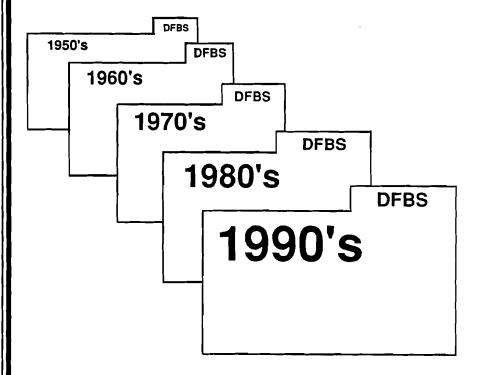
# SUMMARY

# NORTHERN NEW YORK 1990



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# 1990 DAIRY FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY NORTHERN NEW YORK

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# 1990 DAIRY FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY Northern New York\*

### INTRODUCTION

Dairy farmers throughout New York State have been participating in Cornell Cooperative Extension's farm business summary and analysis program since the early 1950's. Each participating farmer receives a comprehensive business summary and analysis of his or her farm business. The information in this report represents an average of the data submitted from farms in the Northern New York region.

### Program Objective

The primary objective of the dairy farm business summary, DFBS, is to help farm managers improve the business and financial management of their business through appropriate use of historical farm data and the application of modern farm business analysis techniques. In short, DFBS identifies the business and financial information farmers need and demonstrates how it should be used in identifying and evaluating strengths and weaknesses of the farm business.

### Format Features

This regional report follows the same general format as in the 1990 DFBS printout received by all participating dairy farmers. Worksheets are included to give non-DFBS participants an opportunity to summarize their businesses. The analysis tables have an open column or section labeled  $\underline{\text{My}}$   $\underline{\text{Farm}}$ . It may be used by any dairy farm manager who wants to compare his or her business with the average data of this region.

# This report features:

- (1) an <u>income statement</u> including accrual adjustments for farm business expenses and receipts, as well as measures of profitability with and without appreciation,
- (2) a complete <u>balance</u> sheet with analytical ratios;
- (3) a cash flow summary including debt repayment ability;
- (4) an analysis of crop acreage, yields, and expenses;
- (5) an analysis of dairy livestock numbers, production, and expenses; and
- (6) a capital and labor efficiency analysis.

Micro DFBS, a computer program which enables Cooperative Extension agents and specialists to calculate and print individual farm business reports in their offices, is now being used by the dairy farm management field staff for 90 percent of the farms cooperating. This innovative approach provides faster processing of farm record data and increased use of the DFBS in farm management programs.

<sup>\*</sup>Northern New York, with the number of participating farms in parentheses, is comprised of Clinton (9), Essex (4), Franklin (31), Jefferson (17), Lewis (9), and St. Lawrence (22) Counties.

This report was written by Stuart F. Smith, Senior Extension Associate, Farm Management. Linda Putnam was in charge of data preparation. Cindy Farrell and Beverly Carcelli prepared the publication. Farm business data was collected by Cooperative Extension agents Anita Deming, Russell Coombe, George Yarnall, Pat Beyer, Gerke van der Zwaag, and LouAnne King.

### SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS OF THE FARM BUSINESS

### Business Characteristics

Planning the optimal management strategies is a crucial component of operating a successful farm. Various combinations of farm resources, enterprises, business arrangements, and management techniques are used by the dairy farmers in this region. The following table shows important farm business characteristics and the number of farms with these characteristics.

BUSINESS CHARACTERISTICS
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

Type of Farm	Number	<u>Type of Barn</u>	Number
Dairy	91	Stanchion/Tie-Stall	60
Part-time dairy	1	Freestall	26
Dairy cash-crop	0	Combination	6
Part-time cash-crop dai	ry 0		
•	,	Milking System	Number
Type of Ownership	<u>Number</u>	Bucket & carry	3
Owner	87	Dumping station	10
Renter	5	Pipeline	53
		Herringbone parlor	24
Type of Business	Numbe <u>r</u>	Other parlor	2
Single proprietorship	77	•	
Partnership	13	Milking Frequency	Number
Corporation	2	2x/day	80
-		3x/day	8
Business Record System	Number	Other	4
ELFAC II	0		
Account Book	60	Production Records	Number
Agrifax (mail-in only)	5	DHIC	76
On-Farm Computer	17	Owner-Sampler	7
Other	10	Other	5
		None	4

The averages used in this report were compiled using data from all the participating dairy farms in this region unless noted otherwise. There are full-time dairy farms, part-time farms, dairy cash-crop farms, farm renters, partnerships, and corporations included in the average. These specific classifications are used to separate farms in the State Business Summary.

### Income Statement

In order for an income statement to accurately measure farm income, it must include cash transactions and accrual adjustments (changes in accounts payable, accounts receivable, inventories, and prepaid expenses).

<u>Cash paid</u> is the actual cash paid during the year and does not necessarily represent the cost of goods and services actually used.

<u>Change in inventory</u>: Increases in inventories of supplies and other purchased inputs are subtracted in computing accrual expenses because they represent an increase in purchased inputs not actually used during the year. Decreases in purchased inventories are added to expenses because they represent inputs purchased in a prior year and used this year.

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM EXPENSES
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

		Change in		
		Inventory	Change in	
·	Cash	or Prepaid	Accounts	Accrual
Expense Item	Paid+	Expense* +	Payab1e	= Expenses
<u>Hired Labor</u>	\$ 19,432	\$ 0 << \$	89	\$ 19,521
Feed	, ,			
Dairy grain & conc.	56,674	-1,964	380	55,090
Dairy roughage	1,626	3	170	1,799
Nondairy	158	0	0	158
Machinery				
Mach. hire, rent/lease	2,305	0 <<	-22	2,283
Machinery repairs/parts	11,628	-78	110	11,660
Auto exp. (farm share)	860	0 <<	3	863
Fuel, oil & grease	5,013	-189	5	4,829
<u>Livestock</u>				
Replacement livestock	2,474	0 <<	20	2,494
Breeding	2,667	-13	7	2,661
Vet & medicine	3,680	-23	48	3,705
Milk marketing	4,827	0 <<	-1	4,826
Cattle lease/rent	305	0 <<	-32	273
Other livestock expense	9,411	-62	27	9,376
Crops				
Fertilizer & lime	5,732	-502	24	5,254
Seeds & plants	2,830	36	25	2,891
Spray, other crop exp.	2,658	-63	15	2,610
<u>Real Estate</u>				
Land/bldg./fence repair	3,784	- 57	-26	3,701
Taxes	5,528	-25 <<	-26	5,477
Rent & lease	3,091	5 <<	-13	3,083
<u>Other</u>				
Insurance	3,925	-10 <<	2	3,917
Telephone (farm share)	592	0 <<	0	592
Electricity (farm share)	5,601	0 <<	44	5,645
Interest paid	16,008	0 <<	0	16,008
Miscellaneous	3,588		-116	3,482
Total Operating	\$ 174,397	\$ -2,932 \$		\$ 172,198
Expansion livestock	2,784	0 <<	96	2,880
Machinery depreciation				14,297
Building depreciation				4,643
TOTAL ACCRUAL EXPENSES				\$ 194,018

Change in prepaid expenses (noted above by <<) is a net change in non-inventory expenses that have been paid in advance of their use, for example, 1991 rent paid in 1990. If 1990 funds used to prepay 1991 rent exceeded the amount of 1990 rent prepaid in 1989, the amount of this excess is entered as a negative number to exclude it from 1990 rental expenses. The excess prepaid rent should be charged against the future year's business operation. A decrease in prepaid rent is added to expenses because it represents use of resources during this year that were paid for in past years but should be charged against this year's operation.

<u>Change in accounts payable</u>: An increase in accounts payable from beginning to end of year is added and a decrease is subtracted when calculating accrual expenses.

<u>Accrual expenses</u> are the costs of inputs actually used in this year's production. They are the total of cash paid, and changes in inventory, prepaid expenses, and accounts payable.

# CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM EXPENSES WORKSHEET

	Cash	Change in Inventory or Prepaid	Change in	Accrual
Expense Item	Paid +	Expense +		
Hired Labor	\$	\$	\$	\$
Feed				
Dairy grain & conc.				
Dairy roughage	<del></del>			
Nondairy		<del></del>		<del></del>
Machinery				
Mach. hire, rent/lease				
Machinery repairs/parts				
Auto exp. (farm share)				
Fuel, oil & grease		<del></del>		
Livestock				
Replacement livestock			<del> </del>	
Breeding				
Vet & medicine				
Milk marketing				
Cattle lease/rent				
Other livestock expense				<u>-</u>
Crops				
Fertilizer & lime				
Seeds & plants				
Spray, other crop				
expense				
Real Estate		<del></del>		
Land, bldg., fence rep.				
Taxes			<del></del>	<del></del>
Rent & lease			<del></del>	
<u>Other</u>			<del></del>	
Insurance				
Telephone (farm share)			<del></del>	<del>-</del>
Electricity (farm share	_ <del></del>			<del></del> -
Interest paid	′ ——			
Miscellaneous		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
Total Operating	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$
Expansion livestock	<b>Y</b>	Y	Y	Υ
Machinery depreciation				<del></del>
Building depreciation				
TOTAL ACCRUAL EXPENSES		_		\$

# CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM RECEIPTS 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

	Cash		Change in	Change in Accounts		Accrual
Receipt Item	<u>Receipts</u>	_+_	Inventory	 <u>Receivable</u>	_=	Receipts
Milk sales	\$202,484			\$-3,642		\$198,842
Dairy cattle	13,669		<b>\$2,851</b>	5		<b>1</b> 6,525
Dairy calves	3,228			-3		3,225
Other livestock	278		40	1		319
Crops	1,124		2,864	- 50		4,038
Government receipts	1,294		0*	0		1,294
Custom machine work	345			41		<b>3</b> 86
Gas tax refund	130			0		130
Other	2,264			<b>-</b> 5		2, <b>2</b> 59
Less nonfarm noncash cap.		(-)	248		( -	) 248
Total Accrual Receipts	\$224,816		\$5,507	<b>\$-3,5</b> 53		\$226,770

<sup>\*</sup>Change in advanced government receipts.

<u>Cash receipts</u> include the gross value of milk checks received during the year plus all other payments received from the sale of farm products, services, and government programs. Nonfarm income is not included in calculating farm profitability.

<u>Changes in inventory</u> of assets produced by the business are calculated by subtracting beginning of year values from end of year values <u>excluding appreciation</u>. Increases in livestock inventory caused by herd growth and/or quality are added, and decreases caused by herd reduction and/or quality are subtracted. Changes in inventories of crops grown are also included. Changes in advanced government receipts are calculated by subtracting the end year balance from the beginning year balance (balances are listed with the current liabilities on the Balance Sheet).

<u>Changes in accounts receivable</u> are calculated by subtracting beginning year balances from end year balances. The January milk check for this December's marketings compared with the previous January's check is included as a change in accounts receivable.

Accrual receipts represent the value of all farm commodities produced and services actually generated by the farm business during the year.

### CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM RECEIPT WORKSHEET

Receipt Item	Cash Receipts	+	Change in Inventory	+	Change in Accounts Receivable	Accrual = Receipts
Milk sales Dairy cattle Dairy calves Other livestock Crops Government receipts Custom machine work Gas tax refund Other Less gifts of cattle & cr Total Accrual Receipts	\$  Fops \$	( -	\$\$		\$  \$	(-)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Gifts or inheritances of cattle or crops included in inventory.

# Profitability Analysis

Farm operators contribute labor, management, and capital to their businesses and the best combination of these resources maximizes income. Farm profitability can be measured as the return to all family resources or as the return to one or more individual resources such as labor and management.

<u>Net farm income</u> is the return to the farm operators and other unpaid family members for their labor, management, and equity capital. It is the farm family's net annual return from working, managing, financing, and owning the farm business. This is not a measure of cash available from the year's business operation. Cash flow is evaluated later in this report.

Net farm income is computed both with and without appreciation. Appreciation represents the change in values caused by annual changes in prices of livestock, machinery, real estate inventory, and stocks and certificates (other than FLB and PCA). Appreciation is a major factor contributing to changes in farm net worth and must be included for a complete profitability analysis.

NET FARM INCOME
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

<u> Item</u>	Average	My Farm
Total accrual receipts	\$226,770	\$
Appreciation: Livestock	-737	· <del></del>
Machinery	1,619	<del></del>
Real Estate	3,771	<u> </u>
Other Stock/Certificates	11	<del></del> _
Total Including Appreciation	\$231,434	\$
Total accrual expenses	- 194,018	-
Net Farm Income (with appreciation)	\$37,416	\$
Net Farm Income (without appreciation)	\$32,752	\$

Return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital measures the total net farm income for the farm operator(s). It is calculated by deducting a charge for unpaid family labor from net farm income. Operators' labor is not included in unpaid family labor. Return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital has been calculated both with and without appreciation. Appreciation is an important part of the return to ownership of farm assets.

RETURN TO OPERATORS' LABOR, MANAGEMENT, AND EQUITY 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

	Aver	age	My Farm		
<u>Item</u>	With Apprec.	Without Apprec.	With Apprec.	Without Apprec.	
Net farm income Family labor unpaid	\$37,416	\$32,752	\$	\$	
@ \$1,250 per month	<u>- 4,488</u>	- 4,488			
Return to operators' labor, management, & equity	\$32,928	\$28,264	\$	\$	

Labor and management income is the return which farm operators receive for their labor and management used in operating the farm business. Appreciation is not included as part of the return to labor and management because it results from ownership of assets rather than management of the farm business. Labor and management income is calculated by deducting the opportunity cost of using equity capital, at a real interest rate of five percent, from the return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital excluding appreciation. The interest charge of five percent reflects the long-term average rate of return above inflation that a farmer might expect to earn in comparable risk investments.

LABOR AND MANAGEMENT INCOME
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Average	My Farm_
Return to operators' labor, management, & equity without appreciation Real interest @ 5% on \$305,542	\$28,264	\$
average equity capital	- 15,277	
Labor & Management Income	\$12,987	\$
Labor & Management Income per 1.23 Operator/Manager	\$10,559	\$

Return on equity capital measures the net return remaining for the farmer's equity or owned capital after a charge has been made for the owner-operator's labor and management. The earnings or amount of net farm income allocated to labor and management is the opportunity cost of operators' labor and management estimated by the cooperators. Return on equity capital is calculated with and without appreciation. The rate of return on equity capital is determined by dividing the amount returned by the average farm net worth or equity capital. Return on total capital is calculated by adding interest paid to the return on equity capital and then dividing by average farm assets to calculate the rate of return on total capital.

RETURN ON EQUITY CAPITAL AND RETURN ON TOTAL CAPITAL 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Average	My Farm
Return to operators' labor, management,		
& equity capital with appreciation	\$32,928	\$
Value of operators' labor & management	- 26,650	·
Return on equity capital with appreciation	\$6,278	\$
Interest paid	\$16,008	\$
Return on total capital with appreciation	\$22,286	\$ <u></u>
Return on equity capital without appreciation	\$1,614	\$
Return on total capital without appreciation	\$17,622	\$
Rate of return on average equity capital:		
with appreciation	2.05%	%
without appreciation	.53%	
Rate of return on average total capital:		
with appreciation	4.56%	<del>*</del>
without appreciation	3.61%	<u> </u>

# Farm and Family Financial Status

The first step in evaluating the financial position of the farm is to construct a balance sheet which identifies all the assets and liabilities of the business. The second step is to evaluate the relationship between assets, liabilities, and net worth and changes that occurred during the year.

1990 FARM BUSINESS & NONFARM BALANCE SHEET 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, January 1, 1991

Farm Assets			<del></del>	Farm Liabilities		
Farm cash, checking	Farm Assets	Jan. l	Dec. 31	& Net Worth	Jan. 1	<u>Dec. 31</u>
Farm cash, checking	Current			Current		
& savings       \$4,830       \$7,322       Operating debt       2,182       3,696         Accounts rec.       17,365       13,814       Short-term       1,046       1,505         Prepaid exp.       47       76       Advanced govt. rec.       0       0         Feed & supplies       34,394       40,160       Total       \$7,302       \$10,110         Intermediate       Dairy cows:       Intermediate       Structured debt       Structured debt       \$1.10 years       \$68,868       \$80,133         Heifers       35,232       36,763       Financial lease       (cattle/mach.)       1,344       830         Mach./eq. owned       97,101       107,296       FLB/PCA stock       1,315       1,228         Mach./eq. leased       1,315       1,228       Total       \$71,527       \$82,191         Other stock/cert.       2,172       2,183       Total       \$71,527       \$82,191         Comp. Term       Long. Term       Structured debt       >10 yrs       \$94,754       \$98,792         Long. Term       Structured debt       >10 yrs       \$94,754       \$98,792         Total       \$218,169       \$229,927       Financial lease       (structured)       \$95,136       \$99,0		ng			\$4,074	\$4,909
Accounts rec. 17,365 13,814 Short-term 1,046 1,505 Prepaid exp. 47 76 Advanced govt. rec. 0 0  Feed & supplies 34,394 40,160 Total \$56,636 \$636 \$61,372 Total \$7,302 \$10,110  Intermediate  Dairy cows:	•		\$7,322			
Prepaid exp.         47         76         Advanced govt. rec.         0         0           Feed & supplies         34,394         40,160         Total         \$7,302         \$10,110           Intermediate           Dairy cows:         Intermediate           owned         \$80,435         \$81,041         Structured debt           leased         59         3         1-10 years         \$68,868         \$80,133           Heifers         35,232         36,763         Financial lease         (cattle/mach.)         1,344         830           Mach./eq. owned         97,101         107,296         FLB/PCA stock         1,315         1,228           Mach./eq. leased         1,285         827         Total         \$71,527         \$82,191           Other stock/cert         2,172         2,183         Total         \$71,527         \$82,191           Long-Term         Structured debt         >10 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792           Long-Term         Structured debt         >10 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792           Total         \$209,668         \$209,987         Financial lease         (structured debt         >10 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></tr<>					•	
Feed & supplies         34,394 (\$56,636)         40,160 (\$61,372)         Total         \$7,302         \$10,110           Intermediate Dairy cows:         owned (\$80,435)         \$81,041         Structured debt (\$20,405)         St	Prepaid exp.	47		Advanced govt, re	c. 0	_
Total \$56,636 \$61,372 Total \$7,302 \$10,110 \ \frac{\text{Intermediate}{\text{Dairy cows:}} \ \ \text{owned} \ \$80,435 \ \$81,041 \ \ \text{leased} \ \$59 \ 3 \ 1-10 \ \text{years} \ \$68,868 \ \$80,133 \\ \text{Heifers} \ \$35,232 \ 36,763 \ \text{Financial lease} \ \text{(cattle/mach.)} \ 1,344 \ 830 \\ \text{Mach./eq. owned} \ 97,101 \ 107,296 \ \text{FLB/PCA stock} \ 1,315 \ 1,228 \\ \text{Mach./eq. leased} \ 1,285 \ 827 \\ \text{FLB/PCA stock} \ 1,315 \ 1,228 \\ \text{Total} \ \$218,169 \ \$229,927 \\ \text{Long-Term} \\ \text{Land/buildings:} \ \ \text{owned} \ \$382 \ 259 \\ \text{Total} \ \$200,050 \ \$210,246 \\ \text{Total} \ \$200,050 \ \$210,246 \\ \text{Total} \ \$300,890 \ \$310,193 \\ \text{(structures)} \ \$382 \ \ 259 \\ \text{Total} \ \$300,890 \ \$310,193 \\ \text{(Average for 55 farms reporting)} \ \text{Nonfarm Assets*} \ \ \text{Jan. 1} \ \text{Dec. 31} \\ \text{Nonfarm real estate} \ 8,262 \ 7,644 \\ \text{Auto (personal sh.)} \ 4,575 \ 5,378 \\ \text{Stocks & bonds} \ 2,189 \ 2,302 \\ \text{Household furn.} \ 9,307 \ 10,318 \\ \text{All other} \ \ \text{9,072} \ 5,366 \\ Total Farm & \$61,346 \\ 542,386 \\ Total Liab. \ 179,937 \ 196,154 \\ \text{Total Farm & \$61,315 \\ 6,251 \\ \text{Total Farm & \$61,315 \\ 6,251 \\ \text{Nonfarm Farm	Feed & supplies	34,394	40,160	_		
Intermediate	Total	\$56,636	\$61,372	Total	\$7,302	\$10,110
owned leased         \$80,435         \$81,041         Structured debt         leased         \$9         3         1-10 years         \$68,868         \$80,133           Heifers         35,232         36,763         Financial lease           Bulls/other lvstk.         570         586         (cattle/mach.)         1,344         830           Mach./eq. owned         97,101         107,296         FLB/PCA stock         1,315         1,228           Mach./eq. leased         1,285         827         Total         \$71,527         \$82,191           Other stock/cert         2,172         2,183         Total         \$71,527         \$82,191           Long-Term         Stotal         \$219,927         Long Term         Structured debt         \$94,754         \$98,792           Land/buildings:         382         259         Financial lease         \$10 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792           Total <td><u>Intermediate</u></td> <td>, ,</td> <td>, -, -</td> <td></td> <td>• • •</td> <td>, ,</td>	<u>Intermediate</u>	, ,	, -, -		• • •	, ,
leased	Dairy cows:			<u>Intermediate</u>		
leased	owned	\$80,435	\$81,041	Structured debt		
Bulls/other lvstk. 570 586 (cattle/mach.) 1,344 830 Mach./eq. owned 97,101 107,296 FLB/PCA stock 1,315 1,228 Mach./eq. leased 1,285 827	leased		3	1-10 years	\$68,868	\$80,133
Mach./eq. owned Mach./eq. leased 1,285         827         FLB/PCA stock         1,315         1,228           FLB/PCA stock 1,315         1,215         1,228         Total         \$71,527         \$82,191           Other stock/cert. 2,172         2,183         Long Term         Structured debt         Structured debt         Structured debt         Structured debt         \$94,754         \$98,792           Long-Term Structured debt Owned Structures owned leased 382         259         (structures) 382         259         \$99,051           Total Farm \$200,050         \$210,246         Total Farm Liab.         \$173,965         \$191,352           Assets FARM NET WORTH \$300,890         \$310,193         \$310,193           (Average for 55 farms reporting) Nonfarm Assets* Jan. 1 Dec. 31         Nonfarm Liabilities*         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           A savings \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619         \$36,039           Cash value life ins. 5,871         6,251         Nonfarm Eliab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           Nonfarm real estate 8,262         7,644         FARM & NONFARM* Jan. 1 Dec. 31         Dec. 31           Auto (personal sh.) 4,575         5,378         Total Liab.         179,937         196,154           Household furn.         4,072	Heifers	35,23 <b>2</b>	36,763	Financial lease		
Mach./eq. leased         1,285         827           FLB/PCA stock         1,315         1,228         Total         \$71,527         \$82,191           Other stock/cert.         2,172         2,183         Long Term         Structured debt         Structured debt         Structured debt         \$98,792           Land/buildings:         50 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792         \$98,792           owned         \$199,668         \$209,987         Financial lease         \$95,136         \$99,051           leased         382         259         (structures)         382         259           Total         \$200,050         \$210,246         Total         \$95,136         \$99,051           Total Farm Liab.         \$173,965         \$191,352           Assets         FARM NET WORTH         \$300,890         \$310,193           (Average for 55 farms reporting)         Nonfarm Liab.         \$173,965         \$191,352           Nonfarm Assets*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           & savings         \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH         \$31,619         \$36,039           Cash value life ins.         5,871         6,251         Nonfarm Liab. </td <td>Bulls/other lvstk</td> <td>. 570</td> <td>586</td> <td>(cattle/mach.)</td> <td>1,344</td> <td>830</td>	Bulls/other lvstk	. 570	586	(cattle/mach.)	1,344	830
Total   Stock   Stoc			107,296	FLB/PCA stock	1,315	1,228
Other stock/cert.         2,172 (218,169)         229,927         Long Term           Long-Term         Structured debt           Land/buildings:         510 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792           owned         \$199,668         \$209,987         Financial lease           leased         382         259           Total         \$200,050         \$210,246         Total         \$382         259           Total Farm         \$474,855         \$501,545         Total Farm Liab         \$173,965         \$191,352           Assets         Jan         Dec         31         Nonfarm Liab         \$173,965         \$191,352           FARM NET WORTH         \$300,890         \$310,193           Nonfarm Assets*         Jan         Nonfarm Liabilities*           & Net Worth         Jan         Dec         31           Nonfarm Liab         \$5,972         \$4,802           Assets         Nonfarm Liab					·····	
Total \$\frac{1218,169}{Long-Term}\$ \$\frac{1}{Land/buildings:}\$ \$\frac{1}{5209,987}\$ \$\frac{1}{510 \text{ yrs}}\$ \$\frac{94,754}{598,792}\$ \$\frac{998,792}{598,792}\$ \$\frac{1}{600000000000000000000000000000000000	•		•	Total	\$71,527	\$82,191
Long-Term         Structured debt           Land/buildings:         >10 yrs         \$94,754         \$98,792           owned         \$199,668         \$209,987         Financial lease         382         259           Total         \$200,050         \$210,246         Total         \$95,136         \$99,051           Total Farm         \$474,855         \$501,545         Total Farm Liab.         \$173,965         \$191,352           Assets         FARM NET WORTH         \$300,890         \$310,193           (Average for 55 farms reporting)         Nonfarm Liabilities*         & Net Worth         Jan.         Dec. 31           Personal cash, chkg.         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           & savings         \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH         \$36,039           Cash value life ins.         5,871         6,251         NONFARM NET WORTH         \$31,619         \$36,039           Auto (personal sh.)         4,575         5,378         Total Assets         \$512,446         \$542,386           Stocks & bonds         2,189         2,302         Total Liab.         179,937         196,154           Household furn.         4,072         5,366         TOTAL FARM & NON-	Other stock/cert.					
Nonfarm Assets*		\$218,169	\$229,927			
owned         \$199,668         \$209,987         Financial lease           leased         382         259         (structures)         382         259           Total         \$200,050         \$210,246         Total         \$95,136         \$99,051           Total Farm         \$474,855         \$501,545         Total Farm Liab.         \$173,965         \$191,352           Assets         FARM NET WORTH         \$300,890         \$310,193           (Average for 55 farms reporting)         Nonfarm Liabilities*         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           Nonfarm Assets*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           & savings         \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH         \$36,039           Cash value life ins.         5,871         6,251           Nonfarm real estate         8,262         7,644         FARM & NONFARM*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31           Auto (personal sh.)         4,575         5,378         Total Assets         \$512,446         \$542,386           Stocks & bonds         2,189         2,302         Total Liab.         179,937         196,154           Household furn.         4,072         5,366         TO						
leased         382         259         (structures)         382         259           Total         \$200,050         \$210,246         Total         \$95,136         \$99,051           Total Farm Liab         \$173,965         \$191,352           Assets         FARM NET WORTH         \$300,890         \$310,193           (Average for 55 farms reporting)         Nonfarm Liabilities*           Nonfarm Assets*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           & savings         \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH         \$31,619         \$36,039           Cash value life ins.         5,871         6,251           Nonfarm real estate         8,262         7,644         FARM & NONFARM*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31           Auto (personal sh.)         4,575         5,378         Total Assets         \$512,446         \$542,386           Stocks & bonds         2,189         2,302         Total Liab.         179,937         196,154           Household furn.         4,072         5,366         TOTAL FARM & NON-				_	\$94,754	\$98,792
Total \$200,050 \$210,246 Total \$95,136 \$99,051  Total Farm \$474,855 \$501,545 Total Farm Liab. \$173,965 \$191,352 FARM NET WORTH \$300,890 \$310,193  (Average for 55 farms reporting) Nonfarm Liabilities* Nonfarm Assets* Jan. 1 Dec. 31 & Net Worth Jan. 1 Dec. 31  Personal cash, chkg. Nonfarm Liab. \$5,972 \$4,802 & savings \$3,316 \$3,583 NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619 \$36,039  Cash value life ins. 5,871 6,251  Nonfarm real estate 8,262 7,644 Auto (personal sh.) 4,575 5,378  Stocks & bonds 2,189 2,302 Household furn. 9,307 10,318 All other 4,072 5,366 TOTAL FARM & NON-						
Total Farm \$474,855 \$501,545 Total Farm Liab. \$173,965 \$191,352 FARM NET WORTH \$300,890 \$310,193 (Average for 55 farms reporting) Nonfarm Liabilities*  Nonfarm Assets* Jan. 1 Dec. 31 & Net Worth Jan. 1 Dec. 31  Personal cash, chkg. Nonfarm Liab. \$5,972 \$4,802 Nonfarm Liab. \$5,972 \$4,802 Nonfarm Liab. \$5,972 \$4,802 Nonfarm Liab. \$5,972 \$4,802 Nonfarm NET WORTH \$31,619 \$36,039 Nonfarm real estate 8,262 7,644 Auto (personal sh.) 4,575 5,378 Total Assets \$512,446 \$542,386 Stocks & bonds 2,189 2,302 Household furn. 9,307 10,318 All other 4,072 5,366 TOTAL FARM & NON-				•		
Assets FARM NET WORTH \$300,890 \$310,193  (Average for 55 farms reporting) Nonfarm Liabilities*  Nonfarm Assets* Jan. 1 Dec. 31 & Net Worth Jan. 1 Dec. 31  Personal cash, chkg. Nonfarm Liab. \$5,972 \$4,802  & savings \$3,316 \$3,583 NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619 \$36,039  Cash value life ins. 5,871 6,251  Nonfarm real estate 8,262 7,644 Auto (personal sh.) 4,575 5,378  Stocks & bonds 2,189 2,302 Total Liab. 179,937 196,154  Household furn. 9,307 10,318  All other 4,072 5,366 TOTAL FARM & NON-	Total	\$200,050	\$210,246	Total	\$95,136	\$99,051
(Average for 55 farms reporting)       Nonfarm Liabilities*         Nonfarm Assets*       Jan. 1       Dec. 31       & Net Worth       Jan. 1       Dec. 31         Personal cash, chkg.       Nonfarm Liab.       \$5,972       \$4,802         & savings       \$3,316       \$3,583       NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619       \$36,039         Cash value life ins.       5,871       6,251         Nonfarm real estate       8,262       7,644       FARM & NONFARM*       Jan. 1       Dec. 31         Auto (personal sh.)       4,575       5,378       Total Assets       \$512,446       \$542,386         Stocks & bonds       2,189       2,302       Total Liab.       179,937       196,154         Household furn.       9,307       10,318         All other       4,072       5,366       TOTAL FARM & NON-	Total Farm	\$474,855	\$501,545	Total Farm Liab.	\$173,965	\$191,352
Nonfarm Assets*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31         & Net Worth         Jan. 1         Dec. 31           Personal cash, chkg.         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           & savings         \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619         \$36,039           Cash value life ins.         5,871         6,251         Nonfarm real estate         8,262         7,644         FARM & NONFARM*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31           Auto (personal sh.)         4,575         5,378         Total Assets         \$512,446         \$542,386           Stocks & bonds         2,189         2,302         Total Liab.         179,937         196,154           Household furn.         9,307         10,318         TOTAL FARM & NON-         TOTAL FARM & NON-	Assets			FARM NET WORTH	\$300,890	\$310,193
Nonfarm Assets*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31         & Net Worth         Jan. 1         Dec. 31           Personal cash, chkg.         Nonfarm Liab.         \$5,972         \$4,802           & savings         \$3,316         \$3,583         NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619         \$36,039           Cash value life ins.         5,871         6,251         Nonfarm real estate         8,262         7,644         FARM & NONFARM*         Jan. 1         Dec. 31           Auto (personal sh.)         4,575         5,378         Total Assets         \$512,446         \$542,386           Stocks & bonds         2,189         2,302         Total Liab.         179,937         196,154           Household furn.         9,307         10,318         TOTAL FARM & NON-         TOTAL FARM & NON-	(Average for 55 f	arms report	ing)	Nonfarm Liabilit	ies*	,
Personal cash, chkg.       Nonfarm Liab.       \$5,972       \$4,802         & savings       \$3,316       \$3,583       NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619       \$36,039         Cash value life ins.       5,871       6,251         Nonfarm real estate       8,262       7,644       FARM & NONFARM* Jan. 1       Dec. 31         Auto (personal sh.)       4,575       5,378       Total Assets       \$512,446       \$542,386         Stocks & bonds       2,189       2,302       Total Liab.       179,937       196,154         Household furn.       9,307       10,318         All other       4,072       5,366       TOTAL FARM & NON-						Dec. 31
& savings       \$3,316       \$3,583       NONFARM NET WORTH \$31,619       \$36,039         Cash value life ins.       5,871       6,251         Nonfarm real estate       8,262       7,644       FARM & NONFARM* Jan. 1       Dec. 31         Auto (personal sh.)       4,575       5,378       Total Assets       \$512,446       \$542,386         Stocks & bonds       2,189       2,302       Total Liab.       179,937       196,154         Household furn.       9,307       10,318         All other       4,072       5,366       TOTAL FARM & NON-					\$5,972	
Cash value life ins.       5,871       6,251         Nonfarm real estate       8,262       7,644       FARM & NONFARM* Jan. 1       Dec. 31         Auto (personal sh.)       4,575       5,378       Total Assets       \$512,446       \$542,386         Stocks & bonds       2,189       2,302       Total Liab.       179,937       196,154         Household furn.       9,307       10,318         All other       4,072       5,366       TOTAL FARM & NON-			\$3,583	NONFARM NET WORT		
Nonfarm real estate       8,262       7,644       FARM & NONFARM*       Jan. 1       Dec. 31         Auto (personal sh.)       4,575       5,378       Total Assets       \$512,446       \$542,386         Stocks & bonds       2,189       2,302       Total Liab.       179,937       196,154         Household furn.       9,307       10,318       TOTAL FARM & NON-	Cash value life i					
Stocks & bonds       2,189       2,302       Total Liab.       179,937       196,154         Household furn.       9,307       10,318	Nonfarm real esta			FARM & NONFARM*	Jan. 1	Dec. 31
Household furn. 9,307 10,318 All other 4,072 5,366 TOTAL FARM & NON-	Auto (personal sh	.) 4,575	5,378	Total Assets	\$512,446	\$542,386
All other 4,072 5,366 TOTAL FARM & NON-	Stocks & bonds			Total Liab.	179,937	196,154
	Household furn.	9,307	10,318			
Total Nonfarm \$37,591 \$40,841 FARM NET WORTH \$332,509 \$346,232	All other	4,072	5,366	TOTAL FARM & NON	I -	
	Total Nonfarm	\$37,591	\$40,841	FARM NET WORTH	\$332,509	\$346,232

<sup>\*</sup>Assumes that average nonfarm assets and liabilities for the nonreporting farms were the same as for those reporting.

Financial lease obligations are included in the balance sheet. The present value of all future payments is listed as a liability since the farmer is committed to make the payments by signing the lease. The present value is also listed as an asset, representing the future value the item has to the business. For 1990, leases were discounted by 11.0 percent.

Advanced government receipts are included as current liabilities. Government payments received in 1990 that are for participation in the 1991 program are the end year balance and payments received in 1989 for participation in the 1990 program are the beginning year balance.

1990 FARM BUSINESS & NONFARM BALANCE SHEET							
Farm Assets	Jan.			·	Farm Liabilities & Net Worth		Dec. 31
Current Farm cash, checking & savings Accounts rec.					Current Accounts payable Operating debt:		
Prepaid expense Feed & supplies Total					Short Term:		
<u>Intermediate</u> Dairy cows: owned leased				<del>_</del>	Adv. govt. rec. Total Intermediate		
Heifers Bulls/other lvstk. Mach./eq. owned Mach./eq. leased FLB/PCA stock Other stock/cert.					Financial lease (cattle/mach.)		
Total <u>Long-Term</u> Land/buildings:  owned					FLB/PCA stock Total Long-Term		
leased Total		<u>-</u>			Financial lease (structures) Total		
Total Farm Assets					Total Farm Liab. FARM NET WORTH		
Nonfarm Assets	Jan.	1	Dec.	31	Nonfarm Liabilitie & Net Worth	s Jan. 1	Dec. 31
Personal cash, chkg & savings Cash val. life ins. Nonfarm real est.				_ <del></del>	Nonfarm Liab.:		
Auto (pres. share) Stocks & bonds Household furn. All other Total Nonfarm					Total Nonfarm Liabilities Nonfarm Net Worth		
TOTAL FARM & NONFAR Total Farm & Nonfar Less Total Farm & N Farm & Nonfarm Net	m Ass Ionfar	m Li	labilit	ies	Jan. 1		2. 31

Balance sheet analysis involves examination of relative asset and debt levels for the business. Percent equity is calculated by dividing end of year net worth by end of year assets and multiplying by 100. The debt to asset ratio is compiled by dividing liabilities by assets. Low debt to asset ratios reflect business solvency and the potential capacity to borrow. Debt levels per productive unit represent old standards that are still useful if used with measures of cash flow and repayment ability. The change in farm net worth without appreciation is an excellent indicator of farm generated financial progress.

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, January 1, 1991

<u>Item</u>	em				
Financial Ratios - Farm:					
Percent equity		6:	2%	<b></b> %	
Debt/asset ratio: total		.38	8		
long-term		.4	7	<u> </u>	
intermediate	current/	.35	2		
<u>Change in Net_Worth</u> :				<u> </u>	
Without appreciation		\$4,63	9	\$	
With appreciation		9,30	3	\$	
Farm Debt Analysis:				· <del></del>	
Accounts payable as % of total	debt		3%	. 8	
Long-term liabilities as a % of		bt 5	52%		
Current & inter. liab. as a % o					
Farm Debt Levels: Total farm debt Long-term debt Intermediate & current debt	Per Cow \$2,362 1,223 1,140	Per Tillable Acre Owned \$1,029 533 496	Per Cow \$	Per Tillable Acre Owned  \$	

<u>Farm inventory balance</u> is an accounting of the value of assets used on the balance sheet and the changes that occur from the beginning to end of year. Changes in the livestock inventory are included in the dairy analysis. Net investment indicates whether the capital stock is being expanded (positive) or depleted (negative).

FARM INVENTORY BALANCE
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Avg. of Region's Farms			My	Farm	
	<u>R.E.</u>	Mach.	<u>/Eq.</u>	<u>R.E.</u>	<u>Mach.</u>	/Eq.
Value beg. of year	\$199,60	68	\$97,101	\$	\$	
Purchases	\$20,052*	\$23,472	\$		\$	
<pre>Gift/inheritance +</pre>	109	+ 0	+		+	
Lost capital -	7,397		<u>-</u>	<del></del>		
Sales -	920	599	-	<del></del>	-	
Depreciation -	4,643	- 14,297	• -		-	
Net investment	<del>-</del> 7,20	00	= 8,576	=+	<b>=</b> +	
Appreciation	+ 3,1	19**	+ 1,619	+	+	
Value end of year	\$209,9	87	\$107,296	\$	\$	

<sup>\$\$2,859</sup> land and \$17,192 buildings and/or depreciable improvements.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excludes \$652 of appreciation on assets sold during the year.

# Cash Flow Statement

Completing an annual cash flow statement is an important step in understanding the sources and uses of funds for the business. Understanding last year's cash flow is the first step toward planning and managing cash flow for the current and future years.

The <u>annual cash flow statement</u> is structured to compare all the cash inflows including beginning balances with all the cash outflows including ending balances for the year. By definition, total cash inflows must equal total cash outflows when beginning and ending balances are included. Any imbalance is, therefore, the error from incorrect accounting of cash inflows and cash outflows. Whenever an imbalance exists, all other financial measures may also be in error.

ANNUAL CASH FLOW STATEMENT
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

<u> Item</u>	Average	My_Farm
Cash Inflows		
Beginning farm cash, checking & savings	\$ 4,830	\$
Cash farm receipts	224,816	
Sale of assets: Machinery	599	
Real estate	1,485	4
Other stock & certificate	0	<del></del>
Money borrowed (intermediate & long-term)	36,424	<del></del>
Money borrowed (short-term)	1,996	. ———
Increase in operating debt	1,514	
Nonfarm income	6,047	
Cash from nonfarm capital used in the business	1,217	
Money borrowed - nonfarm	684	
Total	\$279,612	\$
Cash Outflows		
Cash farm expenses	\$174,397	\$
Capital purchases: Expansion livestock	2,784	
Machinery	23,472	
Real estate	20,052	
Other stock & certificate	0	
Principal payments (intermediate & long-term)	21,121	· 
Principal payments (short-term)	1,537	
Decrease in operating debt	0	
Personal withdrawals & family expenditures		
including nonfarm debt payments	27,892	
Ending farm cash, checking & savings	7,322	
Total	\$278,578	\$
Imbalance (error)	\$1,034	\$

# Repayment Analysis

The second step in cash flow analysis is to compare the debt payments planned for the last year with the amount actually paid. The measures listed below provide a number of different perspectives on the repayment performance of the business. However, the critical question to many farmers and lenders is whether planned payments can be made in 1991. The cash flow projection worksheet on the next page can be used to estimate repayment ability, which can then be compared to planned 1991 debt payments shown below.

FARM DEBT PAYMENTS PLANNED
Same 64 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1989 & 1990

		Average		M	ly Farm	
	1990 Pay	ments_	Planned	1990 Pay	ments_	Planned
Debt Payments	Planned	Made	1991	Planned	Made	1991
Long-term	\$13,682	\$15,525	\$14,190	\$	\$	Ś
Intermediate-term	18,268	22,519	22,945	Y	Y	- Y
Short-term Operating (net	924	1,887	1,367			
reduction)	382	0	1,715			
Accounts payable			,			
(net reduction)	461	0	555			
Total	\$33,717	\$39,931	\$40,772	\$	\$	\$
Per cow	\$397	\$470		\$	\$	
Per cwt. 1990 milk Percent of total	\$2.25	\$2.66		\$	\$	<del>-</del> -
1990 receipts	13%	16%				
Percent of 1990						_
milk receipts	15%	18%				_

The <u>cash flow coverage ratio</u> measures the ability of the farm business to meet its planned debt payment schedule. The ratio shows the percentage of payments planned for 1990 (as of December 31, 1989) that could have been made with the amount available for debt service in 1990. Farmers who did not participate in DFBS last year will find in their report a cash flow coverage ratio based on planned debt payments for 1991.

CASH FLOW COVERAGE RATIO

Same 64 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1989 & 1990

Item	Average	My Farm
Cash farm receipts	\$249,110	\$
- Cash farm expenses	192,320	- <u>-</u>
+ Interest paid	16,039	
- Net personal withdrawals from farm**	23,277	
<ul><li>(A) = Amount Available for Debt Service</li><li>(B) = Debt Payments Planned for 1990</li></ul>	\$49,552	\$
(as of December 31, 1989)	\$33,717	\$
(A ÷ B) = Cash Flow Coverage Ratio for 1990	1.47	·

<sup>\*\*</sup>Personal withdrawals and family expenditures less nonfarm income and nonfarm money borrowed. If family withdrawals are excluded, or inaccurately included, the cash flow coverage ratio will be incorrect.

# ANNUAL CASH FLOW WORKSHEET

	Regional	My	Farm	Expected	1991
<u>Item</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Total</u>	Per Cow	Change	Projection
	(per cow)				
Average number of cows	79.5				
<u>Accrual Oper. Receipts</u>					
Milk	\$2,501.16	\$	\$		\$
Dairy cattle	207.86				
Dairy calves	40.57				
Other livestock	4.03				
Crops	50.81			<u> </u>	
Misc. receipts	51.19		<del></del>		
Total	\$2,855.60	\$	\$		\$
Accrual Oper. Expenses					
Hired labor	\$245.55	\$	\$		\$
Dairy grain & conc.	692.96				
Dairy roughage	22.63				
Nondairy feed	1.99		<del>-</del>	<del></del> -	
Mach. hire/rent/lease	28.73				
Mach. rpr./parts & auto	157.52	-			-
Fuel, oil & grease	60.74				
Replacement lvstk.	31.38				
Breeding	33.47				
Vet & medicine	46.60			<del></del>	
Milk marketing	60.70	-			-
Cattle lease	3.43				
Other livestock exp.	117.94		•		
Fertilizer & lime	66.10			-	
Seeds & plants	36.36				-
Spray/other crop exp.	32.84	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	<del></del>
Land, bldg., fence repair	46.55	-	· - <del></del>	-	
Taxes	68.91			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· -
Real estate rent/lease	38.78		<del></del>		<del></del>
Insurance	49.28				<del></del>
Utilities	78.44		•		-
Miscellaneous		<del></del>			<del></del>
	43.80		<del></del>		<b>-</b>
Total Less Int. Paid	\$1,964.70				. \$
Net Accrual Operating Inc		•			
(without interest paid)	. ,				\$
- Change in lvstk./crop i	•	507			
- Change in accts. rec.	-3,	553			
+ Change in feed/supply i		932			
+ Change in accts. payabl	'6***	733			
NET CASH FLOW	\$66,	<del>674</del> \$			\$
- Net personal withdrawal	s from	· <del></del>			·
farm (see footnote on		161			
Available for Farm Debt	·		<del></del>		<del></del>
Payments & Investments	\$45,	513 Ś			Ś
- Farm debt payments	38,	· <del></del>	<del>_</del>		Ψ
Available for Farm Invest			<del></del>		·
- Capital purchases: catt		T20 9			٧
machinery & improvement		207			
Additional Capital Needed		۸۰۰/			_
capital Needed	<b>.</b>	Ş			ې

<sup>\*</sup>Includes change in advance government receipts.
\*\*Includes change in prepaid expenses.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Excludes change in interest account payable.

# Cropping Analysis

The cropping program is an important part of the dairy farm business and is often inadequately managed. A complete evaluation of what the available land resources are, how they are being used, how well crops are producing, and what it costs to produce them is required to evaluate alternative cropping and feed purchasing choices.

LAND RESOURCES AND CROP PRODUCTION 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Average				My Farm		
Land Tillable Nontillable	18	36 51	ented 72 11	Total 259 62	<u>Owned</u>	Rented	Total
Other nontillable Total		$\frac{01}{39}$	<u>8</u> 91	$\frac{110}{430}$			
Crop Yields Hay crop Corn silage	<u>Farms</u> 91 75	<u>Acres</u> 160 72	2.60	o tn DM	<u>Acr</u>	<u>es</u> <u>Prod</u>	<u>/Acre</u> _ tn DM _ tn _ tn DM
Other forage Total forage Corn grain Oats Wheat Other crops	10 91 23 11 1	25 222 44 23 17 44	1.9	l tn DM 9 tn DM 8 bu 0 bu			tn DM tn DM bu bu bu
Tillable pasture Idle Total Tillable Acres	25 27 91	36 44 261					

<sup>\*</sup>This column represents the average acreage for the farms producing that crop. Average acreages including those farms not producing were hay crop 158, corn silage 59, corn grain 11, oats 3, tillable pasture 10, and idle 13.

Average crop acres and yields compiled for the region are for the farms reporting each crop. Yields of forage crops have been converted to tons of dry matter using dry matter coefficients reported by the farmers. Grain production has been converted to bushels of dry grain equivalent based on dry matter information provided.

The following measures of crop management indicate the relationship between forage production, forage production resources, and the dairy herd.

CROP MANAGEMENT FACTORS
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Average	My Farm
Total tillable acres per cow	3.26	
Total forage acres per cow	2.77	
Harvested forage dry matter, tons per cow	8.82	

# <u>Cropping Analysis</u> (continued)

A number of cooperators have allocated crop expenses among the hay crop, corn, and other crops produced. Fertilizer and lime, seeds and plants, and spray and other crop expenses have been computed per acre and per production unit for hay and corn. Additional expense items such as fuels, labor, and machinery repairs are not included.

CROP RELATED ACCRUAL EXPENSES
Northern New York Dairy Farms Reporting, 1990

	Total			A11	Corn	Corn
	Per	Hay_	Crop	Corn	Silage	Grain
	Till.	Per	Per	Per	Per Ton	Per Dry
Item	Acre	<u>Acre</u>	Ton DM	Acre	DM	Shell Bu
Number of farms						
reporting	92		31	24		
Average number						
of acres	259	1	49	79		
Fertilizer & lime	\$20.29	\$10.94	\$4.14	\$36.36	\$7.47	\$.34
Seeds & plants	11.16	5.37	2.03	23.15	4.76	. 22
Spray & other crop						
expense	10.08	6.63	2.51	37.55	7.72	35
Total	\$41.53	\$22.94	\$8.68	\$97.06	\$19.95	\$.91
My Farm:						
Fertilizer & lime	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Seeds & plants Spray & other crop						
expense Total	è	è	\$	è	è	è

Most machinery costs are associated with crop production and should be analyzed with the crop enterprise. Total machinery expenses include the major fixed costs (interest and depreciation), as well as the accrual operating costs. Although machinery costs have not been allocated to individual crops, they are shown below per total tillable acre.

ACCRUAL MACHINERY EXPENSES
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

	Aver	age	My Farm_		
Machinery	Total	Per Til.	Total	Per Til	
Expense Item	Expenses	Acre	Expenses_	<u>Acre</u>	
Fuel, oil & grease	\$4,829	\$18.64	\$	\$	
Machinery repairs & parts	11,660	45.02			
Machine hire, rent & lease	2,283	8.82		<u> </u>	
Auto expense (farm share)	863	3.33	<del></del> <del></del>		
Interest (5%)	5,110	19.73			
Depreciation	14,297	55.20		<del></del>	
Total	\$39,043	\$150.74	\$	\$	

# Dairy Analysis

Analysis of the dairy enterprise can reveal a great deal about the strengths and weaknesses of the dairy farm business. Information on this page should be used in conjunction with DHI and other dairy production information. Changes in dairy herd size and market values that occur during the year are identified in the table below. The change in inventory value without appreciation is attributed to physical changes in herd size and quality. Any change in inventory is included as an accrual farm receipt when calculating all of the profitability measures on pages 6 and 7.

DAIRY HERD INVENTORY
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

	Da	iry Cows	Heifers						
				Bred		Open	C	alves	
<pre>Item</pre>	No.	<u>Value</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>. Value</u>	_ No	. Value	No.	<u>Value</u>	
Beg. year (owned)	79	\$80,435	22	\$18,700	23	\$11,464	21	\$5,068	
+ Change w/o apprec.		1,398		378		1,047		28	
+ Appreciation		-792		-180		56		202	
End year (owned)	81	\$81,041	23	\$18,898	25	\$12,567	22	\$5,298	
End incl. leased	81								
Average number	80		67	(all age	gro	oups)			
My Farm:									
Beg. of year (owned)		\$		\$		\$		\$	
+ Change w/o apprec.									
+ Appreciation									
End of year (owned)		\$		\$		. \$		\$	
End including leased									
Average number				(all age	gro	oups)			

Total milk sold and milk sold per cow are extremely valuable measures of size and productivity, respectively, on the dairy farm. These measures of milk output are based on pounds of milk marketed during the year. Farm managers on DHI should compare milk sold per cow with their rolling herd average on the test date nearest December 31 to see how close the DHI estimate of milk produced is to actual milk sales.

MILK PRODUCTION
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

<u>Item</u>	Average	My Farm
Total milk sold, lbs.	1,353,555	
Milk sold per cow, lbs.	17,021	
Average milk plant test, percent butterfat	3.65	

The cost of producing milk has been compiled using the whole farm method and is featured in the following table. Accrual receipts from milk sales can be compared with the accrual costs of producing milk per cow and per hundredweight of milk. Using the whole farm method, operating costs of producing milk are estimated by deducting nonmilk accrual receipts from total accrual operating expenses including expansion livestock purchased. Total costs of producing milk include the operating costs of producing milk plus depreciation on machinery and buildings, the value of operators' labor and management, and the interest charge for using equity capital. Note that the cost of labor, management, and equity capital has been excluded in the intermediate calculation.

ACCRUAL RECEIPTS FROM DAIRY AND COST OF PRODUCING MILK 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

		Average			My Farm		
<u>Item</u>	<u>Total</u>	Per Cow	Per Cwt.	Total	Per Cow	Per Cwt.	
Accrual Costs of							
Producing Milk Operating costs Total costs w/o	\$147,150	\$1,851	\$10.87	\$	\$	\$	
opers' labor, mgmt. & capital	\$170,578	\$2,146	\$12.60	\$	\$	\$	
Total Costs Accrual Receipts	\$212,505	\$2,673	\$15.70	\$	\$	\$	
From Milk	\$198,842	\$2,501	\$14.69	\$	\$	\$	

The accrual operating expenses most commonly associated with the dairy enterprise are listed in the table below. Evaluating these costs per unit of production enables an evaluation of the dairy enterprise.

DAIRY RELATED ACCRUAL EXPENSES
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

	Average			_My Farm	
<u>Item</u>	Per Cow		Per Cwt.	Per Cow	Per Cwt
Purchased dairy grain					
& concentrates	\$693		\$4.07	\$	\$
Purchased dairy roughage	23		.13		· <del></del>
Total Purchased				<del></del>	
Dairy Feed	\$716		\$4.20	\$	\$
Purchased grain & conc.				·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
as % of milk receipts		28%	•		8
Purchased feed & crop exp.	\$851		\$5.00	\$	 \$
Purchased feed & crop exp.					<del></del>
as % of milk receipts		34%			<b>.8</b>
Breeding	\$ 33		\$.20	\$_	 \$
Veterinary & medicine	47		.27		
Milk marketing	61		. 36		<del></del>
Cattle lease	3		.02		
Other livestock expense	118		.69		<del></del>

# Capital and Labor Efficiency Analysis

Capital efficiency factors measure how intensively the capital is being used in the farm business. Measures of labor efficiency are key indicators of management's success in generating products per unit of labor input.

CAPITAL EFFICIENCY
92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

Item	Per Worker	Per Cow	Per Tillable Acre	Per Tillable Acre Owned
Farm capital Real estate Machinery & equipment Capital turnover, years	\$174,168 36,837 2.	\$6,141 2,580 1,299	\$1,885 399	\$2,625 1,103
My Farm: Farm capital Real estate Machinery & equipment Capital turnover, years	\$	\$	\$	\$

# LABOR FORCE INVENTORY AND ANALYSIS 92 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1990

Labor Force	Months	Age	Years of Educ.	Value of Labor & Mgmt.
Operator number 1	11.70	42	13	\$21,718
Operator number 2	2.71	38	13	4,323
Operator number 3	. 39	32	15	609
Family paid	3.96			
Family unpaid	3.59			
Hired	<u>11.29</u>			
Total	33.64		80 Worker Equi 23 Operator/Ma	
My Farm: Total Operator's		÷ 12 = ÷ 12 =	Worker Eq Operator/	uivalent Manager Equiv.

Labor	Av	erage	My Farm	
Efficiency	Total	<u>Per Worker</u>	Total	Per Worker
Cows, average number	80	29		
Milk sold, pounds	1,353,555	482,888		
Tillable acres	259	92		<del></del>
Work units	846	302		

	Average			<u> </u>	m	
		Per	Per		Per	Per
Labor Costs	<u>Total</u>	Cow	Til. Acre	<u>Total</u>	Cow	Til. Acre
Value of operator(s)						
labor (\$1,250/mo.)*	\$18,500	\$233	\$71.43	\$	\$	\$
Family unpaid						
(\$1,250/mo.)*	4,488	56	17.33			
Hired	19,521	246	75.37			
Total Labor	\$42,509	\$535	\$164.13	\$	\$	\$
Machinery Cost	\$39,043	\$491	\$150.74	\$	\$	\$
Total Labor & Mach.	\$81,551	\$1,026	\$314.87	\$	\$	\$

<sup>\*</sup>When comparing to previous years' data, please note 1989 constants used in calculations were \$1,050 per month for the Value of Operator(s) Labor and \$750 per month for Unpaid Family Labor.

# COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF THE FARM BUSINESS

# Progress of the Farm Business

Comparing your business with average data from regional DFBS cooperators that participated in both of the last two years is one part of a business checkup. It is equally important for you to determine the progress your business has made over the past two or three years and to set targets or goals for the future.

PROGRESS OF THE FARM BUSINESS Same 64 Northern New York Dairy Farms, 1989 & 1990

	Average of	64 Farms*	My Farm		
Selected Factors	1989	1990	1989	1990	Goal
Size of Business					
Average number of cows	82	85			
Average number of heifers	69	74			
Milk sold, 1bs.	1,399,254		<del></del>	<del>-</del>	-
Worker equivalent	2.96	2.98		-	
Total tillable acres	268	270			
Rates of Production					
Milk sold per cow, lbs.	17,045	17,689			
Hay DM per acre, tons	2.43				
Corn silage per acre, tons		15		<del>-</del>	
oorn strage per acre, cons	. 13	13			
Labor Efficiency		• •			
Cows per worker	28	28			
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	473,073	503,232			
Cost Control					
Grain & conc. purchased					
as % of milk sales	27%	28%	:	8	
Dairy feed & crop exp.					
per cwt. milk	\$4.99	\$5.09	Ś	Ś	Ś
Labor & mach. costs/cow	\$912	\$1,050	\$	\$	\$
Capital Efficiency**					
Farm capital per cow	\$5,921	\$6,124	ċ	ċ	ċ
			Š——	- >	Ş———
Mach. & equip. per cow	\$1,228	\$1,303	٧	- <sup>\$</sup>	۶
Capital turnover, years	1.91	2.04			
<u>Profitability</u>					
Net farm inc. w/o apprec.	\$43,768	\$36,948	\$	_ \$	\$
Net farm inc. w/apprec. Labor & mgt. income	\$63,818	\$40,879	\$	_ \$	\$
per oper./manager	\$19,569	\$12,226	\$	\$	\$
Rate of return on eq. capital w/apprec.	110	3%		g, o.	
Rate of return on all	11%	24		%%	
capital w/apprec.	10%	5%		%%	
Financial Summary					
Farm net worth, end year	\$336,677	\$341,167	\$	_ \$	\$
Debt to asset ratio	. 33	.36			
Farm debt per cow	\$2,008	\$2,228	Ś	\$	Ś

<sup>\*</sup>Farms participating both years.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Average for the year.

### Farm Business Charts

The Farm Business Chart is a tool which can be used in analyzing a business by drawing a line through the figure in each column which represents the current level of management performance. The figure at the top of each column is the average of the top 10 percent of the 409 farms for that factor. The other figures in each column are the average for the second 10 percent, third 10 percent, etc. Each column of the chart is independent of the others. The farms which are in the top 10 percent for one factor would not necessarily be the same farms which make up the top 10 percent for any other factor.

The cost control factors are ranked from low to high, but the <u>lowest cost</u> is not necessarily the most profitable. In some cases, the "best" management position is somewhere near the middle or average. Many things affect the level of costs, and must be taken into account when analyzing the factors.

References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings.

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR FARM MANAGEMENT COOPERATORS
409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Size	of Bus	iness	Rates	of Produ	ction	_Labor_l	Efficiency
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold
<u>alent</u>	Cows	Sold	Per Cow	DM/Acre	<u>Per Acre</u>	<u>Worker</u>	<u>Per Worker</u>
(DFBS							
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)
8.1	319	5,936,217	20,998	4.4	21	48	837,710
4.6	151	2,631,025	19,213	3.5	17	39	673,111
3.8	120	2,039,688	18,261	3.1	16	36	607,303
3.3	99	1,686,207	17,610	2.9	15	33	558,972
2.9	83	1,385,769	17,083	2.7	14	30	511,780
2.6	71	1,178,752	16,564	2.5	13	28	460,467
2.3	62	999,365	16,031	2.2	12	26	421,664
2.1	55	867,115	15,228	2.0	11	24	385,456
1.9	46	720,368	14,128	1.8	9	21	335,529
1.4	34	498,429	11,572	1.3	6	16	235,225

	Cost Control										
Grain Bought Per Cow	% Grain is of Milk Receipts	Machinery Costs Per Cow	Labor & Machinery Costs Per Cow	Feed & Crop Expenses Per Cow	Feed & Crop Expenses Per Cwt. Milk						
(9)	(9)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(9)						
\$306	148	\$240	\$ 609	\$` <b>4</b> 67	<b>\$</b> 3.16						
434	19	310	720	601	3.81						
509	22	353	781	675	4.25						
566	24	386	828	745	4.52						
621	26	420	871	796	4.74						
678	28	453	921	849	4.98						
721	30	480	972	907	5.24						
771	31	519	1,047	965	5.58						
840	34	579	1,125	1,030	6.01						
975	40	693	1,299	1,177	7.18						

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# FARM BUSINESS CHART (continued)

Milk	Milk	Oper. Cost	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	Total Cost
Receipts	Receipts	Milk	Milk	Production	Production
Per Cow	Per Cwt.	Per Cow	Per Cwt.	Per Cow	Per Cwt.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)
\$3,073	\$15.99	\$1,044	\$ 6.90	\$1,898	\$12.35
2,805	15.13	1,329	8.42	2,153	13.49
2,662	14.86	1,453	9.10	2,287	14.01
2,560	14.65	1,590	9.67	2,411	14.46
2,463	14.49	1,688	10.11	2,518	14.92
2,376	14.35	1,768	10.58	2,633	15.41
2,289	14.21	1,868	11.05	2,727	15.88
2,172	14.07	1,977	11.55	2,838	16.81
2,041	13.87	2,105	12.24	2,978	18.05
1,696	13.27	2,364	13.98	3,378	21.26

# Profitability

	<del>_</del>	Return to Oper	ator's Labor,	La	bor &
Net Farm Income		Management, &	Equity Capital	Managem	<u>ent Income</u>
With	Without	With	Without	Per	Per
<u>Appreciation</u>	<u>Appreciation</u>	Appreciation	<u>Appreciation</u>	<u>F</u> arm	<u>Operator</u>
(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
\$248,067	\$186,279	\$246,604	\$185,529	\$133,487	\$105,965
116,937	81,652	115,693	79,586	51,295	35,165
91,414	60,780	88,765	58,912	34,622	25,238
73,523	48,987	71,909	46,653	26,501	19,038
61,475	39,152	58,789	36,992	19,566	15,093
51,477	31,888	49,557	29,804	14,172	11,283
42,996	25,477	40,684	23,070	8,840	7,232
33,929	18,881	31,331	16,245	3,043	2,279
24,761	11,170	22,618	8,857	-6,749	-5,599
3,831	-7,633	31	-11,442	-33,477	-27,966

Farm Business Charts for farms with freestall barns and 120 cows or less and more than 120 cows, and farms with conventional barns with 60 cows or less and more than 60 cows are shown on pages 25-28.

# Financial Analysis Chart

The farm financial analysis chart on the following page is designed just like the <u>Farm Business Chart</u> and may be used to assess the financial health of the farm business. Most of the financial measures used in the chart are defined on pages 7, 10, 12, and 18 of this publication. References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS CHART 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

	Li	quidity (repaymen	ıt)	
Debt Payments Per Cow	Available for Debt Service _ Per Cow	Cash Flow Coverage Ratio	Debt Payments as Percent of Milk Sales	Debt Per Cow
(DFBS	_ 161 00%	Kacto	or Hirk dates	101 00W
pg. 7)	(11)	(7)	(7)	(5)
\$ 53	\$942	7.00	2%	\$ 129
180	762	2.25	7	682
254	663	1.75	10	1,156
333	580	1.49	13	1,542
389	514	1.21	16	1,863
440	460	1.07	18	2,212
487	399	0.93	20	2,643
549	327	0.77	23	3,051
631	244	0.55	28	3,541
889	- 50	-0.27	39	4,655

	<u>Solvency</u>		Pro	ofitability
	Debt/Asset R	atio	Percent Ra	te of Return with
Percent	Current &	Long	appr	eciation on:
Equity	<u> Intermediate</u>	Term	Equity	Investment*
(5)	(5)	(5)	(3)	(3)
98	0.01	0.00	30	1.9
89	0.05	0.00	17	14
83	0.10	0.08	13	12
77	0.17	0.20	11	10
71	0.22	0.29	9	9
66	0.27	0.39	7	7
61	0.33	0.51	5	6
54	0.39	0.60	3	5
46	0.49	0.73	0	3
32	0.74	1.05	-14	- 2

	Efficie	ncy (Capital)		_
Capital	Real Estate	Machinery	Total Farm	Change in
Turnover	Investment	Investment	Assets	Net Worth
(years)	Per Cow	Per Cow	Per Cow_	<u>w/Appreciation</u>
(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(5)
1.40	\$1,420	\$ 563	\$ 4,248	\$184,415
1.69	1,973	759	5,080	77,982
1.83	2,297	906	5,571	55,765
1.96	2,570	1,029	5,916	44,425
2.10	2,837	1,138	6,287	36,412
2.26	3,081	1,255	6,653	28,486
2.41	3,445	1,391	7,224	21,656
2.59	3,940	1,567	7,810	15,973
2.90	4,646	1,786	8,820	9,520
4.19	7,175	2,505	11,461	-14,836

<sup>\*</sup>Return on all farm capital (no deduction for interest paid) divided by total farm assets.

# Comparisons by Type of Barn and Herd Size

When analyzing a dairy farm business by comparing it to a group of farms, it is important that the group of farms used has as many of the same physical characteristics as possible as the farm being analyzed. To assist in this endeavor, dairy farms in the 1989 State Summary have been divided into those with freestall and those with conventional housing. Within each group is a further classification by size of the dairy herd.

The table on page 24 shows the average values for the resulting four groups of dairy farms. Within each housing type, the larger herd size has the highest crop yields and pounds of milk sold per cow. The total cost of producing milk was lower on the larger farms and labor efficiency greater. Profitability was also greater on the larger farms within each housing type.

Farm business charts have been computed for each of the four housing and herd size categories. References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings. From these charts on pages 25-28 the range in size of business, rates of production, labor efficiency, value and cost of producing milk, and profitability can be observed. The range in every category of business performance is tremendous.

By comparing the farm's performance on the most appropriate business chart, a farm manager will be better able to evaluate his or her business performance. Farm managers should remember, however, that their competition is not limited to the other farms in their own barn type and herd size category. They should observe how their management performance compares with farms in other categories as well.

# Herd Size Comparisons

A detailed comparison of profitability, financial situation, and business analysis factors across herd sizes is contained on pages 29-36. As herd size increases, the average profitability also increases (pages 29-30). Net farm income without appreciation was \$291,433 per farm for the 300 or more herd size group and \$13,766 per farm for those with less than 40 cows. This relationship holds for all measures of profitability including rate of return on equity capital.

As herd size increases, percent equity generally decreases (pages 31-34). However, farm net worth increases substantially as herd size increases. The average net worth for all size farms increased during 1989.

Crop yields generally increased as herd size increased, but fertilizer and lime expenses and machinery cost per tillable acre also increased (pages 35-36). Milk sold per cow generally increased as herd size increased, ranging from 15,507 pounds on the farms with less than 40 cows to 19,250 pounds on farms with 300 or more cows. Farm capital per worker increased as herd size increased, while farm capital per cow decreased as herd size increased. Cows per worker increased dramatically as herd size increased, ranging from 18 at the lowest herd size category up to 44 at the largest size category.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Smith, Stuart F., Wayne A. Knoblauch, and Linda D. Putnam, <u>Dairy Farm Management Business Summary</u>, New York, <u>1989</u>, Department of Agricultural Economics, Cornell University, A.E. Res. 90-11, November 1990.

# SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY TYPE OF BARN AND HERD SIZE 381 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with:	Convent	<u>ional</u>	Frees	
<u>Item</u>	≤60 Cows	>60 Cows	≤120 Cows	>120 Cows
Number of farms	122	109	65	85
Cropping Program Analysis				
Total Tillable acres	167	294	270	585
Tillable acres rented*	53	115	100	217
Hay crop acres*	103	172	146	251
Corn silage acres*	28	56	67	201
Hay crop, tons DM/acre	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.9
Corn silage, tons/acre	12.2	13.8	13.7	13.4
Oats, bushels/acre	49.6	58.7	60.0	54.7
Forage DM per cow, tons	7.7	8.1	8.1	7.2
Tillable acres/cow	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.6
Fert. & lime exp./til. acre	\$22.30	\$24.69	\$30.57	33.16
Total machinery costs	\$21,279	\$36,427	\$40,470	\$90,526
Machinery cost/tillable acre	\$127	\$124	\$150	\$155
Dairy Analysis				
Number of cows	46	87	85	227
Number of heifers	37	71	69	177
Milk sold, 1bs.	743,605	1,453,839	1,415,556	4,098,891
Milk sold/cow, lbs.	16,157	16,697	16,585	18,066
Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt.		\$10.42	\$10.29	\$10.68
Total cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$16.41	\$15.19	\$15.45	\$13.92
Price/cwt. milk sold	\$14.40	\$14.43	\$14.58	\$14.62
Purchased dairy feed/cow	\$649	\$664	\$658	\$723
Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk	\$4.01	\$3.98	\$3.97	\$4.00
Purc. grain & conc. as % milk red		27%	26%	26%
Purc. feed & crop exp./cwt. milk	\$4.90	\$4.86	\$5.00	\$4.93
Capital Efficiency				
Farm capital/worker	\$168,798	\$199,109	\$205,751	\$221,387
Farm capital/cow	\$7,429	\$6,765	\$6,882	\$5,812
Farm capital/til. acre owned	\$2,998	\$3,292	\$3,437	\$3,593
Real estate/cow	\$3,824	\$3,248	\$3,176	\$2,582
Machinery investment/cow	\$1,391	\$1,205	\$1,417	\$973
Capital turnover, years	2.48	2.30	2.26	1.81
Labor Efficiency				
Worker equivalent	2.02	2.96	2.86	5.96
Operator/manager equivalent	1.22	1.44	1.44	1.51
Milk sold/worker, 1bs.	367,285	491,277	495,572	688,163
Cows/worker	23	29	30	38
Work units/worker	245	314	316	390
Labor cost/cow	\$498	\$447	\$430	\$483
Labor cost/tillable acre	\$137	\$133	\$136	\$187
Profitability & Balance Sheet And				
Net farm income (w/o apprec.)	\$20,720	\$39,553	\$39,227	\$112,143
Labor & mgmt. income/operator	\$5,437	\$11,836	\$11,533	\$45,387
Farm debt/cow	\$2,375	\$2,055	\$2,116	\$2,024
Percent equity	68%	70%	69%	659

<sup>\*</sup>Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR SMALL CONVENTIONAL STALL DAIRY FARM 122 Conventional Stall Dairy Farms with 60 or Less Cows, New York, 1989

Size	of Bus	iness	Rates	Rates of Production			Labor Efficiency		
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds		
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold		
<u>alent</u>	Cows	Sold	<u>Per Cow</u>	DM/Acre	Per Acre	<u>Worker</u>	<u>Per Worker</u>		
(DFBS									
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)		
3.2	59	1,082,881	20,110	3.7	21	35	587,841		
2.5	56	958,974	18,349	3.1	17	29	499,136		
2.3	54	892,052	17,564	2.8	16	27	450,294		
2.1	52	827,657	16,984	2.6	15	26	422,701		
2.0	49	783,358	16,434	2.5	13	24	397,144		
2.0	45	719,950	15,944	2.2	12	23	374,075		
1.9	43	650,096	15,271	2.0	11	22	345,055		
1.7	40	584,651	14,520	1.9	10	20	303,273		
1.4	35	530,551	13,332	1.7	8	17	258,421		
1.1	26	359,661	11,239	1.1	4	13	177,369		

Cost Control								
Grain Bought Per Cow	% Grain is of Milk Receipts	Machinery Costs Per Cow	Labor & Machinery Costs Per Cow	Feed & Crop Expenses	Feed & Crop Expenses Per Cwt. Milk			
(9) \$316	(9) 14%	(10) \$217	(10) \$ 664	<u>Per Cow</u> (9) \$ 464	(9) \$3.17			
442	20	299	771	562	3.75			
487	22	362	822	624	4.05			
541	24	410	868	687	4.44			
578	26	448	916	744	4.66			
622	28	473	972	790	4.90			
688	30	504	1,036	842	5.12			
732	32	543	1,093	927	5.55			
812	34	597	1,151	1,020	6.12			
977	41	717	1,400	1,194	7.54			

Value	and Cost of Pr	oduction	]	Profitabil:	Lty	
Milk	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	Net Fari	n Income	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
Per Cow	Per Cwt.	<u>Per Cwt.</u>	Apprec.	Apprec.	Per Oper.	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$2,973	\$ 6.19	\$13.34	\$77,328	\$48,104	\$26,023	\$56,366
2,688	8.05	14.29	57,624	35,025	18,388	37,798
2,566	9.03	14.76	45,724	31,524	14,483	31,255
2,453	9.40	15.15	39,848	26,540	12,362	26,731
2,339	9.81	15.56	35,068	22,584	9,906	21,857
0.040		••••••				
2,243	10.12	16.02	32,068	19,706	6,256	18,070
2,160	10.61	17.04	27,705	15,506	2,400	14,531
2,066	11.22	17.97	23,549	11,515	-1,429	11,710
1,870	12.19	19.30	15,708	3,658	-7,860	6,889
1,617	14.13	23.57	551	-8,603	-24,176	-6,541

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR LARGE CONVENTIONAL STALL DAIRY FARMS 109 Conventional Stall Dairy Farms with More Than 60 Cows, New York, 1989

Size of Business		iness	Rates	Rates of Production			Labor Efficiency	
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds	
Equiv-	of	Mi1k	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold	
<u>alent</u>	Cows	So1d	Per Cow	DM/Acre	Per Acre	Worker	<u>Per Worker</u>	
(DFBS								
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)	
5.0	148	2,535,927	20,872	4.7	21	44	735,247	
3.9	110	1,927,801	19,003	3.7	17	37	635,498	
3.3	97	1,674,576	18,148	3.2	16	35	578,731	
3.0	91	1,490,911	17,659	3.0	15	33	555,010	
2.9	81	1,378,256	17,136	2.7	14	31	528,601	
						<del>-</del> -		
2.6	76	1,282,035	16,615	2.4	13	29	478,090	
2.5	71	1,204,144	16,073	2.2	12	28	434,996	
2.3	68	1,121,221	15,296	2.0	11	25	409,259	
2.1	65	1,016,738	14,152	1.8	9	23	363,710	
1.9	62	852,073	11,564	1.3	6	19	301,588	

		Cost	t Control		
Grain Bought Per Cow	% Grain is of Milk Receipts	Machinery Costs Per Cow	Labor & Machinery Costs Per Cow	Feed & Crop Expenses Per Cow	Feed & Crop Expenses Per Cwt. Milk_
(9)	(9)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(9)
\$ 287	13%	\$230	\$ 584	\$ 415	\$2.96
387	19	296	. 690	570	3.72
507	21	331	748	667	4.24
581	24	363	800	749	4.50
645	27	403	841	787	4.69
690	29	437	887	828	4.87
733	30	469	929	892	5.11
772	31	494	977	945	5.44
844	33	550	1,061	998	5.69
1,022	40	626	1,181	1,184	6.82

<u>Value</u>	and Cost of Pr	oduction	]	Profitabil:	ity	
Milk	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	Net Farm	n Income	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Mi1k	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
<u>Per Cow</u>	Per Cwt.	Per Cwt.	Apprec.	Apprec.	Per Oper.	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$3,077	\$ 7.09	\$12.08	\$114,433	\$88,805	\$49,904	\$91,501
2,729	8.23	13.18	94,259	65,165	31,977	63,463
2,620	8.88	13.91	77,085	55,430	24,453	48,723
2,523	9.66	14.33	66,467	47,313	18,813	40,634
2,443	10.21	14.83	59,917	41,312	15,344	33,677
				<b></b> -		
2,382	10.68	15.30	54,078	34,051	10,150	25,419
2,331	11.12	15.85	50,247	28,701	5,622	20,441
2,185	11.49	16.51	42,611	22,779	-23	15,025
2,045	12.22	17.64	26,362	12,470	-7,495	8,067
1,663	13.72	19.28	7,372	-4,472	-30,414	-15,456
2,045	12.22	17.64	26,362	12,470	-7,495	8,067

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR SMALL FREESTALL DAIRY FARMS
65 Freestall Barn Dairy Farms with 120 or Less Cows, New York, 1989

Size	of Bus	f Business Rates of			Production Labor Efficiency			
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds	
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold	
<u>alent</u>	Cows	Sold	Per Cow	DM/Acre	Per Acre	Worker	<u>Per Worker</u>	
(DFBS								
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)	
4.1	117	2,099,489	20,204	3.7	19	49	818,478	
3.6	110	1,937,211	19,154	3.2	18	39	658,565	
3.3	104	1,768,897	18,170	3.0	16	36	588,100	
3.1	96	1,652,918	17,494	2.7	15	33	550,232	
3.0	87	1,435,527	16,761	2.6	14	30	506,410	
2.7	79	1,255,415	16,149	2.5	13	28	468,429	
2.5	73	1,167,685	15,604	2.2	12	27	441,999	
2.3	67	992,268	14,639	2.0	12	24	396,308	
2.0	61	886,048	13,300	1.7	10	22	339,922	
1.5	45	657,390	11,473	1.3	6	18	253,660	

Cost Control								
Grain Bought	% Grain is of Milk	Machinery Costs	Labor & Machinery	Feed & Crop Expenses	Feed & Crop Expenses Per			
Per Cow	Receipts	Per Cow	Costs Per Cow	Per Cow	Cwt. Milk			
(9)	(9)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(9)			
\$262	11%	\$262	\$ 629	\$ 499	\$3.18			
414	18	335	. 685	598	3.65			
481	21	361	726	648	4.03			
529	23	387	807	695	4.39			
559	24	416	848	747	4.75			
619	26	442	892	823	5.10			
711	29	486	946	884	5.37			
786	31	581	1,028	985	5.72			
827	35	627	1,150	1,066	6.23			
927	39	772	1.319	1.166	7.47			

<u>Value</u>	and Cost of Pr	oduction		Profitabil:	ity	
Milk	Oper. Cost	Total Cost	Net Fari	n Income	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
Per Cow	<u>Per Cwt.</u>	Per Cwt.	Apprec.	Apprec.	Per Oper.	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$2,931	\$ 7.42	\$12.82	\$131,181	\$92,002	\$42,876	\$120,849
2,746	8.41	13.67	108,370	70,904	29,632	71,555
2,627	8.78	13.95	86,558	59,498	24,712	53,730
2,535	9.32	14.44	71,185	47,335	17,710	45,227
2,389	9.91	14.83	63,492	39,374	12,181	39,713
	10.00					
2,340	10.38	15.55	49,919	32,611	9,253	30,475
2,271	10.74	16.16	45,678	23,502	5,595	24,566
2,163	11.42	16.96	40,668	17,094	433	19,880
2,026	12.08	18.09	28,633	12,468	-6,569	12,909
1,786	14.23	21.47	6,011	-9,408	-30,033	-22,467

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR LARGE FREESTALL DAIRY FARMS
85 Freestall Barn Dairy Farms with More Than 120 Cows, New York, 1989

Size	Size of Business		Rates	of Produ	Labor I	Labor Efficiency		
Worker	No.	Pounds	Pounds	Tons	Tons Corn	Cows	Pounds	
Equiv-	of	Milk	Milk Sold	Hay Crop	Silage	Per	Milk Sold	
<u>alent</u>	Cows	Sold	Per Cow_	DM/Acre	Per Acre	Worker	<u>Per Worker</u>	
(DFBS								
pg. 10)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(8)	(8)	(10)	(10)	
13.5	599	11,715,283	21,902	4.7	21	57	974,828	
7.9	309	5,924,952	20,191	3.9	17	45	834,516	
6.4	241	4,151,273	19,033	3.5	15	42	758,862	
5.9	202	3,477,166	18,235	3.1	15	40	679,571	
5.4	176	3,076,850	17,527	2.9	14	38	648,794	
4.7	158	2,716,435	17,113	2.7	14	36	622,961	
4.3	147	2,587,680	16,618	2.5	13	33	591,466	
4.0	135	2,401,491	16,199	2.3	12	30	555,013	
3.6	129	2,208,918	15,276	2.0	10	29	477,645	
2.9	124	1,747,481	12,827	1.4	8	24	394,681	

_		_	_
$\Gamma \cap$	c+	Contro	1

Grain Bought	% Grain is of Milk	Machinery Costs	Labor & Machinery	Feed & Crop Expenses	Feed & Crop Expenses Per
Per Cow	Receipts	Per Cow	Costs Per Cow	Per Cow _	<u>Cwt. Milk</u>
(9)	(9)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(9)
\$350	15%	\$269	\$ 570	\$ 557	\$3.34
447	18	311	713	659	3.99
542	21	347	755	763	4.37
612	24	367	806	824	4.55
675	26	385	841	871	4.72
697	27	412	884	910	5.03
735	29	446	944	940	5.35
791	30	473	999	986	5.66
854	32	523	1,089	1,033	5.99
933_	38	637	1,214	1,135	6.79

Value	and Cost of Pr	oduction _		Profitabil:	i <u>ty</u>	
Milk	Oper, Cost	Total Cost	Net Far	m Income	Labor &.	Change in
Receipts	Milk	Production	With	Without	Mgmt. Inc.	Net Worth
Per Cow	Per Cwt.	Per Cwt.	Apprec.	Apprec.	<u>Per Oper.</u>	w/Apprec.
(9)	(9)	(9)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(5)
\$3,158	\$ 7.53	\$11.77	\$489,502	\$388,784	\$263,374	\$386,727
2,943	8.97	12.78	224,879	166,354	81,107	148,869
2,826	9.63	13.41	175,229	125,725	55,887	114,322
2,690	10.12	13.79	149,071	104,032	39,787	93,275
2,588	10.72	14.03	128,645	89,598	30,944	75,711
2,514	11.14	14.37	112,208	74,194	24,061	61,278
2,411	11.53	14.82	95,648	58,276	18,210	48,408
2,317	11.83	15.31	82,467	48,720	12,879	39,145
2,194	12.23	15.86	62,456	31,784	4,109	19,973
1,931	13.85	18.47	11,693	-5,278	-33,414	-28,227

# FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

T+a=	Form Simon	Less than	40 to	55 to	70 to _84 Cows_	85 to
<u>Item</u>	<u>Farm Size:</u>	40 Cows	54 Cows	69 Cows	04 COWS	99 Cows
Number of farms		30	71	76	54	36
ACCRUAL EXPENSES						
Hired labor		\$ 2,395	\$ 5,539	\$ 9,109	\$ 15,465	\$ 22,322
Dairy grain & con	centrate	20,568	30,134	36,734	49,960	60,192
Dairy roughage		978	1,689	812	2,099	610
Nondairy feed		328	465	407	569	351
Machine hire/rent		583	1,437	1,539	2,098	1,825
Machine repairs/p		3,894	5,685	8,000	9,136	14,575
Auto expense (far		651	633	629	741	868
Fuel, oil & greas		1,977	2,520	3,768	4,439	5,814
Replacement lives	tock	2,190	1,797	1,598	1,921	2,990
Breeding		981	1,686	2,188	2,644	3,502
Veterinary & medi	cine	1,468	2,001	3,023	3,357	4,676
Milk marketing		3,179	4,852	5,862	6,959	9,584
Cattle lease/rent		695	172	250	376	172
Other livestock e	xpense	3,501	5,198	6,492	7,439	10,961
Fertilizer & lime	•	1,756	3,597	5,177	6,899	9,512
Seeds & plants		810	1,476	2,356	2,997	3,283
Spray & other cro		907	1,243	1,784	2,247	3,696
Land/building/fen	ce repair	1,515	1,612	3,045	2,884	5,343
Taxes & rent		3,127	4,856	7,101	8,123	9,936
Telephone & elect	ricity	2,749	3,676	4,860	5,251	6,905
Interest paid		5,053	9,735	11,524	12,863	15,730
Misc. (including		2,457	3,453	<u>5,050</u>	<u>5,690</u>	6,297
Total Operation	ng Expenses	\$61,762	\$ 93,456	\$121,308	\$154,157	\$199,144
Expansion livesto		1	444	737	495	781
Machinery depreci		4,874	7,916	10,386	12,113	15,505
Building deprecia	tion	<u> </u>	<u>3,152</u>	<u>5,531</u>	<u>5,758</u>	9,294
Total Accrual	Expenses	\$68,623	\$104,968	\$137,962	\$172,523	\$224,724
ACCRUAL RECEIPTS						
Milk sales		\$71,242	\$108,664	\$148,487		\$235,827
Dairy cattle		6,649	8,678	11,397	13,504	19,819
Dairy calves		1,561	2,108	2,604	4,225	3,750
Other livestock		121	939	422	329	174
Crops		664	1,940	1,201	684	3,590
Misc. receipts		<u>2,152</u>	<u>2,840</u>	<u>3,279</u>	5,381	<u>5,547</u>
Total Accrual	Receipts	\$82,389	\$125,169	\$167,390	\$204,394	\$268,707
PROFITABILITY ANA						
Net farm income (			\$20,201	\$29,428	\$31,871	\$43,983
Net farm income (	w/apprec.)	\$24,047	\$36,347	\$48,781	\$51,376	\$70,303
Labor & mgmt. inc		\$2,102	\$6,606	\$11,438	\$11,758	\$18,041
Number of operator		1.15	1.17	1.42	1.39	1.42
Labor & mgmt. inc	./oper.	\$1,828	\$5,646	\$8,055	\$8,459	\$12,705
Rates of return o						
Equity capital	w/o apprec.	-4.6%	-1.7%	0.3%	0.8%	2.9
Equity capital	w/apprec.	1.4%	5.7%	6.4%	6.4%	8.4
All capital w/o	apprec.	-1.1%	1.8%	2.7%	3.0%	4.6
All capital w/a						

# FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

		100 to	150 to	200 to	300 or
Item	Farm_Size:	149 Cows	199 Cows	299 Cows	More Cows
Number of fa	rms	80	31	17	14
ACCRUAL EXPE	<u>INSES</u>				
Hired labor		\$ 30,190	\$ 55,322	\$ 83,642 \$	
	& concentrate	76,521	119,199	172,054	373,816
Dairy rougha		3,495	4,313	5,709	6,332
Nondairy fee		454	749	967	0
Machine hire		2,725	3,914	5,586	19,081
Machine repa	· ·	17,077	23,034	34,450	60,444
_	e (farm share)	901	789	752	2,637
Fuel, oil &		7,190	10,677	14,698	22,618
Replacement	livestock	2,260	3,079	16,880	8,915
Breeding		3,604	5,568	6,418	14,190
Veterinary &		5,842	8,792	14,636	34,474
Milk marketi Cattle lease		9,982 64	15,135 272	18,727 988	27,913
Other livest		12,307	16,189	20,429	6,948 45,722
Fertilizer 8	-	11,174	15,645	23,013	37,238
Seeds & plan		4,629	6,865	9,554	21,154
<del>-</del>	er crop expense	4,851	5,425	10,219	20,085
	ng/fence repair	5,306	7,937	15,079	23,226
Taxes & rent		13,533	17,365	27,240	41,176
	electricity	8,315	11,241	13,898	25,755
Interest pai	<del>-</del>	22,613	32,977	42,676	89,048
	uding insurance)	9,421	11,400	19,671	<u> 25, 496</u>
	perating Expenses	\$252,454	\$375,887		\$1,159,449
Expansion 1		1,012	3,114	14,821	29,024
Machinery de	epreciation	16,740	25,779	30,127	53,395
Building dep	preciation	8,762	<u>12,154</u>	20,363	<u>55,376</u>
Total Ad	ccrual Expenses	\$278,968	\$416,934	\$622,597	\$1,297,244
ACCRUAL RECI	EIPTS	****	*	****	
Milk sales		\$296,217	\$424,114		\$1,426,857
Dairy cattle		22,779	31,675	69,534	137,679
Dairy calves		4,544	7,831	10,033	23,397
Other lives	cock	287	2,423	353	-294
Crops	n t- a	6,136	9,456	3,941	
Misc. receip	ccrual Receipts	<u>8,498</u> \$338,461	11,811 \$487,310	23,551 \$732,411	20,741 \$1,588,677
TOTAL A	ccruar kecerpts	\$338,461	\$467,310	\$732,411	\$1,300,077
PROFITABILI'					
	come (w/o apprec.)	\$59,493	\$70,376	\$109,814	•
	come (w/apprec.)	\$89,182	\$106,904	\$147,102	
Labor & mgm		\$31,767	\$30,493	\$65,406	•
Number of o		1.51	1.67	1.49	1.41
	t. inc./oper.	\$21,038	\$18,259	\$43,897	\$149,485
Rate of ret					_
	pital w/o apprec.	4.4%			
	pital w/apprec.	10.3%			
-	al w/o apprec.	5.9%			
All capit	al w/apprec.	9.7%	9.0%	11.0%	16.2%

# FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with: <u>Less than 40 Cows</u> 40	to 54 Cows 55 to 69 Cows	_
	1 Dec. 31 Jan. 1 Dec. 31	_
<u>ASSETS</u>		
	3,145 \$ 3,115 \$ 3,664 \$ 7,866	66
	3,661 9,928 12,079 14,717	
Prepaid expenses 15 16	0 75 49 60	
	3,305 20,065 29,450 30,543	
Livestock* 44,604 48,981 61	1,678 71,795 83,263 92,798	
	9,262 62,317 83,363 89,969	
	1,252 819 2,242 1,683	
	2,344 2,420 3,784 3,700	
	5,176 <u>181,000</u> <u>227,568</u> <u>234,459</u>	
·	0,823 \$351,534 \$445,462 \$475,799	
	3,024 \$ 3,426 \$ 6,013 \$ 6,130	
Cash value of life ins. 1,328 1,902 3	3,108 3,460 4,387 4,31 <sup>0</sup>	
Nonfarm real estate 17,909 18,136 20	0,159 19,118 16,809 18,299	<b>3</b> δ
Auto (personal share) 3,101 2,405 2	2,382 3,310 3,709 4,729	
Stocks & bonds 2,617 3,728 2	2,997 3,230 2,885 3,22°	
	9,849 10,911 8,619 9,32	
	$\frac{3,543}{3,000} = \frac{3,181}{3,000} = \frac{2,050}{3,000}$	
Tot. Nonfarm Assets**\$ 43,157 \$ 43,383 \$ 45 Total Farm & Nonfarm	5,063 \$ 46,636 \$ 44,790 \$ 48,07	/5
Assets \$290,336 \$304,410 \$375	5,886 \$398,170 \$490,252 \$523,87	70
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,264 \$ 4,239 \$ 3,106 \$ 2,38	86
	1,166 1,436 1,585 1,68	
1 0	1,217 911 1,343 1,62	
Advanced gov't. rec. 0 0		0
	4,740 46,022 49,114 51,79	
	0,569 67,504 <u>86,602</u> <u>86,10</u>	
<del></del>	1,956 \$120,139 \$141,750 \$143,59	
	3,040 <u>4,591</u> <u>2,496</u> <u>2,77</u>	
Total Farm & Nonfarm	<del>210.10</del> <del>- 110.21</del> <del></del>	
	4,996 \$124,730 \$144,246 \$146,37	78
Farm Net Worth	7,555 4121,755 4111,216 4110,57	, 0
(Equity Capital) \$164,810 \$179,687 \$208	8 867 \$231 395 \$303 712 \$332 19	96
Farm & Nonfarm	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	0,890 \$273,440 \$346,006 \$377,49	92
FINANCIAL MEASURES Less than 40 Co	ows 40 to 54 Cows 55 to 69 Cow	ws
Percent equity 69%	66% 70%	
Debt/asset ratio-long term 0.34	0.37 0.37	
Debt/asset ratio-inter. & current 0.28	0.31 0.24	
Change in net worth with apprec. \$14,877	\$22,528 \$28,484	
Total farm debt per cow \$2,392	\$2,503 \$2,279	
Debt payments made per cow \$504	\$501 \$487	
Debt payments as % of milk sales 21%		
Amount avail. for debt service \$18,764	\$23,403 \$30,378	
Cash flow coverage ratio for 1989 1.37	1.13 1.16	

<sup>\*</sup>Includes discounted lease payments.

\*\*Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.

\*\*\*Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

# FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with:	Farms with: 70 to		85 to	85 to 99 Cows		
Item	Jan. 1	Dec. 31	Jan. 1	Dec. 31		
ASSETS						
Farm cash/chkg./savings	\$ 4,356	\$ 4,829	\$ 10,185	\$ 11,878		
Accounts receivable	15,076	17,283	19,203	22,459		
Prepaid expenses	96	154	0	42		
Feed & supplies	36,556	36,738	50,109	51,786		
Livestock*	101,318	109,932	128,625	143,711		
Machinery & equipment*	96,463	100,690	121,493	129,779		
FLB & PCA stock	3,565	2,233	4,033	2,683		
Other stock & cert.	5,548	5,605	6,792	7,166		
Land & buildings*	231,804	244,714	282,422	297,409		
Total Farm Assets	\$494,782	\$522,178	\$622,862	\$666,913		
Pers. cash/chkg./savings	\$ 7,819	\$ 9,562	\$ 12,444	\$ 12,771		
Cash value of life ins.	6,444	6,915	6,313	7,589		
Nonfarm real estate	1,297	1,297	68,940	71,340		
Auto (personal share)	3,278	3,262	3,974	4,604		
Stocks & bonds	2,326	2,855	9,066	10,275		
Household furnishings	7,540	7,663	12,040	12,140		
All other	<u>2,817</u>	<u>2,738</u>	6,061	6,228		
Total Nonfarm Assets**	\$ 31,521	\$ 34,291	\$118,837	\$124,947		
Total Farm & Nonfarm						
Assets	\$526,303	\$556,469	\$741,699	\$791,860		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ 4,658	\$ 6,543	\$ 4,023	\$ 4,139		
Operating debt	1,821	1,719	3,098	3,563		
Short term	2,730	2,190	429	458		
Advanced gov't. rec.	0	79	46	0		
Intermediate***	70,943	68,082	70,924	70,201		
Long term*	<u> </u>	<u>83,708</u>	<u>86,553</u>	<u>84,557</u>		
Total Farm Liab.	\$161,723	\$162,321	\$165,073	\$162,918		
Total Nonfarm Liab.**	730	<u> </u>	<u>1,434</u>	<u> </u>		
Total Farm & Nonfarm						
Liabilities	\$162,453	\$163,267	\$166,507	\$164,314		
Farm Net Worth						
(Equity Capital)	\$333,059	\$359,857	\$457,789	\$503,995		
Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth	\$363,850	\$393,202	\$575,192	\$627,546		
FINANCIAL MEASURES	<u>70</u>	to 84 Cows	<u>85 to</u>	99 Cows		
Percent equity		69%		76%		
Debt/asset ratio-long term		0.34		0.28		
Debt/asset ratio-inter. & o		0.28		0.21		
Change in net worth with ap	prec.	\$26,798		46,206		
Total farm debt per cow		\$2,081	;	\$1,715		
Debt payments made per cow		\$436		\$470		
Debt payments as % of milk		18%		18%		
Amount avail. for debt serv		\$34,691	Ş.	50,507		
Cash flow coverage ratio fo	or 1989	1.21		1.50		

<sup>\*</sup>Includes discounted lease payments.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with:	100 to	o 149 Cows	150 to 199 Cows			
Item	Jan. 1	Dec. 31	Jan. 1	<u>D</u> ec. 31		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Farm cash/chkg./savings	\$ 13,511	\$ 14,250	\$ 8,934	\$ 5,412		
Accounts receivable	25,047	29,370	35,526	41,319		
Prepaid expenses	124	145	0	119		
Feed & supplies	57,495	63,078	76,415	87,952		
Livestock*	160,348	181,423	229,484	243,888		
Machinery & equipment*	141,672	151,849	192,342	211,823		
FLB & PCA stock	6,027	3,729	11,558	7,862		
Other stock & cert.	5,705	5,736	12,425	12,461		
Land & buildings*	<u>337,200</u>	<u>343,338</u>	<u> 526,377</u>	<u>549,276</u>		
Total Farm Assets	\$747,129	\$792,918	\$1,093,061	\$1,160,112		
Pers. cash/chkg./savings	\$ 4,720	\$ 5,529	\$ 2,219	\$ 4,553		
Cash value of life ins.	3,937	4,748	9,007	10,411		
Nonfarm real estate	100,995	100,995	71,588	72,088		
Auto (personal share)	3,124	3,435	2,162	3,094		
Stocks & bonds	3,053	3,888	4,256	6,244		
Household furnishings	7,768	7,402	5,912	6,118		
All other	4,608	8,487	27,577	<u>26,508</u>		
Total Nonfarm Assets**	\$128,206	\$134,484	\$ 122,722	\$ 129,017		
Total Farm & Nonfarm						
Assets	\$875,335	\$927,402	\$1,215,783	\$1,289,129		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ 7,374	\$ 5,669	\$ 10,369	\$ 9,279		
Operating debt	5,270	7,241	6,989	8,798		
Short term	3,012	3,166	3,793	1,410		
Advanced gov't. rec.	0	16	0	12		
Intermediate***	98,620	96,360	131,263	137,994		
Long term*	<u>150,454</u>	<u>145,360</u>	<u>206,439</u>	<u>211,119</u>		
Total Farm Liab.	\$264,730	\$257,812	\$ 358,853	\$ 368,612		
Total Nonfarm Liab.**	2,304	<u>4,184</u>	<u>12,740</u>	<u>11,684</u>		
Total Farm & Nonfarm						
Liabilities	\$267,034	\$261,996	\$ 371,593	\$ 380,296		
Farm Net Worth						
(Equity Capital)	\$482,399	\$535,106	\$ 734,208	\$ 791,500		
Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth	\$608,301	\$665,406	\$ 844,190	\$ 908,833		
FINANCIAL MEASURES	<u>10</u>	<u>0_to 149 Cows</u>	<u>150 </u>	<u>to 199 Cows</u>		
Percent equity		67%		68%		
Debt/asset ratio-long term		0.42		0.38		
Debt/asset ratio-inter. & cu		0.25		0.26		
Change in net worth with app	rec.	\$52,707	\$!	57,292		
Total farm debt per cow		\$2,079	;	\$2,168		
Debt payments made per cow		\$467		<b>\$</b> 552		
Debt payments as % of milk s	ales	19%		22%		
Amount avail. for debt servi		\$60,506	\$8	89,986		
Cash flow coverage ratio for	1989	1.15		1.11		

<sup>\*</sup>Includes discounted lease payments.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989. \*\*\*Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

# FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with:		200 to	299	Cows		More tha	n 300 Cows
<u>Item</u>		Jan. 1	_	Dec. 31		Jan, 1	Dec. <u>31</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Farm cash/chkg./savings	\$	5,943	\$	8,040	\$	16,017	\$ 24,860
Accounts receivable	т	46,621	Ψ.	55,131	Ψ	101,657	127,502
Prepaid expenses		471		324		5,068	8,214
Feed & supplies		117,606		124,257		280,374	291,873
Livestock*		304,035		340,842		553,509	629,735
Machinery & equipment*		230,326		246,739		324,924	385,629
FLB & PCA stock		13,717		9,240		18,213	13,921
Other stock & cert.		21,440		22,793		68,664	69,218
Land & buildings*		558,197		591,508	1	,082,573	1,155,431
Total Farm Assets	\$1	,298,356	<u>\$</u> 1	.,398,874		,450,999	\$2,706,383
					-		
Pers. cash/chkg./savings	\$	7,411	\$	8,267	\$	2,040	\$ 2,328
Cash value of life ins.		22,877		22,846		1,505	1,632
Nonfarm real estate		12,000		14,778		34,000	33,000
Auto (personal share)		5,411		6,444		3,900	2,900
Stocks & bonds		32,971		35,919		16,667	22,049
Household furnishings		5,778		5,889		6,800	8,060
All other	_	<u>10,887</u>		8,623		<u>8,792</u>	<u>7,942</u>
Total Nonfarm Assets** Total Farm & Nonfarm	\$	97,336	\$	102,765	\$	73,704	\$ 77,912
Assets	\$1	,395,692	\$1	,501,639	\$2	,524,703	\$2,784,295
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	19,458	\$	13,985	\$	13,502	\$ 19,014
Operating debt	•	20,588	•	29,323	•	90,589	103,588
Short term		10,610		20,582		14,800	9,189
Advanced gov't. rec.		. 0		0		0	0
Intermediate***		251,316		255,598		453,813	446,311
Long term*		165,971		168,870		417,087	393,113
Total Farm Liab.	\$	467,943	\$	488,358	\$	989,791	\$ 971,215
Total Nonfarm Liab.**	•	161	•	1,739	т.	0	50
Total Farm & Nonfarm			_		-		
Liabilities	\$	468,104	\$	490,097	\$	989,791	\$ 971,265
Farm Net Worth	•	,	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	,,,,_	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
(Equity Capital)	Ŝ	830,413	Ś	910,516	\$1	,461,208	\$1,735,168
Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth	;			L,011,542		,534,912	\$1,813,030
FINANCIAL MEASURES	•	·	-	299 Cows	•		nan 300 Cows
Percent equity				65%		11010 01	64%
Debt/asset ratio-long term	m			0.29			0.34
Debt/asset ratio-inter. &		rent		0.40			0.37
Change in net worth with			\$8	30,103		Ś	3273,960
Total farm debt per cow	· F F *	<del>-</del> •		\$1,908		`	\$1,805
Debt payments made per con	W		`	\$501			\$473
Debt payments as % of mil		ales		19%			17%
Amount avail. for debt se	rvi	ie.	\$13	35,476			353,893
Cash flow coverage ratio			7	1.29		`	1.63
	-01	1707		1.47			1.05

<sup>\*</sup>Includes discounted lease payments.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1989.
\*\*\*Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

# SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

	Less than	40 to	55 to	70 to	85 to
Item /	40 Cows	_54 Cows	69 Cows	84 Cows	99 Cows
Number of farms	30	71	76	54	36
Cropping Program Analysis					
Total Tillable acres	116	171	225	275	309
Tillable acres rented*	33	56	70	105	132
Hay crop acres*	80	108	130	154	172
Corn silage acres*	17	29	37	56	61
Hay crop, tons DM/acre	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.8
Corn silage, tons/acre	11.7	13.0	12.6	11.8	13.2
Oats, bushels/acre	55.0	46.4	54.2	59.7	53.3
Forage DM per cow, tons	7.5	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.1
Tillable acres/cow	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.3
Fert. & lime exp./til. acre	\$15.14	\$21.04	\$23.01	\$25.08	\$30.78
Total machinery costs	\$14,489	\$21,196	\$28,625	\$33,422	\$44,870
Machinery cost/tillable acre	\$125	\$124	\$127	\$122	\$145
Dairy Analysis					
Number of cows	32	47	62	76	93
Number of heifers	25	37	51	63	. 73
Milk sold, 1bs.	497,255	756,545	1,019,196	1,256,591	1,613,365
Milk sold/cow, lbs.	15,507	16,044	16,569	16,482	17,426
Operating cost of prod. milk/cw	t.\$10.18	\$10.23	\$10.12	\$10.39	\$10.35
Total cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$17.64	\$16.30	\$16.04	\$15.52	\$15.25
Price/cwt. milk sold	\$14.33	\$14.36	\$14.57	\$14.35	\$14.62
Purchased dairy feed/cow	\$671	\$674	\$611	\$683	\$657
Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk	\$4.33	\$4.21	\$3.68	\$4.14	\$3.77
Purchased grain & conc. as %					
of milk receipts	29%	289	% 259	t 289	€ 26°
Purchased feed & crop					
expense/cwt. milk	\$5.03	\$5.04	\$4.60	\$5.11	\$4.79
Capital Efficiency					
Farm capital/worker	\$143,810	\$170,134	\$187,911	\$179,989	\$208,333
Farm capital/cow		\$7,228			
Farm capital/til. acre owned			\$2,991		
Real estate/cow	\$4,103	\$3,784	\$3,756		
Machinery investment/cow	\$1,589	\$1,288	\$1,409	\$1,294	\$1,357
Capital turnover, years	2.74	2.41	2.47	2.27	2.19
Labor Efficiency					
Worker equivalent	1.77	2.01	2.45	2.83	3.10
Operator/manager equivalent	1.15	1.17	1.42	1.39	1.42
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	281,421	377,263	415,775	444,802	521,203
Cows/worker	18	23	25	27	30
Work units/worker	194	253	272	290	320
Work units/worker Labor cost/cow Labor cost/tillable acre	194 \$620	253 \$486			

<sup>\*</sup>Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

# SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY HERD SIZE 409 New York Dairy Farms, 1989

Farms with:	100 to	150 to	200 to	300 or
<u>Item</u>	149 Cows	199_Cows_	299 Cows	More Cows
Number of farms	80	31	17	14
Cropping Program Analysis				
Total tillable acres	381	525	599	964
Tillable acres rented*	153	211	206	339
Hay crop acres*	198	260	244	326
Corn silage acres*	94	146	257	432
Hay crop, tons DM/acre	2.9	2.5	3.1	3.2
Corn silage, tons/acre	14.4	14.0	12.6	13.7
Oats, bushels/acre	54.6	57.9	33.8	62.5
Forage DM per cow, tons	8.5	8.0	7.5	5.9
Tillable acres/cow	3.2	3.1	2.5	1.9
Fert. & lime exp./til. acre	\$29.33	\$29.80	\$38.42	\$38.63
Total machinery costs	\$51,786	\$74,086	\$97,355	\$175,380
Machinery cost/tillable acre	\$136	\$141	\$163	\$182
Dairy Analysis				
Number of cows	121	170	244	505
Number of heifers	99	140	181	381
Milk sold, lbs.	2,047,224	2,885,439	4,343,897	9,718,642
Milk sold/cow, lbs.	16,909	17,018	17,790	19,250
Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$10.32	\$10.94	\$10.70	\$10.56
Total cost of prod. milk/cwt.	\$14.61	\$14.90	\$13.81	\$13.03
Price/cwt. milk sold	\$14.47	\$14.70	\$14.39	\$14.68
Purchased dairy feed/cow	\$661	\$729	\$728	\$753
Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk	\$3.91	\$4.28	\$4.09	\$3.91
Purchased grain & conc. as %				
of milk receipts	26%	28%	28%	269
Purchased feed & crop				
expense/cwt. milk	\$4.92	\$5.25	\$5.08	\$4.72
Capital Efficiency				
Farm capital/worker	\$214,342	\$228,974	\$219,354	\$225,760
Farm capital/cow	\$6,359	\$6,647	\$5,523	\$5,107
Farm capital/til. acre owned	\$3,377	\$3,576	\$3,432	\$4,126
Real estate/cow	\$2,810	\$3,173	\$2,354	\$2,216
Machinery investment/cow	\$1,212	\$1,192	\$977	\$704
Capital turnover, years	2.09	2.15	1.75	1.54
Labor Efficiency				
Worker equivalent	3.59	4.92	6.15	11.42
Operator/manager equivalent	1.51	1.67	1.49	1.41
		586,452	706,539	850,851
Milk sold/worker, lbs.	569,861			030,031
Milk sold/worker, lbs. Cows/worker	34	35	40	44
Milk sold/worker, lbs.				
Milk sold/worker, lbs. Cows/worker	34	35	40	44

<sup>\*</sup>Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

### IDENTIFY AND SET GOALS

If businesses are to be successful, they must have direction. Written goals help provide businesses with an identifiable direction over both the long and the short term. Goal setting is as important on a dairy farm as it is in other businesses. Written goals are a tool which farm operators can use to ensure that the business continues to move in the proper direction.

- 1. Goals should be specific.
- 2. Goals should be realistic and achievable.
- 3. The achievement of the goal should be verifiable.
- 4. You should designate a time when each goal will be achieved.

Goal setting on a dairy farm does not have to be a complex process. In many cases it provides a process for writing down and agreeing on goals that you have already given some thought to. It is also important to remember that once you write out your goals they are not cast in concrete. If a change takes place which has a major impact on the farm business, the goals should be reworked to accommodate that change. Refer to your goals as often as necessary to keep the farm business progressing.

It is important to identify both long and short range goals when looking at the future of your farm business.

A suggested format for writing out your goals is as follows:

- a. Begin with a general philosophy statement which incorporates both business and family goals.
- b. Identify 4-6 long range goals.
- c. Identify specific short range goals for a given time period (i.e., one year).

# Worksheet for Setting Goals

•	General Philosophy and Objectives					
_		_				
_	<del></del>	_				

	Worksheet for Setti	ng Goals (continue	∌d)
II. Long Range Goa	als (require two or mo	ore years to achiev	ve)
		<del></del>	
III. Short Range	Goals (possible to ac	chieve in one or t	wo years).
What	How		When
		<del></del>	<del></del>
		<del></del>	
NOTE: Once long at them in order	nd short range goals in of priority.	have been identifi	ed, it is helpful to ran
Prepared by T.R. !	Maloney, Extension As	sociate, Cornell U	niversity
Summarize Your Bu	siness Performance		
be used to help i	dentify strengths and	weaknesses of you	pages 20-22 and 25-28 car ir farm business. Identi
-	_	•	less that need improvement
Strengths:		Need Improveme	ent:
	<del>-</del>		

# Other Agricultural Economics Extension Publications

No.	<del>9</del> 0-30	New York Economic Handbook 1991 Agricultural Situation and Outlook	Extension Staff
No.	91-1	Estimating Principal Due in Next 12 Months with Monthly Payments	Eddy L. LaDue
No.	91-2	Micro DFBS A Guide to Processing Dairy Farm Business Summaries in County and Regional Extension Offices for Micro DFBS v 2.5	Linda D. Putnam Wayne A. Knoblauch Stuart F. Smith
No.	91-3	The National Dry Onion Market: A Monthly Analysis of New York State's Competitive Position in Eastern Markets	Enrique Figueros
No.	91-4	Property Tax Relief from New York's Farmland Assessments and Agricultural Buildings Exemptions in the 1980's	Richard W. Boisvert Nelson L. Bills
No.	91-5	Dairy Farm Cash Flow, Debt Repayment Ability and Financial Analysis	George L. Casler
No.	91-6	Agricultural District Legislation in New York, as Amended through 1990	Kenneth Gardner Nelson Bills
No.	91-7	CAPVEST A Computer Program to Analyze Profitability and Financial Feasibility of Major Capital Investments	George Casler Eddy L. LaDue
No.	91-8	Dairy Farm Worker Training at Tompkins Cortland Community College	Thomas R. Maloney Timothy S. San Jule
No.	91-9	Dairy Farm Business Summary Western Plain Region 1990	Stuart F. Smith Linda D. Putnam
No.	91-10	Dairy Farm Business Summary Eastern Plateau Region 1990	Robert A. Milligan Linda D. Putnam Carl Crispell Gerald A. LeClar A. Edward Staehr