXPENSES					
Dairy grain & concentrate20,56830,13436,73449,96060,19Dairy roughage9781,6898122,09961Nondairy feed32846540756935Machine hire/rent/lease5831,4371,5392,0981,82Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,73Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,		\$ 2 395	\$ 5 5 3 9	\$ 9,109	\$ 15,465	\$ 22.322
Dairy roughage9781,6898122,09961Nondairy feed32846540756935Machine hire/rent/lease5831,4371,5392,0981,82Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0			• •	•		
Nondairy feed32846540756935Machine hire/rent/lease5831,4371,5392,0981,82Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>610</td></td<>				•		610
Machine hire/rent/lease5831,4371,5392,0981,82Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$ 93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion liv	, , ,		•			351
Machine repairs/parts3,8945,6858,0009,13614,57Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$15,4157\$199,14Kapansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation<	•					1,825
Auto expense (farm share)65163362974186Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$ 93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$19,914Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	· · ·					14,575
Fuel, oil & grease1,9772,5203,7684,4395,81Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	- · · ·					868
Replacement livestock2,1901,7971,5981,9212,99Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50						5,814
Breeding9811,6862,1882,6443,50Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	-					2,990
Veterinary & medicine1,4682,0013,0233,3574,67Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$ 93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	-					3,502
Milk marketing3,1794,8525,8626,9599,58Cattle lease/rent69517225037617Other livestock expense3,5015,1986,4927,43910,96Fertilizer & lime1,7563,5975,1776,8999,51Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,900Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50						4,676
Cattle lease/rent695172250376177Other livestock expense $3,501$ $5,198$ $6,492$ $7,439$ $10,96$ Fertilizer & lime $1,756$ $3,597$ $5,177$ $6,899$ $9,51$ Seeds & plants 810 $1,476$ $2,356$ $2,997$ $3,28$ Spray & other crop expense 907 $1,243$ $1,784$ $2,247$ $3,69$ Land/building/fence repair $1,515$ $1,612$ $3,045$ $2,884$ $5,34$ Taxes & rent $3,127$ $4,856$ $7,101$ $8,123$ $9,93$ Telephone & electricity $2,749$ $3,676$ $4,860$ $5,251$ $6,90$ Interest paid $5,053$ $9,735$ $11,524$ $12,863$ $15,73$ Misc. (including insurance) $2,457$ $3,453$ $5,050$ $5,690$ $6,29$ Total Operating Expenses $$61,762$ $$93,456$ $$121,308$ $$154,157$ $$199,14$ Expansion livestock1 444 737 495 78 Machinery depreciation $4,874$ $7,916$ $10,386$ $12,113$ $15,50$		•				9,584
Other livestock expense $3,501$ $5,198$ $6,492$ $7,439$ $10,96$ Fertilizer & lime $1,756$ $3,597$ $5,177$ $6,899$ $9,51$ Seeds & plants 810 $1,476$ $2,356$ $2,997$ $3,28$ Spray & other crop expense 907 $1,243$ $1,784$ $2,247$ $3,69$ Land/building/fence repair $1,515$ $1,612$ $3,045$ $2,884$ $5,34$ Taxes & rent $3,127$ $4,856$ $7,101$ $8,123$ $9,93$ Telephone & electricity $2,749$ $3,676$ $4,860$ $5,251$ $6,900$ Interest paid $5,053$ $9,735$ $11,524$ $12,863$ $15,73$ Misc. (including insurance) $2,457$ $3,453$ $5,050$ $5,690$ $6,29$ Total Operating Expenses $$61,762$ $$93,456$ $$121,308$ $$154,157$ $$199,14$ Expansion livestock 1 444 737 495 78 Machinery depreciation $4,874$ $7,916$ $10,386$ $12,113$ $15,50$	5					172
Fertilizer & lime $1,756$ $3,597$ $5,177$ $6,899$ $9,51$ Seeds & plants 810 $1,476$ $2,356$ $2,997$ $3,28$ Spray & other crop expense 907 $1,243$ $1,784$ $2,247$ $3,69$ Land/building/fence repair $1,515$ $1,612$ $3,045$ $2,884$ $5,34$ Taxes & rent $3,127$ $4,856$ $7,101$ $8,123$ $9,93$ Telephone & electricity $2,749$ $3,676$ $4,860$ $5,251$ $6,900$ Interest paid $5,053$ $9,735$ $11,524$ $12,863$ $15,73$ Misc. (including insurance) $2,457$ $3,453$ $5,050$ $5,690$ $6,29$ Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock1 444 737 495 78 Machinery depreciation $4,874$ $7,916$ $10,386$ $12,113$ $15,500$						10,961
Seeds & plants8101,4762,3562,9973,28Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	•		•			9,512
Spray & other crop expense9071,2431,7842,2473,69Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$ 93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50						3,283
Land/building/fence repair1,5151,6123,0452,8845,34Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	-			-		3,696
Taxes & rent3,1274,8567,1018,1239,93Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$ 93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50				-		5,343
Telephone & electricity2,7493,6764,8605,2516,90Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50				-		9,936
Interest paid5,0539,73511,52412,86315,73Misc. (including insurance)2,4573,4535,0505,6906,29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	Telephone & electricity	•				6,905
Misc. (including insurance)2.4573.4535.0505.6906.29Total Operating Expenses\$61,762\$93,456\$121,308\$154,157\$199,14Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50		•				15,730
Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	Misc. (including insurance)	2,457				6,297
Expansion livestock144473749578Machinery depreciation4,8747,91610,38612,11315,50	Total Operating Expenses	\$ \$61,762	\$ 93,456	\$121,308	\$154,157	\$199,144
	Expansion livestock	1	444			781
Building depreciation1,9863,1525,5315,7589,29	Machinery depreciation	4,874	7,916	10,386	12,113	15,505
	Building depreciation	<u> 1,986 </u>	3,152	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Accrual Expenses \$68,623 \$104,968 \$137,962 \$172,523 \$224,72	Total Accrual Expenses	\$68,623	\$104,968	\$137,962	\$172,523	\$224,724
ACCRUAL RECEIPTS	ACCRUAL RECEIPTS					
Milk sales \$71,242 \$108,664 \$148,487 \$180,271 \$235,82	Milk sales	\$71,242	\$108,664	\$148,487	\$180,271	\$235,827
Dairy cattle 6,649 8,678 11,397 13,504 19,81	Dairy cattle	6,649	8,678	11,397	13,504	19,819
Dairy calves 1,561 2,108 2,604 4,225 3,75	Dairy calves	1,561	2,108	2,604	4,225	3,750
Other livestock 121 939 422 329 17	Other livestock	121	939	422	329	174
Crops 664 1,940 1,201 684 3,59	Crops	664	1,940	1,201	684	3,590
	Misc. receipts	<u> 2,152</u>				
Total Accrual Receipts \$82,389 \$125,169 \$167,390 \$204,394 \$268,70	Total Accrual Receipts	\$82,389	\$125,169	\$167,390	\$204,394	\$268,707
PROFITABILITY ANALYSIS	PROFITABILITY ANALYSIS					
Net farm income (w/o apprec.) \$13,766 \$20,201 \$29,428 \$31,871 \$43,98	Net farm income (w/o apprec	.) \$13,766	\$20,201	\$29,428	\$31,871	\$43,983
Net farm income (w/apprec.) \$24,047 \$36,347 \$48,781 \$51,376 \$70,30	Net farm income (w/apprec.)	\$24,047	\$36,347	\$48,781	\$51,376	\$70,303
Labor & mgmt. income \$2,102 \$6,606 \$11,438 \$11,758 \$18,04			\$6,606	\$11,438		
		1.15	1.17	1.42	1.39	1.42
		\$1,828	\$5,646	\$8, 055	\$8,459	\$12,705
Rates of return on:						
		4.6%	-1.78	. 0.3%	0.88	s 2.9%
Equity capital w/apprec. 1.4% 5.7% 6.4% 6.4% 8.	Equity capital w/apprec.		5.78	6.48	6.48	8.4%
	· · · ·					
All capital w/apprec. 3.0% 6.5% 6.9% 6.9% 8.	All capital w/apprec.	3.0%	6.5%	s 6.9%	6.99	s 8.7 s

FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

T	100 to	150 to	200 to	300 or
Item Farm Size;	149 Cows	<u> 199_Cows</u>	299 Cows	<u>More Cows</u>
Number of farms	80	31	17	14
ACCRUAL EXPENSES				
Hired labor	\$ 30,190	\$ 55,322	\$ 83,642 \$	253,181
Dairy grain & concentrate	76,521	119,199	172,054	373,816
Dairy roughage	3,495	4,313	5,709	6,332
Nondairy feed	454	749	967	0
Machine hire/rent/lease	2,725	3,914	5,586	19,081
Machine repairs/parts	17,077	23,034	34,450	60,444
Auto expense (farm share)	901	789	752	2,637
Fuel, oil & grease	7,190	10,677	14,698	22,618
Replacement livestock	2,260	3,079	16,880	8,915
Breeding	3,604	5,568	6,418	14,190
Veterinary & medicine	5,842	8,792	14,636	34,474
Milk marketing	9,982	15,135	18,727	27,913
Cattle lease/rent	64	272	988	6,948
Other livestock expense	12,307	16,189	20,429	45,722
Fertilizer & lime	11,174	15,645	23,013	37,238
Seeds & plants	4,629	6,865	9,554	21,154
Spray & other crop expense	4,851	5,425	10,219	20,085
Land/building/fence repair	5,306	7,937	15,079	23,226
Taxes & rent	13,533	17,365	27,240	41,176
Telephone & electricity	8,315	11,241	13,898	25,755
Interest paid	22,613	32,977	42,676	89,048
Misc. (including insurance)	9,421	11,400	<u> 19,671 </u>	25,496
Total Operating Expenses	\$252,454	\$375,887	\$557,286 \$	1,159,449
Expansion livestock	1,012	3,114	14,821	29,024
Machinery depreciation	16,740	25,779	30,127	53,395
Building depreciation	<u> </u>	12,154	<u> 20,363 </u>	<u>55,376</u>
Total Accrual Expenses	\$278,968	\$416,934	\$622,597 \$	1,297,244
ACCRUAL RECEIPTS				
Milk sales	\$296,217	\$424,114	\$624,999 \$	
Dairy cattle	22,779	31,675	69,534	137,679
Dairy calves		7,831		23,397
Other livestock	287	2,423	353	
Crops			3,941	
Misc. receipts			<u> 23,551 </u>	
Total Accrual Receipts	\$338,461	\$487,310	\$732,411 \$	1,588,677
PROFITABILITY ANALYSIS				
Net farm income (w/o apprec.)		\$ 70,376		
Net farm income (w/apprec.)	\$89,182			
Labor & mgmt. income		•	\$65,406	
Number of operators	1.51			1.41
Labor & mgmt. inc./oper.	\$21,038	\$18,259	\$43,897	\$149,485
Rate of return on:				
Equity capital w/o apprec.		4.2%		
Equity capital w/apprec.	10.3%			
All capital w/o apprec.	5.9%			12.8%
All capital w/apprec.	9.7%	9.0%	11.0%	16.2%
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Forme with I are the	40 0 00000	<u> </u>		55 to 60 Corre
Farms with: <u>Less than</u> Item Jan. 1	<u>40 Cows</u> Dec. 31	<u>40 to 5</u> Jan. 1		<u> 55_to 69 Cows</u> Jan. 1 Dec. 31_
	Dec. JI		<u>vec.</u> ji	
ASSETS				
	\$ 4,952	\$ 3,145	\$ 3,115	\$ 3,664 \$ 7,866
Accounts receivable 5,781	6,583	8,661	9,928	12,079 14,717
Prepaid expenses 15	16	0	75	49 60
Feed & supplies 13,423	13,293	18,305	20,065	29,450 30,543
Livestock* 44,604	48,981	61,678	71,795	83,263 92,798
Machinery & equipment* 50,078	51,956	59,262	62,317	83,363 89,969
FLB & PCA stock 593	364	1,252	819	2,242 1,683
Other stock & cert. 811	822	2,344	2,420	3,784 3,700
Land & buildings* <u>129,350</u>	134,060	<u>176,176</u>	181,000	227,568 234,459
Total Farm Assets \$247,179	\$261,027	\$330,823	\$351,534	\$445,462 \$475,795
Pers. cash/chkg./sav.\$ 4,567	\$ 5,041	\$ 3,024	\$ 3,426	\$ 6,013 \$ 6,130
Cash value of life ins. 1,328	1,902	3,108	3,460	4,387 4,314
Nonfarm real estate 17,909	18,136	20,159	19,118	16,809 18,298
Auto (personal share) 3,101	2,405	2,382	3,310	3,709 4,729
Stocks & bonds 2,617	3,728	2,997	3,230	2,885 3,227
Household furnishings 9,173	8,773	9,849	10,911	8,619 9,321
All other4,461	3,398	3,543	3,181	2,369 2,056
Tot. Nonfarm Assets**\$ 43,157	\$ 43,383	\$ 45,063	\$ 46,636	\$ 44,790 \$ 48,075
Total Farm & Nonfarm				
Assets \$290,336	\$304,410	\$375,886	\$398,170	\$490,252 \$523,870
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable \$ 2,375	\$ 2,208	\$ 4,264	\$ 4,239	\$ 3,106 \$ 2,386
Operating debt 419	819	1,166	1,436	1,585 1,687
Short term 636	1,094	1,217	911	1,343 1,620
Advanced gov't. rec. 0	1,074	1,217	27	
Intermediate*** 31,656	31,720	44,740		49,114 51,799
Long term* <u>47,283</u>	45,499	<u>70,569</u>	<u>40,022</u> <u>67,504</u>	<u>86,602</u> <u>86,107</u>
Total Farm Liab. \$ 82,369	\$ 81,340	\$121,956	\$120,139	
Tot. Nonfarm Liab.** 694	<u>829</u>	3,040	<u>4,591</u>	2,496 <u>2,779</u>
Total Farm & Nonfarm	025		4,571	
Liabilities \$ 83,063	\$ 82,169	\$124,996	\$124,730	\$144,246 \$146,378
Farm Net Worth	φ 02,10 <i>)</i>	Y124,990	Y124,730	Q144,240 Q140,370
(Equity Capital) \$164,810	\$179 687	\$208 ,867	\$231 395	\$303,712 \$332,196
Farm & Nonfarm	Y 1/ <i>J</i> ,00/	9200 ,007	ΨZ31,375	ç505,712 ç552,170
Net Worth \$207,273	\$222,241	\$250,890	\$273 440	\$346,006 \$377,492
	<u>Less than</u>		<u>+0 to 54 Co</u>	
Percent equity		698	66%	70%
Debt/asset ratio-long term		0.34	0.37	0.37
Debt/asset ratio-inter. & curre).28	0.31	0.24
Change in net worth with apprec		,877	\$22,528	\$28,484
Total farm debt per cow		, 392	\$2,503	\$2,279
Debt payments made per cow		\$504	\$501	\$487
Debt payments as % of milk sale		21%	21%	20%
Amount avail. for debt service		,764	\$23,403	\$30,378
Cash flow coverage ratio for 19	989]	L.37	1.13	1.16

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

*Includes discounted lease payments.

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**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.

Farms with:	70 to	84 Cows	85 to	85_to 99 Cows		
<u>Item</u>	<u>Jan. 1</u>	Dec. 31	Jan. 1	Dec. 31		
ASSETS						
Farm cash/chkg./savings	\$ 4,356	\$ 4,829	\$ 10,185	\$ 11,878		
Accounts receivable	15,076	17,283	19,203	22,459		
Prepaid expenses	96	154	0	42		
Feed & supplies	36,556	36,738	50,109	51,786		
Livestock*	101,318	109,932	128,625	143,711		
Machinery & equipment*	96,463	100,690	121,493	129,779		
FLB & PCA stock	3,565	2,233	4,033	2,683		
Other stock & cert.	5,548	5,605	6,792	7,166		
Land & buildings*	231,804	244,714	282,422	297,409		
Total Farm Assets	\$494,782	\$522,178	\$622,862	\$666,913		
Pers. cash/chkg./savings	\$ 7,819	\$ 9,562	\$ 12,444	\$ 12,771		
Cash value of life ins.	6,444	6,915	6,313	7,589		
Nonfarm real estate	1,297	1,297	68,940	71,340		
Auto (personal share)	3,278	3,262	3,974	4,604		
Stocks & bonds	2,326	2,855	9,066	10,275		
Household furnishings	7,540	7,663	12,040	12,140		
All other _	2,817	2,738	6,061	6,228		
Total Nonfarm Assets**	\$ 31,521	\$ 34,291	\$118,837	\$124,947		
Total Farm & Nonfarm						
Assets	\$526,303	\$556,469	\$741,699	\$791,860		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ 4,658	\$ 6,543	\$ 4,023	\$ 4,139		
Operating debt	1,821	1,719	3,098	3,563		
Short term	2,730	2,190	429	458		
Advanced gov't. rec.	0	79	46	0		
Intermediate***	70,943	68,082	70,924	70,201		
Long term*	<u>81,571</u>	<u>83,708</u>	<u> 86,553</u>	<u> 84,557</u>		
Total Farm Liab.	\$161,723	\$162,321	\$165,073	\$162,918		
Total Nonfarm Liab.**	730	<u> </u>	1,434	<u> 1,396</u>		
Total Farm & Nonfarm						
Liabilities	\$162,453	\$163,267	\$166,507	\$164,314		
Farm Net Worth						
(Equity Capital)	\$333,059	\$359,857	\$457,789	\$503,995		
Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth	\$363,850	\$393,202	\$575,192	\$627,546		
FINANCIAL MEASURES	<u>70</u>	<u>to 84 Cows</u>	<u>85 to</u>	<u>99 Cows</u>		
Percent equity		69%		76%		
Debt/asset ratio-long term		0.34		0.28		
Debt/asset ratio-inter. & c		0.28		0.21		
Change in net worth with ap	prec.	\$26,798		46,206		
Total farm debt per cow		\$2,081	:	\$1,715		
Debt payments made per cow		\$436		\$470		
Debt payments as % of milk		188		18%		
Amount avail. for debt serv		\$34,691	\$.	50,507		
Cash flow coverage ratio fo	r 1989	1.21		1.50		

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

*Includes discounted lease payments.

**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.

Farms with:	100 t	o 149 Cows	<u>150 to</u>	0 199 Cows
<u>Item</u>	<u>Jan. 1</u>	<u>Dec. 31</u>	<u> </u>	Dec31
ASSETS				
Farm cash/chkg./savings	\$ 13,511	\$ 14,250	\$ 8,934	\$ 5,412
Accounts receivable	25,047	29,370	35,526	41,319
Prepaid expenses	124	145	0	119
Feed & supplies	57,495	63,078	76,415	87,952
Livestock*	160,348	181,423	229,484	243,888
Machinery & equipment*	141,672	151,849	192,342	211,823
FLB & PCA stock	6,027	3,729	11,558	7,862
Other stock & cert.	5,705	5,736	12,425	12,461
Land & buildings*	337,200	343,338	526,377	549,276
Total Farm Assets	\$747,129	\$792,918	\$1,093,061	\$1,160,112
Pers. cash/chkg./savings	\$ 4,720	\$ 5,529	\$ 2,219	\$ 4,553
Cash value of life ins.	3,937	4,748	9,007	10,411
Nonfarm real estate	100,995	100,995	71,588	72,088
Auto (personal share)	3,124	3,435	2,162	3,094
Stocks & bonds	3,053	3,888	4,256	6,244
Household furnishings	7,768	7,402	5,912	6,118
All other	4,608	8,487	27,577	26,508
Total Nonfarm Assets**	\$128,206	\$134,484	\$ 122,722	\$ 129,017
Total Farm & Nonfarm				
Assets	\$875,335	\$927,402	\$1,215,783	\$1,289,129
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable	\$7,374	\$ 5,669	\$ 10,369	\$ 9,279
Operating debt	5,270	7,241	6,989	8,798
Short term	3,012	3,166	3,793	1,410
Advanced gov't. rec.	0	16	0	12
Intermediate***	98,620	96,360	131,263	137,994
Long term*	<u> 150,454</u>	<u>145,360</u>	<u>206,439</u>	<u> 211,119</u>
Total Farm Liab.	\$264,730	\$257,812	\$ 358,853	\$ 368,612
Total Nonfarm Liab.** _	2,304	4,184	<u> 12,740 </u>	<u> 11,684</u>
Total Farm & Nonfarm				
Liabilities	\$267,034	\$261,996	\$ 371,593	\$ 380,296
Farm Net Worth				
(Equity Capital)	\$482,399	\$535,106	\$734,208	\$ 791,500
Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth	\$608,301	\$665,406	\$ 844,190	\$908,833
FINANCIAL MEASURES	10	0 to 149 Cows	150	<u>to 199 Cows</u>
Percent equity		67%		68%
Debt/asset ratio-long term		0.42		0.38
Debt/asset ratio-inter. & c	urrent	0.25		0.26
Change in net worth with ap		\$52,707	ŝ	57,292
Total farm debt per cow	•	\$2,079	•	\$2,168
Debt payments made per cow		\$467		\$552
Debt payments as % of milk	sales	198		228
Amount avail. for debt serv		\$60,506	Ś	89,986
Cash flow coverage ratio fo		1.15	Ť	1.11

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

*Includes discounted lease payments.

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**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.

Farms with:		200 to	299	Cows	_	More tha	n 30	0 Cows
Item		<u>Jan. 1</u>		Dec. 31		Jan, 1		Dec. 31
ASSETS								
Farm cash/chkg./savings	Ş	5,943	\$	8,040	\$	16,017	Ş	24,860
Accounts receivable	Ŧ	46,621	т	55,131	т	101,657	1	127,502
Prepaid expenses		471		324		5,068		8,214
Feed & supplies		117,606		124,257		280,374		291,873
Livestock*		304,035		340,842		553,509		629,735
Machinery & equipment*		230,326		246,739		324,924		385,629
FLB & PCA stock		13,717		9,240		18,213		13,921
Other stock & cert.		21,440		22,793		68,664		69,218
Land & buildings*		<u>558,197</u>		591,508	1	<u>,082,573</u>	1	<u>,155,431</u>
Total Farm Assets	\$1	,298,356	\$1	,398,874		,450,999		,706,383
					-			
Pers. cash/chkg./savings	\$	7,411	\$	8,267	\$	2,040	\$	2,328
Cash value of life ins.		22,877		22,846		1,505		1,632
Nonfarm real estate		12,000		14,778		34,000		33,000
Auto (personal share)		5,411		6,444		3,900		2,900
Stocks & bonds		32,971		35,919		16,667		22,049
Household furnishings		5,778		5,889		6,800		8,060
All other		<u>10,887</u>		<u> </u>		8,792		<u>7,942</u>
Total Nonfarm Assets**	\$	97,336	\$	102,765	\$	73,704	\$	77,912
Total Farm & Nonfarm								
Assets	\$1	,395,692	\$1	,501,639	\$2	,524,703	\$2	,784,295
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	19,458	\$	13,985	\$	13,502	\$	19,014
Operating debt	Ŧ	20,588	Ŧ	29,323	Y	90,589	Ŧ	103,588
Short term		10,610		20,582		14,800		9,189
Advanced gov't. rec.		10,010		20,302		0		0
Intermediate***		251,316		255,598		453,813		446,311
Long term*		165,971		168,870		417,087		393,113
Total Farm Liab.	Ś	467,943	\$	488,358	s	989,791	\$	971,215
Total Nonfarm Liab.**	Ŷ	<u> </u>	Ŷ	<u>1,739</u>	Ŷ	0,751	Ŷ	50
Total Farm & Nonfarm		101		1, <u>757</u>				
Liabilities	\$	468,104	\$	490,097	\$	989,791	\$	971,265
Farm Net Worth	Ŷ	400,104	Ŷ	490,097	Ŷ	,,,,,	Ŷ	<i>)</i> /1,203
(Equity Capital)	\$	830,413	Ś	910,516	\$1	,461,208	\$1	,735,168
Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth	Ş	927,588	-	,011,542		, 534, 912	•	,813,030
	Ŷ		•		ų į			
FINANCIAL MEASURES		<u>20</u>	<u>0 to</u>	299 Cows		<u>More th</u>	<u>ian 3</u>	<u>300 Cows</u>
Percent equity				65%			_	648
Debt/asset ratio-long term				0.29).34
Debt/asset ratio-inter. &				0.40).37
Change in net worth with a	арри	ec.		80,103		Ş	5273,	
Total farm debt per cow			\$	51,908				805
Debt payments made per cov				\$501			Ş	\$473
Debt payments as % of mill				19%				178
Amount avail. for debt set		-	\$13	5,476		Ś	353,	,893
Cash flow coverage ratio	Eor	1989		1.29]	L.63

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

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*Includes discounted lease payments.

**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.

Farms with:	Less than	40 to	55 to	 70 to	85 to
Item	<u>40 Cows</u>	_54 <u>Cows</u>	<u>69 Cows</u>	84 Cows	99 Cows
Number of farms	30	71	76	54	36
Cropping Program Analysis					
Total Tillable acres	116	171	225	275	309
Tillable acres rented*	33	56	70	105	132
Hay crop acres*	80	108	130	154	172
Corn silage acres*	17	29	37	56	61
Hay crop, tons DM/acre	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.8
Corn silage, tons/acre	11.7	13.0	12.6	11.8	13.2
Oats, bushels/acre	55.0	46.4	54.2	59.7	53.3
Forage DM per cow, tons	7.5	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.1
Tillable acres/cow	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.3
Fert. & lime exp./til. acre	\$15.14	\$21.04	\$23.01	\$25.08	\$30.78
Total machinery costs	\$14,489	\$21,196	-	\$33,422	\$44,870
Machinery cost/tillable acre	\$125	\$124	\$127	\$122	, \$145
<u>Dairy Analysis</u>					
Number of cows	32	47	62	76	93
Number of heifers	25	37	51	63	73
Milk sold, lbs.	497,255		1,019,196		
Milk sold/cow, lbs.	15,507	16,044		16,482	17,426
Operating cost of prod. milk/c		\$10.23		\$10.39	-
Total cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$17.64	\$16.30	-	\$15.52	
Price/cwt. milk sold	\$17.04 \$14.33	\$10.30	•	\$14.35	-
Purchased dairy feed/cow	\$14.33 \$671	\$674	-	\$683	
Purchased dairy feed/cow milk		•	•		•
	\$4.33	\$4.21	\$3.68	\$4.14	33.11
Purchased grain & conc. as %	20.0	0.04	0.50		060
of milk receipts	29%	289	३ 25१	8 28	b 26%
Purchased feed & crop	¢5 00	ά Γ . Ο (<i>6</i> /- (0)	ČE 11	¢/ 70
expense/cwt. milk	\$5.03	\$5.04	\$4.60	\$5.11	\$4.79
Capital Efficiency		•			
Farm capital/worker	\$143,810	\$170,134			
Farm capital/cow	\$7,916	\$7,228	\$7,490	\$6,673	\$6,964
Farm capital/til. acre owned	\$3,025	\$2,967		\$2,991	
Real estate/cow	\$4,103	\$3,784		\$3,127	\$3,131
Machinery investment/cow	\$1,589	\$1,288	\$1,409	\$1,294	\$1,357
Capital turnover, years	2.74	2.41	2.47	2.27	2.19
Labor Efficiency					
Worker equivalent	1.77	2.01	2.45	2.83	3.10
Operator/manager equivalent	1.15	1.17		1.39	
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	281,421	377,263		444,802	
Cows/worker	18	23	-	27	30
Work units/worker	194	253		290	
Labor cost/cow	\$620	\$486		\$469	
Labor cost/tillable acre	\$172	\$134		\$130	\$136
Labor concyclifiable acte	9172	9104	Y172	ÅT 20	ÅT 20

SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

*Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with:	100 to	150 to	200 to	300 or
<u>Item</u>	<u>149 Cows</u>	<u>199 Cows</u>	299 Cows	<u>More Cows</u>
Number of farms	80	31	17	14
Cropping Program Analysis				
Total tillable acres	381	525	599	964
Tillable acres rented*	153	211	206	339
Hay crop acres*	198	260	244	326
Corn silage acres*	94	146	257	432
Hay crop, tons DM/acre	2.9	2.5	3.1	3.2
Corn silage, tons/acre	14.4	14.0	12.6	13.7
Oats, bushels/acre	54.6	57.9	33.8	62.5
Forage DM per cow, tons	8.5	8.0	7.5	5.9
Tillable acres/cow	3.2	3.1	2.5	1.9
Fert. & lime exp./til. acre	\$29.33	\$29.80	\$38.42	\$38.63
Total machinery costs	\$51,786	\$74,086	\$97,355	\$175,380
Machinery cost/tillable acre	\$136	\$141	\$163	\$182
Dairy Analysis				
Number of cows	121	170	244	505
Number of heifers	99	140	181	381
Milk sold, 1bs.	2,047,224	2,885,439	4,343,897	9,718,642
Milk sold/cow, lbs.	16,909	17,018	17,790	19,250
Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$10.32	\$10.94	\$10.70	\$10.56
Total cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$14.61	\$14.90	\$13.81	\$13.03
Price/cwt. milk sold	\$14.47	\$14.70	\$14.39	\$14.68
Purchased dairy feed/cow	\$661	\$729	\$728	\$753
Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk	\$3.91	\$4.28	\$4.09	\$3.91
Purchased grain & conc. as %			•	•
of milk receipts	26%	28%	28%	26%
Purchased feed & crop				
expense/cwt. milk	\$4.92	\$5.25	\$5.08	\$4.72
<u>Capital_Efficiency</u>				
Farm capital/worker	\$214,342	\$228,974	\$219,354	\$225,760
Farm capital/cow		\$6,647		\$5,107
Farm capital/til. acre owned	\$3,377	\$3,576	\$3,432	\$4,126
Real estate/cow	\$2,810	\$3,173	\$2,354	\$2,216
Machinery investment/cow	\$1,212	\$1,192	\$977	\$704
Capital turnover, years	2.09	2.15	1.75	1.54
Labor_Efficiency				
Worker equivalent	3,59	4.92	6.15	11.42
Operator/manager equivalent	1.51	1.67	1.49	1.41
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	569,861	586,452	706,539	850,851
Cows/worker	34	35	40	44
Work units/worker	357	367	402	433
Labor cost/cow	\$425	\$461	\$423	\$538
Labor cost/tillable acre	\$135	\$149	\$172	\$282
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*Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

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IDENTIFY AND SET GOALS

If businesses are to be successful, they must have direction. Written goals help provide businesses with an identifiable direction over both the long and the short term. Goal setting is as important on a dairy farm as it is in other businesses. Written goals are a tool which farm operators can use to ensure that the business continues to move in the proper direction.

1. Goals should be <u>specific</u>.

2. Goals should be realistic and achievable.

3. The achievement of the goal should be verifiable.

4. You should designate a time when each goal will be achieved.

Goal setting on a dairy farm does not have to be a complex process. In many cases it provides a process for writing down and agreeing on goals that you have already given some thought to. It is also important to remember that once you write out your goals they are not cast in concrete. If a change takes place which has a major impact on the farm business, the goals should be reworked to accommodate that change. Refer to your goals as often as necessary to keep the farm business progressing.

It is important to identify both long and short range goals when looking at the future of your farm business.

A suggested format for writing out your goals is as follows:

- a. Begin with a general philosophy statement which incorporates both business and family goals.
- b. Identify 4-6 long range goals.
- c. Identify specific short range goals for a given time period (i.e., one year).

Worksheet for Setting Goals

I. General Philosophy and Objectives

Worksheet for Setting Goals (continued)

II. Long Range Goals (require two or more years to achieve)

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III. Short Range Goals (possible to achieve in one or two years).

<u>What</u>	How	When
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NOTE: Once long and short range goals have been identified, it is helpful to rank them in order of priority.

Prepared by T.R. Maloney, Extension Associate, Cornell University

Summarize Your Business Performance

The Farm Business and Financial Analysis Charts on pages 20-22 and 25-28 can be used to help identify strengths and weaknesses of your farm business. Identify three major strengths and three areas of your farm business that need improvement.

Strengths:	

Other Agricultural Economics Extension Publications

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No. 91-4	Property Tax Relief from New York's Farmland Assessments and Agricultural Buildings	Richard N. Boisvert Nelson L. Bills Exemptions in the 1980's
		Exemptions In the 1300 B
No. 91-5	Dairy Farm Cash Flow, Debt Repayment Ability and Financial Analysis	George L. Casler
No. 91-6	Agricultural District Legislation in New York, as Amended through 1990	Kenneth Gardner Nelson Bills
No. 91-7	CAPVEST A Computer Program to Analyze Profitability and Financial Feasibility of Major Capital Investments	George Casler Eddy L. LaDue
No. 91-8	Dairy Farm Worker Training at Tompkins Cortland Community College	Thomas R. Meloney Timothy S. San Jule
No. 91-9	Dairy Farm Business Summary Western Plain Region 1990	Stuart F. Smith Linda D. Putnam
No. 91-10	Dairy Farm Business Summary Eastern Plateau Region 1990	Robert A. Milligan Linda D. Putnam Carl Crispell Gerald A. LeClar A. Edward Staehr
No. 91-11	Dairy Farm Business Summary Northern New York 1990	Stuart F. Smith Linda D. Putnam Patricia A. Beyer J. Russell Coombe Anita W. Deming LouAnne F. King Gerke H. vanderZwaag George O. Yarnall
No. 91-12	Raising Dairy Replacements: Practices and Costs New York, 1990	Jagon Kargzeg B.F. Stanton