WESTERN PLATEAU REGION 1988

George L. Casler

Department of Agricultural Economics
New York State College of Agriculture and Life Sciences
A Statutory College of the State University
Cornell University, Ithaca, New York 14853-7801

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1988 DAIRY FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY WESTERN PLATEAU REGION

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1988 DAIRY FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY WESTERN PLATEAU REGION*

INTRODUCTION

Dairy farmers throughout the State have been participating in Cornell Cooperative Extension's farm business summary and analysis program since the early 1950's. Each participating farmer receives a comprehensive business summary and analysis of his or her farm business. The information in this report represents an average of the data submitted from farms in the Western Plateau region.

Program Objective

The primary objective of the dairy farm business summary, DFBS, is to help farm managers improve the financial management of their farm business through appropriate use of historical farm data and the application of modern farm business analysis techniques. In short, DFBS identifies the business and financial information farmers need and demonstrates how it should be used in identifying and evaluating the strengths and weaknesses of the farm business.

Format Features

This regional report follows the same general format as in the 1988 DFBS printout received by all participating dairy farmers. Worksheets are included to give non-DFBS participants an opportunity to summarize their businesses. The analysis tables have an open column or section labeled $\underline{\text{My}}$ $\underline{\text{Farm}}$. It may be used by any dairy farm manager who wants to compare his or her business with the average data of this region.

This report features:

- (1) an <u>income statement</u> including accrual accounting for farm business expenses and receipts, as well as measures of profitability with and without appreciation,
- (2) a complete balance sheet including financial ratios,
- (3) a cash flow summary including debt repayment ability,
- (4) a <u>cropping program</u> analysis,
- (5) a dairy program analysis, and
- (6) capital and labor efficiency analysis.

Micro DFBS, a computer program which enables Cooperative Extension agents and specialists to calculate and print individual farm business reports in their offices, is now being used by the dairy farm management field staff for 90 percent of the farms cooperating. This innovative approach provides faster processing of farm record data and increased use of the DFBS in farm management programs.

^{*}This summary was prepared by George L. Casler, Department of Agricultural Economics, New York State College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Cornell University, in cooperation with Cooperative Extension Agents Andrew Dufresne, Davis Hill, Joan Petzen, and Paul Westfall. The Western Plateau Region is comprised of Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, and Steuben Counties. Linda Putnam was in charge of the data handling at Cornell. Renee Hoffman assisted with data entry.

SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS OF THE FARM BUSINESS

Business Characteristics

Finding the right management strategies is an important part of operating a successful farm. Various combinations of farm resources, enterprises, business arrangements, and management techniques are used by the dairy farmers in this region. The following table shows important farm business characteristics and the number of farmers reporting these characteristics.

BUSINESS CHARACTERISTICS
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Type of Farm | Number | Type of Barn | Manh are |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Dairy | 54 | Stanchion/Tie-Stall | <u>Number</u> 23 |
| Part-time dairy | 0 | Freestall | |
| Dairy cash-crop | 0 | | 25 |
| Part-time cash-crop dair | - | Combination | 6 |
| rare-cime cash-crop darr | y 0 | W111 | |
| m | | Milking System | <u>Number</u> |
| Type of Ownership | <u>Number</u> | Bucket & carry | 1 |
| 0wner | 51 | Dumping station | 8 |
| Renter | 3 | Pipeline | 18 |
| | | Herringbone parlor | 25 |
| Type of Business | Number | Other parlor | 2 |
| Single proprietorship | 36 | 1 | _ |
| Partnership | 14 | Milking Frequency | Number |
| Corporation | 4 | 2x/day | 51 |
| | | 3x/day | 2 |
| Business Record System | Number | Other | 1 |
| ELFAC | 6 | _ | - |
| Account Book | 29 | Production Records | Number |
| Agrifax (mail-in only) | 6 | DHIC | 38 |
| On-Farm Computer | 2 | Owner-Sampler | 7 |
| Other | 11 | Other | 2 |
| | | None | 7 |

The averages used in this report were compiled using data from all the participating dairy farms in this region unless noted otherwise. There may be regular dairy farms, part-time farms, dairy cash-crop farms, farm renters, partnerships, and corporations included in the average. These specific classifications are used to separate farms in the State Business Summary.

A part-time farm has less than six months of labor from all operators and total labor is less than 12 months.

A dairy cash-crop farm has cash receipts from crop sales that exceed 10 percent of accrual milk sales. These farms were summarized using 1987 data on page 56 of Smith, Stuart F., Wayne A. Knoblauch, and Linda D. Putnam, Dairy Farm Management Business Summary, New York, 1987, Cornell University, Department of Agricultural Economics, A.E. Res. 88-8, July 1988.

<u>A farm renter</u> does not own farm real estate at the end of the year or does not own tillable land. These farms were summarized using 1987 data in Putnam, Linda D. and Stuart F. Smith, <u>Dairy Farm Business Summary, Eastern New York Renter Summary, 1987</u>, Cornell University, Department of Agricultural Economics, A.E. Ext. 88-19, August 1988.

Income Statement

The accrual income statement begins with an accounting of all farm business expenses.

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM EXPENSES
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Expense Item | Cash Paid + | Change in Inventory or Prepaid Expense* + | Change in Accounts Payable = | Accrual Expenses |
|--------------------------|----------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hired Labor | \$ 18,075 | \$ 0 | \$ 30 | \$ 18,105 |
| Feed | Y 10,072 | | * ** | ,, |
| Dairy grain & conc. | 48,661 | 300 | -222 | 48,739 |
| Dairy roughage | 1,876 | -148 | 1 77 | 1,905 |
| Nondairy | 116 | 3 | 0 | 113 |
| Machinery | | | | |
| Mach. hire, rent/lease | 1,781 | 0 | 15 | 1,796 |
| Machinery repairs/parts | 11,216 | 0 | -59 | 11,157 |
| Auto exp. (farm share) | 859 | 0 | -4 | 855 |
| Fuel, oil & grease | 5,107 | 9 | - 4 | 5,112 |
| Livestock | , | | | , |
| Replacement livestock | 1,340 | 0 | -26 | 1,314 |
| Breeding | 2,287 | 16 | -12 | 2,291 |
| Vet & medicine | 3,268 | -26 | -86 | 3,156 |
| Milk marketing | 6,298 | 0 | 0 | 6,298 |
| Cattle lease/rent | 294 | 0 | 0 | 294 |
| Other livestock expense | 7,011 | -137 | -82 | 6,792 |
| Crops | | | | |
| Fertilizer & lime | 7,458 | -326 | 23 | 7,155 |
| Seeds & plants | 3,281 | -71 | 29 | 3,239 |
| Spray, other crop exp. | 2,937 | -69 | 190 | 3,058 |
| <u>Real Estate</u> | | • | | |
| Land/bldg./fence repair | 2,791 | -10 | 64 | 2,845 |
| Taxes | 5,030 | 0 | 154 | 5,184 |
| Rent & lease | 3,074 | 0 | 18 | 3,092 |
| <u>Other</u> | • | | | • |
| Insurance | 2,915 | - 8 | -4 | 2,903 |
| Telephone (farm share) | 532 | 0 | 4 | 536 |
| Electricity (farm share) | 4,627 | 0 | -4 | 4,623 |
| Interest paid | 12,247 | 0 | 0 | 12,247 |
| Miscellaneous | 3,329 | <u>0</u> | <u>- 50</u> | 3,279 |
| Total Operating | \$156,410 | \$ -473 | \$ 151 | \$156,088 |
| Expansion livestock | 1,031 | . 0 | 56 | 1,087 |
| Machinery depreciation | | | | 11,878 |
| Building depreciation | | | | 6,226 |
| TOTAL ACCRUAL EXPENSES | | | | \$175,279 |

<u>Cash paid</u> is the actual amount of money paid out during the year and does not necessarily represent the cost of goods and services actually used.

<u>Change in inventory</u>: An increase in inventory is subtracted in computing accrual expenses because it represents purchased inputs not actually used during the year. A decrease in inventory is added to expenses because it represents the cost of inputs purchased in a prior year and used this year.

Changes in prepaid expenses apply to non-inventory categories. Include any expenses that have been paid in advance of their use, for example, 1989 rent paid in 1988. A positive change is the amount the prepayment account declined from beginning to end year, a negative change indicates an increase in the account.

<u>Change in accounts payable</u>: An increase in payables is added and a decrease is subtracted when calculating accrual expenses.

Accrual expenses are the costs of inputs actually used in this year's production.

Worksheets are provided to enable any dairy farmer to compute his or her accrual farm expenses and compare them with the averages on the previous page.

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM EXPENSES WORKSHEET

| | 0 - 1 | | Change in Inventory | Ole and | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Expense Item | Cash Paid | + | or Prepaid Expense + | Change in Accounts Payable | Accrual = Expenses |
| Hired Labor | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Feed | т | - | т | Y | Ψ |
| Dairy grain & conc. | | | | | |
| Dairy roughage | | _ | <u></u> | | |
| Nondairy | | _ | | | |
| Machinery | | _ | | | |
| Mach. hire, rent/lease | | | | | |
| Machinery repairs/parts | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Auto exp. (farm share) | | _ | | | |
| Fuel, oil & grease | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Livestock | P4.11 | _ | | | |
| Replacement livestock | | | | | |
| Breeding | | _ | | | |
| Vet & medicine | | _ | - | · | |
| Milk marketing | | | | | • |
| Cattle lease/rent | | _ | | | *************************************** |
| Other livestock expense | | | | | |
| Crops | | | | | - |
| Fertilizer & lime | | | | • | |
| Seeds & plants | | _ | | - | |
| Spray, other crop exp. | | | | | |
| Real Estate | | _ | | | |
| Land/bldg./fence repair | | | | | |
| Taxes | | _ | | | - |
| Rent & lease | | | ************************************** | | |
| Other | | _ | | | |
| Insurance | | | | · | |
| Telephone (farm share) | | | | | |
| Electricity (farm share) | | | | | |
| Interest paid | • | | | • | |
| Miscellaneous | | _ | | | |
| Total Operating | ş | _ | Ś | \$ | Ś |
| Expansion livestock | т | _ | Τ | Υ | Υ |
| Machinery depreciation | • | | | | |
| Building depreciation | | | | | |
| TOTAL ACCRUAL EXPENSES | | | • | | \$ |

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM RECEIPTS 54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| , | Cash | | Change in | | hange in Accounts | | Accrual |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------|----------|
| Receipt Item | Receipts | + | Inventory | + R | <u>eceivable</u> | <u> </u> | Receipts |
| Milk sales | \$171,585 | | | \$ | 1,746 | ş | 3173,331 |
| Dairy cattle | 12,780 | \$ | 1,925 | | 0 | | 14,705 |
| Dairy calves | 3,856 | | | | 0 | | 3,856 |
| Other livestock | 541 | | 224 | | 0 | | 765 |
| Crops | 543 | | 2,448 | | 0 | | 2,992 |
| Government receipts | 4,192 | | 0* | | -186 | | 4,006 |
| Custom machine work | 132 | | | | 0 | | 132 |
| Gas tax refund | 186 | | | | 3 | | 190 |
| Other | 1,870 | | | <u> </u> | 0 | | 1,870 |
| Less nonfarm noncash cap. | ** | (-) | 0 | | - | (-) | 0 |
| Total Accrual Receipts | \$195,686 | \$ | 4,596 | \$ | 1,563 | \$ | 3201,845 |

^{*}Change in advanced government receipts.

<u>Cash receipts</u> include the gross value of milk checks received during the year plus all other payments received from the sale of farm products, services, and government programs. Nonfarm income is not included in calculating farm profitability.

<u>Changes in inventory</u> are calculated by subtracting beginning of year values from end of year values <u>excluding appreciation</u>. Increases in livestock inventory caused by herd growth and/or quality are added, and decreases caused by herd reduction and/or quality are subtracted. Changes in inventories of crops grown are also calculated. Changes in advanced government receipts are calculated by subtracting the end year balance from the beginning year balance (balances are listed with the current liabilities on the Balance Sheet).

<u>Changes in accounts receivable</u> are calculated by subtracting beginning year balances from end year balances. The January milk check for this December's marketings compared with the previous January's check is included as a change in accounts receivable.

<u>Accrual receipts</u> represent the value of all farm commodities produced and services actually generated by the farmer during the year.

CASH AND ACCRUAL FARM RECEIPT WORKSHEET

| Receipt Item | Cash Receipts | + | Change in Inventory | + | Change in Accounts Receivable | Accrual = Receipts |
|---|------------------|----|------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Milk sales Dairy cattle Dairy calves Other livestock Crops Government receipts Custom machine work Gas tax refund Other | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | \$ |
| Less gifts of cattle & cr Total Accrual Receipts | cops \$ | (- | \$ | | \$ | (-) |

^{**}Gifts or inheritances of cattle or crops included in inventory.

Profitability Analysis

Farm owners/operators contribute labor, management, and capital to their businesses and the best combination of these resources maximizes income. Farm profitability can be measured as the return to all family resources or as the return to one or more individual resources such as labor and management.

<u>Net farm income</u> is the total combined return to the farm operators and other unpaid family members for their labor, management, and equity capital. It is the farm family's net annual return from working, managing, financing, and owning the farm business. This is not a measure of cash available from the year's business operation. Cash flow is evaluated later in this report.

Net farm income is computed both with and without appreciation. Appreciation represents the change in values caused by annual changes in prices of livestock, machinery, real estate inventory, and stocks and certificates (other than FLB and PCA). Appreciation is a major factor contributing to changes in farm net worth and must be included for a complete profitability analysis.

NET FARM INCOME
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | Average | My Farm |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Total accrual receipts | \$201,845 | \$ |
| Appreciation: Livestock | 4,748 | * |
| Machinery | 4,160 | ************************************** |
| Real Estate | 6,065 | |
| Other Stock/Certificates | | |
| Total Including Appreciation | \$216,871 | \$ |
| Total accrual expenses | - <u>175</u> , 279 | - |
| Net Farm Income (with appreciation) | \$ 41,592 | \$ |
| Net Farm Income (without appreciation) | \$ 26,566 | ; |

Return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital measures the total business profits for the farm operator(s). It is calculated by deducting a charge for unpaid family labor from net farm income. Operators' labor is not included in unpaid family labor. Return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital has been calculated both with and without appreciation. Appreciation is considered an important part of the return to ownership of farm assets.

RETURN TO OPERATORS' LABOR, MANAGEMENT, AND EQUITY 54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| | Ave: | rage | My Farm | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| Item | With Apprec. | Without Apprec. | With Apprec. | Without Apprec. | |
| Net farm income Family labor unpaid | \$ 41,592 | \$ 26,566 | \$ | \$ | |
| @ \$700 per month Return to operators' labor, | - 1,906 | 1,906 | | | |
| management, & equity | \$ 39,686 | \$ 24,660 | \$ | \$ | |

Labor and management income is the return which farm operators receive for their labor and management used in operating the farm business. Appreciation is not included as part of the return to labor and management because it results from ownership of assets rather than management of the farm business. Labor and management income is calculated by deducting the opportunity cost of using equity capital at a real interest rate of five percent, from the return to operators' labor, management, and equity capital excluding appreciation. The interest charge of five percent reflects the long-term average rate of return above inflation that a farmer might expect to earn in comparable risk investments.

LABOR AND MANAGEMENT INCOME
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | Average | My Farm |
|--|-----------------|---------|
| Return to operators' labor, management, | • | |
| & equity without appreciation Real interest @ 5% on \$343,045 | \$ 24,660 | \$ |
| average equity capital | - <u>17,152</u> | - |
| Labor & Management Income Labor & Management Income per | \$ 7,508 | \$ |
| 1.33 Operator/Manager | \$ 5,645 | \$ |

Return on equity capital measures the net return remaining for the farmer's equity or owned capital after a charge has been made for the owner-operator's labor and management. The earnings or amount of net farm income allocated to labor and management is the opportunity cost of operators' labor and management estimated by the cooperators. Return on equity capital is calculated with and without appreciation. The rate of return on equity capital is determined by dividing the amount returned by the average farm net worth or equity capital. Return on total capital is calculated by adding interest paid to the return on equity capital and then dividing by average farm assets to calculate the rate of return on total capital.

RETURN ON EQUITY CAPITAL AND RETURN ON TOTAL CAPITAL 54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | Average | My Farm |
|---|-----------|---------|
| | | |
| Return to operators' labor, management, | • | |
| & equity capital with appreciation | \$ 39,686 | \$ |
| Value of operators' labor & management | - 24,172 | - |
| Return on equity capital with appreciation | \$ 15.514 | \$ |
| Interest paid | \$ 12,247 | \$ |
| Return on total capital with appreciation | \$ 27,761 | \$ |
| Return on equity capital without appreciation | \$ 488 | \$ |
| Return on total capital without appreciation | \$ 12,735 | \$ |
| Rate of return on average equity capital: | | |
| with appreciation | 4.5% | ş |
| without appreciation | 0.1% | <u></u> |
| Rate of return on average total capital: | | |
| with appreciation | 5.6% | ٠. |
| without appreciation | 2.6% | 9 |

Farm and Family Financial Status

The first step in evaluating the financial status of the farm is to construct a balance sheet which identifies all the assets and liabilities of the business. The second step is to evaluate the relationship between assets, liabilities, and net worth and changes that occurred during the year.

1988 FARM BUSINESS & NONFARM BALANCE SHEET 54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| J4 Western Fraceau R | egion Dairy Farms, 1966 |
|---|---|
| | Farm Liabilities |
| Farm Assets Jan. 1 Dec. 31 | & Net Worth Jan. 1 Dec. 31 |
| Current | Current |
| Farm cash, checking | Accounts payable \$ 5,785 \$ 5,990 |
| & savings \$ 6,310 \$ 9,143 | |
| Accounts rec. 14,777 16,340 | |
| Prepaid exp. 0 8 | |
| Feed & supplies <u>37,643</u> <u>40,556</u> | |
| Total \$ 58,730 \$ 66,047 | |
| Intermediate | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Dairy cows: | <u>Intermediate</u> |
| owned \$ 69,769 \$ 74,403 | |
| leased 162 135 | |
| Heifers 29,642 31,734 | |
| Bulls/other lvstk. 1,071 1,241 | |
| Mach./eq. owned 89,313 92,801 | |
| Mach./eq. leased 1,119 1,163 | |
| FLB/PCA stock 3,118 2,788 | Total \$ 67,856 \$ 66,755 |
| Other stock/cert. 4,487 4,616 | , |
| Total \$198,682 \$208,881 | |
| Long-Term | Structured debt |
| Land/buildings: | ≥10 yrs \$ 72,340 \$ 72,713 |
| owned \$223,895 \$228,301 | |
| leased <u>980</u> <u>677</u> | |
| Total \$224,875 \$228,978 | |
| Total Farm Assets \$482,287 \$503,907 | Total Farm Liab. \$150,702 \$149,402 |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | FARM NET WORTH \$331,585 \$354,505 |
| (1) | |
| (Average for 30 farms reporting) | Nonfarm Liabilities* |
| Nonfarm Assets* Jan. 1 Dec. 31 | & Net Worth Jan. 1 Dec. 31 |
| Personal cash, chkg. | Nonfarm Liab. \$ 1,639 \$ 1,723 |
| & savings \$ 10,996 \$ 8,91 | |
| Cash value life ins. 3,509 5,89 | |
| Nonfarm real estate 13,360 13,09 | |
| Auto (personal sh.) 3,101 4,51 | |
| Stocks & bonds 3,559 4,00 | |
| Household furn. 8,433 8,55 | |
| All other <u>3,039</u> <u>3,36</u> | |
| Total Nonfarm \$ 45,998 \$ 48,34 | |

^{*}Assumes that average nonfarm assets and liabilities for the nonreporting farms were the same as for those reporting.

Financial lease obligations are included in the balance sheet. The present value of all future payments is listed as a liability since the farmer is committed to make the payments by signing the lease. The present value is also listed as an asset, representing the future value the item has to the business.

Advanced government receipts are included as current liabilities. Government payments received in 1988 that are for participation in the 1989 program are the end year balance and payments received in 1987 for participation in the 1988 program are the beginning year balance.

| | | | Date | | |
|---|---|--------------|--|---|---|
| 1 | 988 FARM | BUSINESS & | NONFARM BALANCE SHE | ET | |
| Farm Assets | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 | Farm Liabilities & Net Worth | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 |
| Current Farm cash, checking & savings Accounts rec. | | | Current Accounts payable Operating debt: | | |
| Prepaid expense Feed & supplies Total | | | Short Term: | | |
| Intermediate Dairy cows: owned leased | | | Adv. govt. rec. Total Intermediate | 4,000 | |
| Heifers Bulls/other lvstk. Mach./eq. owned Mach./eq. leased FLB/PCA stock Other stock/cert. | | | Financial lease | *************************************** | |
| Total | | | (cattle/mach.) FLB/PCA stock Total <u>Long-Term</u> | | *************************************** |
| Long-Term Land/buildings: owned leased | | | | | |
| Total | *************************************** | | Financial lease (structures) Total | | |
| Total Farm Assets | | - | Total Farm Liab. FARM NET WORTH | | |
| Nonfarm Assets | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 | Nonfarm Liabilitie & Net Worth | es Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 |
| Personal cash, chkg & savings | | | Nonfarm Liab.: | | |
| Cash val. life ins. Nonfarm real est. Auto (pres. share) | · | | | | |
| Stocks & bonds Household furn. All other Total Nonfarm | | | Total Nonfarm Liabilities Nonfarm | | |
| Total Nonlaim | | | Net Worth | | |
| TOTAL FARM & NONFAR Total Farm & Nonfar Less Total Farm & N Farm & Nonfarm Net | cm Asset. Nonfarm | • | Jan. 1 | | 31 |

Balance sheet analysis requires an examination of financial and debt ratios measuring levels of debt. Percent equity is calculated by dividing end of year net worth by end of year assets. The debt to asset ratio is compiled by dividing liabilities by assets. Low debt to asset ratios reflect strength in solvency and the potential capacity to borrow. Debt levels per unit of production include some old standards that are still useful if used with measures of cash flow and repayment ability. The change in farm net worth without appreciation is an excellent indicator of financial progress.

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | | | Ave | cage | My Farm |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | | 1 | | |
| <u>Financial Ratios - Farm</u> : | | | | | |
| Percent equity | | | 7 | 70% | <u> </u> |
| Debt/asset ratio: total | | | 0.3 | 30 | |
| long-term | | | 0.3 | 32 | |
| intermediate | /current | | 0.2 | 28 | |
| Change in Net Worth: | • | | | | |
| Without appreciation | | | \$ 7,89 | 94 | \$ |
| With appreciation | | • | 22,92 | | \$ |
| Farm Debt Analysis: | | | | | · |
| Accounts payable as % of total | debt | | | 4% | 8 |
| Long-term liabilities as a % of | of total de | bt | L | ¥9 % | % |
| Current & inter. liab. as a % | | | | 51% | <u> </u> |
| | | Per Ti | illable | | Per Tillable |
| Farm Debt Levels: | Per Cow | Acre | Owned | Per Cow | |
| Total farm debt | \$ 1,758 | \$ | 812 | Š | \$ |
| Long-term debt | 863 | , | 399 | 1 | : |
| Intermediate & current debt | 894 | | 413 | | |

<u>Farm inventory balance</u> is an accounting of the value of assets used on the balance sheet and the changes that occur from the beginning to end of year. Changes in the livestock inventory are included in the dairy analysis. Net investment indicates whether the capital stock is being expanded (positive) or depleted (negative).

FARM INVENTORY BALANCE
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| <u>Item</u> | Avg. of | E Reg | ional l | | My Farm | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----------|---------|--------|---------|------|------|-------|
| | <u>R.E.</u> | _ | Mach. | /Eq. | | R.E. | Mach | ./Eq. |
| Value beg. of year | \$223,8 | 395 | \$ | 89,313 | \$ | | \$ | |
| Purchases \$ | 7,094* | \$ | 11,655 | | \$ | \$ | | |
| <pre>Gift/inheritance +</pre> | 0 | + | 0 | | + | + | | |
| Lost capital - | 1,925 | | | | - | | | |
| Sales - | 603 | - | 450 | | _ | _ | | |
| Depreciation | 6,226 | | 11,878 | | _ | | | |
| Net investment | = -1,6 | 660 | _ | -673 | =+ | | =+ | |
| Appreciation | + 6,0 | <u> </u> | +_ | 4,160 | + | | + | |
| Value end of year | \$228,3 | 301 | \$ | 92,801 | \$_ | | \$ | |

^{*\$ 781} land and \$ 6,313 buildings and/or depreciable improvements.

Cash Flow Statement

Completing an annual cash flow statement is an important step in understanding the sources and uses of funds for the business. Understanding last year's cash flow is the first step toward planning and managing cash flow for the current and future years.

The <u>annual cash flow statement</u> is structured to compare all the cash inflows with all the cash outflows for the year. A complete list of cash inflows and cash outflows are identified in the following table. By definition, total cash inflows must equal total cash outflows when beginning and ending balances are included. Any imbalance is, therefore, the error from incorrect accounting of cash inflows and cash outflows.

ANNUAL CASH FLOW STATEMENT
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | Average | My Farm |
|--|------------|--------------|
| <u>Cash Inflows</u> | | |
| Beginning farm cash, checking & savings | \$ 6,310 | \$ |
| Cash farm receipts | 195,686 | |
| Sale of assets: Machinery | 450 | <u></u> |
| Real estate | 599 | 4 |
| Other stock & certificate | 353 | |
| Money borrowed (intermediate & long-term) | 19,729 | |
| Money borrowed (short-term) | 1,019 | |
| Increase in operating debt | 43 | |
| Nonfarm income | 5,196 | |
| Cash from nonfarm capital used in the business | 424 | |
| Money borrowed - nonfarm | <u>391</u> | |
| Total | \$230,199 | \$ |
| Cash Outflows | | |
| Cash farm expenses | \$156,408 | \$ |
| Capital purchases: Expansion livestock | 1,031 | |
| Machinery | 11,655 | |
| Real estate | 7,094 | |
| Other stock & certificate | 429 | |
| Principal payments (intermediate & long-term) | 20,144 | |
| Principal payments (short-term) | 1,535 | <u></u> |
| Decrease in operating debt | 0 | |
| Personal withdrawals & family expenditures | | |
| including nonfarm debt payments | 21,597 | |
| Ending farm cash, checking & savings | 9,143 | |
| Total | \$229,036 | \$ |
| Imbalance (error) | \$ 1,163 | \$ |

Repayment Analysis

The second step in cash flow analysis is to compare the debt payments planned for the last year with the amount actually paid. The measures listed below provide a number of different perspectives on the repayment performance of the business. However, the critical question to many farmers and lenders is whether planned payments can be made in 1989. The cash flow projection worksheet on the next page can be used to estimate repayment ability, which can then be compared to planned 1989 debt payments shown below.

FARM DEBT PAYMENTS PLANNED

Same 45 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1987 & 1988

| | | | | Average | | | My Farm | |
|----------------------|----|----------------|----|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| | | <u>1988 Pa</u> | уm | <u>ents</u> | Planned | 1988 Pa | yments | Planned |
| <u>Debt Payments</u> | | <u>Planned</u> | | Made* | 1989 | Planned | Made | 1989 |
| | | | | | | - | | |
| Long-term | \$ | 9,950 | \$ | 11,925 | \$ 11,777 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Intermediate-term | | 17,901 | | 19,821 | 18,086 | | · ' | |
| Short-term | | 1,658 | | 1,819 | 1,336 | | | |
| Operating (net | | · | | • | -, | ***** | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| reduction) | | 56 | | 0 | 392 | | | |
| Accounts payable | | | | - | 33.0 | - | | |
| (net reduction) | | 1,230 | | 549 | 704 | | | |
| • | • | | • | | 7.9.1 | | | |
| Total | Ś | 30,795 | Ś | 34,113 | \$ 32,295 | \$ | ¢ | ć |
| | • | , | т | 5.,215 | y 32,233 | Υ | . Y | ٧ |
| Per cow | Ś | 367 | \$ | 406 | | ¢ | ċ | |
| Per cwt. 1988 milk | Ś | 2.24 | \$ | 2.48 | | · ½ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Percent of total | • | | Y | 2.40 | | . Y | , Ÿ | |
| 1988 receipts | | 15% | | 17% | | | | |
| Percent of 1988 | | 13.6 | | 1/6 | | | • | • |
| milk receipts | | 17% | | 19% | | | | |
| maria roccipes | | T/6 | | 134 | * . | | | |

^{*}If refinancing of loans occurred in 1988, the refinanced amount is reflected in debt payments made.

The <u>cash flow coverage ratio</u> measures the ability of the farm business to meet its planned debt payment schedule. The ratio shows the percentage of planned payments that could have been made with last year's available cash flow. Farmers who did not participate in DFBS last year will find in their report a cash flow coverage ratio based on planned debt payments for 1989.

CASH FLOW COVERAGE RATIO
Same 45 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1987 & 1988

| Item | Average | My Farm |
|---|-----------|--|
| Cash farm receipts | \$198,734 | Ś |
| - Cash farm expenses | 157,756 | |
| + Interest paid | 11,490 | · · · · · · |
| Net personal withdrawals from farm** | 16,669 | ************************************* |
| (A) = Amount Available for Debt Service (B) = Debt Payments Planned for 1988 | \$ 35,799 | \$ |
| (as of December 31, 1987) | \$ 30,795 | \$ |
| A ÷ B) = Cash Flow Coverage Ratio for 1988 | 1.16 | |

^{**}Personal withdrawals and family expenditures less nonfarm income and nonfarm money borrowed. If family withdrawals are excluded the cash flow coverage ratio will be incorrect.

ANNUAL CASH FLOW WORKSHEET

| | Regional | 1 | ly Farm | Expected | 1989 |
|---|--------------|---|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Item | Average | Total | Per Cow | Change | Projectio |
| | (per cow |) | | | |
| Average number of cows | 83 | | | | |
| <u>Accrual Oper. Receipts</u> | | | | | |
| Milk | \$ 2,080 | \$ | \$ | | \$ |
| Dairy cattle | 176 | | | | |
| Dairy calves | 46 | | | : | |
| Other livestock | 9 | | | | |
| Crops | 36 | | _ | | |
| Misc. receipts | <u>74</u> | | | | |
| Total | \$ 2,422 | \$ | \$ | | \$ |
| Accrual Oper, Expenses | | | | | |
| Hired labor | \$ 217 | \$ | \$ | | \$ |
| Dairy grain & conc. | 585 | | | | |
| Dairy roughage | 23 | | <u> </u> | | |
| Nondairy feed | 1 | | | | |
| Mach. hire/rent/lease | 22 | | | | |
| Mach. rpr./parts & auto | 144 | | <u> </u> | | |
| Fuel, oil & grease | 61 | | | | |
| Replacement lvstk. | 16 | | | | |
| Breeding | 27 | | | | |
| Vet & medicine | 38 | | _ | | |
| Milk marketing | 76 | | | | |
| Cattle lease | 4 | | | | |
| Other livestock exp. | 81 | | | | |
| Fertilizer & lime | 86 | | | | |
| Seeds & plants | 39 | *************************************** | | | |
| Spray/other crop exp. | 37 | ** | | | · •••••••••• |
| Land, bldg., fence repair | 34 | | | | |
| Taxes | 62 | | | | |
| Real estate rent/lease | 37 | | | | |
| Insurance | 35 | | - . | | |
| Utilities | 62 | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | 39 | | | | · . |
| | \$ 1,726 | | | | Ś |
| 10001 1000 1101 1010 | ¥ 1,720 | *************************************** | | | , т |
| Net Accrual Operating Incom | e (to | tal) | | | • |
| (without interest paid) | \$ 58 | | | | S |
| - Change in lvstk./crop inv | • | ,597 | | | Ψ |
| - Change in accts. rec. | | ,563 | | | |
| + Change in feed/supply inv | | , 303 -473 | | *** | · - |
| + Change in accts. payable* | | 149 | | | |
| NET CASH FLOW | \$ <u>51</u> | | | | \$ |
| - Net personal withdrawals | | · - | | | • |
| family expenditures | | ,010 | | | |
| Available for Farm Debt | | . | | | |
| Payments & Investments | \$ 35 | 511 \$ | | | Ś |
| - Farm debt payments | | ,511 3 _. | | | Υ |
| - raim debt payments Available for Farm Investme | | ,815 \$ | | | · s |
| - Capital purchases: cattle | - | رد دي ، | | | Ψ |
| | , \$ 20 | 200 | | | |
| machinery & improvements | Ş 20 | ,∠∪y ≿ | | | ٠, |
| Additional Capital Needed | | Þ | <u> </u> | | Ÿ |

^{*}Excludes change in interest account payable. **See page 12.

Cropping Program Analysis

The cropping program is an important part of the dairy farm business and sometimes it is overlooked and neglected. A complete evaluation of available land resources, how they are being used, how well crops are producing and what it costs to produce them, is required to evaluate alternative cropping and feed purchasing choices.

LAND RESOURCES AND CROP PRODUCTION
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | | Average | | | | My Farm | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| Land Tillable Nontillable Other nontillable Total | 18 5 12 | 34 1 56 27 | ented 105 13 14 | Total 289 69 141 499 | <u>Owned</u> | Rented | <u>Total</u> |
| Crop Yields Hay crop Corn silage | <u>Farms</u> 54 48 | <u>Acres</u> 155 67 | 13.6 | Acre 0 tn DM 0 tn 1 tn DM | Acre | es Prod. | /Acre tn DM tn tn DM |
| Other forage Total forage | . 4 54 | 25 217 | 1.5 3.0 | 7 tn DM 5 tn DM | | | tn DM tn DM |
| Corn grain Oats Wheat | 27 20 1 | 50 37 14 | 87.8 36.2 50.2 | 0 bu | | | _ bu _ bu _ bu |
| Other crops Tillable pasture | 3 17 | 38 21 | | <i>-</i> | · | | _ <i>D</i> u |
| Idle Total Tillable Acres | 27 54 | 47 288 | | | - | | |

Average crop acres and yields compiled for the region are for the number of farms reporting each crop. Yields of forage crops have been converted to tons of dry matter using dry matter coefficients reported by the farmers. Grain production has been converted to bushels of dry grain equivalent based on dry matter information provided.

The following measures of crop management measure how efficiently the land resource is being used and how well total forage requirements are being met.

CROP MANAGEMENT FACTORS
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Average | My Farm |
|---------|--------------|
| 3.46 | |
| 2.60 | |
| 7.93 | |
| | 3.46 2.60 |

Cropping Program Analysis (continued)

A substantial number of cooperators have allocated crop expenses to the hay crop, corn, and other crops produced. Fertilizer and lime, seeds and plants, and spray and other crop expenses have been computed per acre and per production unit for hay and corn. Additional expense items such as fuels, labor, and machinery repairs are not included.

CROP RELATED ACCRUAL EXPENSES
Western Plateau Dairy Farms Reporting, 1988

| | Total | | | A11 | Corn | Corn |
|----------------------|---|----------|--------------|----------|---------|----------|
| | Per | | Crop | Corn | Silage | Grain |
| | Till. | Per | Per | Per | Per Ton | Per Dry |
| Item | Acre | Acre | Ton DM | Acre | DM | Shell Bu |
| | | | | | | |
| Number of farms | | | | | | |
| reporting | 54 | | 20 | 18 | | • |
| Average number | | | | | | |
| of acres | 288 | | 144 | 98 | | |
| Fertilizer & lime \$ | 24.80 | \$ 7.72 | \$ 3.09 | \$ 18.51 | \$ 4.10 | \$ 0.21 |
| Seeds & plants | 11.22 | 4.07 | 1.63 | 7.35 | 1.63 | 0.08 |
| Spray & other crop | | | | | | |
| expense | 10.60 | 1.72 | 0.69 | 11.39 | 2.53 | 0.13 |
| Total \$ | 46.63 | \$ 13.52 | \$ 5.41 | \$ 37.25 | | \$ 0.42 |
| | • | • | | | | |
| My Farm: | | | | | | |
| Fertilizer & lime | Ś | \$ | \$ | \$ | Ś | Ś |
| Seeds & plants | т | т | . * | T | T | T |
| Spray & other crop | *************************************** | | | ····· | | |
| expense | | | | | | |
| Total | ¢ | | <u>6</u> | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ |

Most machinery costs are associated with crop production and should be analyzed with the crop enterprise. Total machinery expenses include the major fixed costs (interest and depreciation), as well as the accrual operating costs. Although machinery costs have not been allocated to individual crops, they are shown below per total tillable acre.

ACCRUAL MACHINERY EXPENSES
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| | Ave | rage | My Farm | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------|----------------|--|---------|
| Machinery | Total | Total Per Til. Total | | Per Til. Total | | Per Til |
| Expense Item | Expenses | Acre | Expenses | Acre | | |
| Fuel, oil & grease | \$ 5,112 | \$ 17.72 | \$ | \$ | | |
| Machinery repairs & parts | 11,157 | 38.67 | | - | | |
| Machine hire, rent & lease | 1,796 | 6.23 | | ***** | | |
| Auto expense (farm share) | 855 | 2.96 | | | | |
| Interest (5%) | 4,553 | 15.78 | | • | | |
| Depreciation | 11,878 | 41.17 | | | | |
| Total | \$ 35,351 | \$ 122.54 | \$ | \$ | | |

Dairy Program Analysis

Analysis of the dairy enterprise can tell a great deal about the strengths and weaknesses of the dairy farm business. Information on this page should be used in conjunction with DHI and other dairy production information. Changes in dairy herd size and market values that occur during the year are identified in the table below. The change in inventory value without appreciation is attributed to physical changes in herd size and quality. This increase in inventory is included as an accrual farm receipt when calculating all of the profitability measures on pages 6 and 7.

DAIRY HERD INVENTORY
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| | Da | airy Cows | | |] | Heifers | | |
|---|-----|-----------|-------|---------|---------------|------------|------------|-------|
| · | | 4 | | Bred | | Open | Ca | lves |
| <u> Item</u> | No. | Value | No. | Value | No. | Value | No. | Value |
| Beg. year (owned) | 82 | \$ 69,769 | 29 \$ | 17,796 | 20 \$ | 8,215 | 19 \$ | 3,631 |
| + Change w/o apprec. | | 2,043 | | -1,147 | | 1,310 | | -281 |
| + Appreciation | | 2,591 | - | 1,224 | | 777 | . <u>-</u> | 209 |
| End year (owned) | 84 | \$ 74,403 | 28 \$ | 17,873 | 24 \$ | 10,302 | 18 \$ | 3,559 |
| End incl. leased | 85 | | | | | | | |
| Average number | 83 | | 69 (| all age | group | ps) | | |
| My Farm: | • | 1 | | | | | | |
| Beg. of year (owned) + Change w/o apprec. | | \$ | · . | \$ | | \$ | , | \$ |
| + Appreciation End of year (owned) | | s | | | | | | |
| End including leased | | 9 | | \$ | . | \$ <u></u> | | ۶ |
| Average number | · | i e | (| all age | group | os) | | |

Total milk sold and milk sold per cow are extremely valuable measures of productivity on the dairy farm. These measures of milk output are based on pounds of milk marketed during the year. Farm managers on DHI should compare milk sold per cow with their rolling herd average on the test date nearest December 31.

MILK PRODUCTION
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | Average | My Farm |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Total milk sold, lbs. | 1,351,157 | |
| Milk sold per cow, lbs. | 16,210 | |
| Average milk plant test, percent butterfat | 3.73 | |

The cost of producing milk has been compiled using the whole farm method, and is featured in the following table. Accrual receipts from milk sales can be compared with the accrual costs of producing milk per cow and per hundredweight of milk. Using the whole farm method, operating costs of producing milk are estimated by deducting nonmilk accrual receipts from total accrual operating expenses including expansion livestock purchased. Total costs of producing milk include the operating costs of producing milk plus depreciation on machinery and buildings, the value of operators' labor and management, and the interest charge for using equity capital. Note that the cost of labor, management, and equity capital has been excluded in the intermediate calculation.

ACCRUAL RECEIPTS FROM DAIRY AND COST OF PRODUCING MILK 54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| | | Av | erage | | | | My Farm | |
|---|------------------------|----|--------|----|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| <u>Item</u> | Total | P | er Cow | P | er Cwt. | Total | Per Cow | Per Cwt. |
| Accrual Costs of Producing Milk Operating costs Total costs w/o opers' labor, | \$128,661 | \$ | 1,544 | \$ | 9.52 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| mgmt. & capital Total Costs Accrual Receipts | \$148,671 \$189,995 | | | | | \$ \$ | \$ \$ | \$ \$ |
| From Milk | \$173,331 | \$ | 2,080 | \$ | 12.83 | \$ | \$ | \$ |

The accrual operating expenses most commonly associated with the dairy enterprise are listed in the table below. Analysis of these costs per unit of production enables further evaluation of the dairy enterprise.

DAIRY RELATED ACCRUAL EXPENSES
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| | | ı | Average | • | | My Farm | | |
|----------------------------|----|-------|---------|-----|------|---------------------------------------|----------|--|
| Item | Pe | r Cow | | Per | Cwt. | Per Cow | Per Cwt | |
| Purchased dairy grain | | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| & concentrates | \$ | 585 | . \$ | 3 | .61 | \$ | \$ | |
| Purchased dairy roughage | , | 23 | | 0 | .14 | · | | |
| Total Purchased | | | | | | | | |
| Dairy Feed | \$ | 608 | \$ | 3 | .75 | \$ | \$ | |
| Purchased grain & conc. | | | | | | | • | |
| as % of milk receipts | | | 28% | | | | 8 | |
| Purchased feed & crop exp. | \$ | 769 | \$ | . 4 | .74 | \$ | <u> </u> | |
| Purchased feed & crop exp. | | | | | | | | |
| as % of milk receipts | • | | 37% | | | | 8 | |
| Breeding | \$ | 27 | \$ | 0 | .17 | \$ | \$ | |
| Veterinary & medicine | | 38 | | 0 | .23 | | | |
| Milk marketing | | 76 | | 0 | .47 | | | |
| Cattle lease | | 4 | | 0 | .02 | | | |
| Other livestock expense | | 81 | | 0 | .50 | | | |

Capital and Labor Efficiency Analysis

Capital efficiency factors measure how intensively the capital is being used in the farm business. Measures of labor efficiency are key indicators of management's success in generating products per unit of labor input.

CAPITAL EFFICIENCY
54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| Item | Per Worker | Per Cow | Per Tillable Acre | Per Tillable Acre Owned |
|---|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Farm capital Real estate | \$172,624 | \$ 5,916 2,723 | \$ 1,709 | \$ 2,680 1,233 |
| Machinery & equipment Capital turnover, years | 32,277 2 | 1,106 .27 | 320 | |
| My Farm: Farm capital Real estate Machinery & equipment Capital turnover, years | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | | | | |

LABOR FORCE INVENTORY AND ANALYSIS 54 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1988

| 54 We | stern Plat | eau Re | gion Dairy | Farms, 1 | 988 | 4 |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------|----------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| Labor Force | Mo | nths | Age | Years o of Educ | | Value of abor & Mgmt. |
| Operator number 1 | | 11 | 46 | 13 | \$ | 17,469 |
| Operator number 2 | | 3 | 42 | 13 | • | 4,762 |
| Operator number 3 | | 1 | 3 9 | 12 | | 1,941 |
| Family paid | | 5 | | | | , |
| Family unpaid | | 3 | | | | |
| Hired | | 10 | | | | |
| Total | · | 34 - | | 2.86 Work 1.33 Oper | | alent ager Equiv. |
| My Farm: Total | | - | ÷ 12 = | Worke | r Equiva | lent |
| Operator's | | | ÷ 12 = | | - | ger Equiv. |
| Labor | | Ave | erage | | My | Farm |
| Efficiency | To | tal | Per Work | er T | otal | Per Worker |
| Cows, average number | | 83 | 29 | | : | |
| Milk sold, pounds | 1,351 | | 473,014 | | | |
| Tillable acres | _, | 288 | 101 | | | |
| Work units | | 892 | 312 | | · . | |
| | | | | - | | |
| | | Avera | ge | | My Fa | rm |
| | | Per | Per | | Per | Per |
| Labor Costs | Total | Cow | Til, Acre | <u>Total</u> | Cow | Til. Acre |
| Value of operator(s) | h 15 001 | . 100 | A 55 (0 | | | |
| | | \$ 192 | \$55.40 | \$ | \$ | _ |
| Family unpd.(\$700/mo.) Hired | 1,906 | 23 | 6.61 | | | |
| | 18,105 | 217 | 62.76 | | <u>.</u> | |
| | | \$ 432 | \$124.76 | \$ | \$ | § |
| - | | \$ 424 | \$122.54 | \$ | \$ | _ \$ |
| TOTAL LABOR & MACN. | \$ 71,343 | \$ 856 | \$247.30 | \$ | \$ | <u> </u> |

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF THE FARM BUSINESS

Progress of the Farm Business

Comparing your business with average data from regional DFBS cooperators that participated in both of the last two years is one part of a business checkup. It is equally important for you to determine the progress your business has made over the past two or three years and to set targets or goals for the future.

PROGRESS OF THE FARM BUSINESS Same 45 Western Plateau Region Dairy Farms, 1987 & 1988

| | Ave | rage of | 45 | Farms* | | | My I | arm | • | |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|------|--------|---------------|--------------|------|--|-------------|----------|
| Selected Factors | 1 | 987 | | 1988 | 1 | 987 | 198 | 38 | G | oal |
| Size of Business | | | | | • | | | | | |
| Average number of cows | | 81 | | 84 | | | • | | | |
| Average number of heifers | | 69 | | 69 | | | | | | |
| Milk sold, lbs. | | | ı ə. | | | | · — | | | <u>-</u> |
| | 1,2 | 97,686 | | | | | | | | |
| Worker equivalent | | 2.89 | | | | • • | | | | |
| Total tillable acres | | 2,72 | | -278 | · | | | | | |
| Rates of Production | | | | | | | | | | |
| Milk sold per cow, lbs. | | 15.968 | | 16.367 | | | | | | |
| | | 2.66 | | | | • | | | | |
| Corn silage per acre, ton | | | | 14 | . — | | - | • | | |
| Join Silage per acre, con | . | 1/ | | 14 | | | | ······································ | | |
| <u>Labor Efficiency</u> | | | | | | | | | | : |
| Cows per worker | | 28 | | 30 | | : | | | | |
| Milk sold/worker, lbs. | 4 | 48,624 | 4 | 84,536 | | | | | | |
| | | • | | | | | | | - | |
| Cost Control | | | | | | | 4 | | | |
| Grain & conc. purchased | | · | | • | | | • | | | |
| | | 0.50 | | 000 | | | | | | |
| as % of milk sales | | . 25% | | 29% | | & | | *ზ | | <u>·</u> |
| Dairy feed & crop exp. | | | | | | | | | | |
| per cwt. milk | \$ | 4.28 | • | 4.81 | \$ | | \$ | · | \$ | |
| Labor & mach. costs/cow | \$ | 837 | \$ | 842 | \$ <u></u> | | \$ | • | \$ | |
| Capital Efficiency** | | | | | | 2.4 | | ٠. | | |
| Farm capital per cow | Ś | 5,801 | Ġ | 5 909 | ŝ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Mach. & equip. per cow | Ś | | | | Ÿ | | Ý | | <u>~</u> — | |
| | Ą | | | | ٧ | | ٣ | | ٧ | |
| Capital turnover, years | | 2.24 | | 2.27 | | | | | | |
| Profitability | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ٠. | 26 210 | ć | 20 622 | Ċ | | Ċ | | ć | |
| Net farm inc. w/o apprec. | | 26,318 | | | \$ | | ģ | | ্ব— | |
| Net farm inc. w/apprec. | Ş | 43,935 | Ş | 42,286 | \$ | | \$ | | ఫ | |
| Labor & mgt. income | | | | | | | ٠. | | | |
| per oper./manager | \$ | 7,084 | \$ | 8,966 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Rate of return on eq. | | - | • | | | | | | | |
| capital w/apprec. | | 4.93% | | 4.47% | | ક્ર | | ક | | |
| Rate of return on all | | • | | | | | | | | |
| capital w/apprec. | | 5.97% | | 5.57% | | 8 | | 8 | | |
| Financial Summary | | | | | | | | | | |
| Farm net worth, end year | ĆΩ | 50 950 | 62 | 79 210 | ė | | è | | ċ | |
| | ŞΣ | 50,859 | ąΣ | 72,318 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Debt to asset ratio | | 0.27 | | 0.26 | .— | | | | .— | · . |
| Farm debt per cow | \$ | 1,580 | Ş | 1,561 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Farm Business Charts

The Farm Business Chart is a tool which can be used in analyzing a business by drawing a line through the figure in each column which represents the current level of management performance. The figure at the top of each column is the average of the top 10 percent of the 426 farms for that factor. The other figures in each column are the average for the second 10 percent, third 10 percent, etc. Each column of the chart is independent of the others. The farms which are in the top 10 percent for one factor would not necessarily be the same farms which make up the top 10 percent for any other factor.

The cost control factors are ranked from low to high, but the <u>lowest cost</u> <u>is not necessarily the most profitable</u>. In some cases, the "best" management position is somewhere near the middle or average. Many things affect the level of costs, and must be taken into account when analyzing the factors.

References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings.

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR FARM MANAGEMENT COOPERATORS
426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Size | of Bus | iness | Rates | of Produ | ction | _Labor | Efficiency |
|--------------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|------------|
| Worker | No. | Pounds | Pounds | Tons | Tons Corn | Cows | Pounds |
| Equiv- | of | Milk | Milk Sold | Hay Crop | Silage | Per | Milk Sold |
| <u>alent</u> | Cows | Sold | Per Cow | DM/Acre | Per Acre | Worker | Per Worker |
| (DFBS | | | | | | | |
| pg. 10) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (8) | (8) | (10) | (10) |
| 7.4 | 288 | 5,050,360 | 19,730 | 4.5 | 24 | 49 | 799,099 |
| 4.6 | 157 | 2,574,309 | 18,109 | 3.7 | 20 | 39 | 639,739 |
| 3.7 | 117 | 1,895,640 | 17,473 | 3.2 | 18 | 36 | 575,793 |
| 3.3 | 96 | 1,560,906 | 16,851 | 3.0 | 17 | 32 | 527,968 |
| 2.9 | 82 | 1,343,837 | 16,370 | 2.7 | 16 | 31 | 486,445 |
| 2.6 | 73 | 1,140,151 | 15,925 | 2.5 | 15 | 29 | 454,799 |
| 2.4 | 64 | 972,139 | 15,394 | 2.3 | 14 | 27 | 424,189 |
| 2.1 | 56 | 842,732 | 14,675 | 2.0 | 13 | 25 | 381,809 |
| 1.8 | 47 | 709,379 | 13,608 | 1.8 | 12 | 22 | 337,608 |
| 1.3 | 35 | 512,284 | 11,275 | 1.3 | 9 | 17 | 251,762 |

| | <u> </u> | Cos | t Control | | |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Grain | % Feed is | Machinery | Labor & | Feed & Crop | Feed & Crop |
| Bought | of Milk | Costs | Machinery | Expenses | Expenses Per |
| <u>Per Cow</u> | Receipts | Per Cow | Costs Per Cow | Per Cow | Cwt, Milk |
| (9) | (9) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (9) |
| \$209 | 19% | \$220 | \$ 524 | \$349 | \$2.46 |
| 312 | 24 | 285 | 631 | 469 | 3.11 |
| 383 | 27 | 320 | 690 | 531 | 3.47 |
| 431 | 29 | 351 | 734 | 573 | 3.68 |
| 468 | 31 | 383 | 778 | 627 | 3.93 |
| 508 | 33 | 415 | 831 | 678 | 4.19 |
| 547 | 35 | 451 | 894 | 711 | 4.40 |
| 595 | 36 | 493 | 953 | 759 | 4.70 |
| 666 | 39 | 549 | 1,033 | 823 | 5.01 |
| 769 | 44 | 706 | 1,190 | 943 | 5.63 |

The next section of the Farm Business Chart provides for comparative analysis of the value and costs of dairy production.

The profitability section shows the variation in farm income by decile and enables a dairy farmer to determine where he or she ranks by using several measures of farm profitability. Remember that each column is independently established and the farms making up the top decile in the first column will not necessarily be on the top of any other column. The dairy farmer who ranks at or near the top of most of these columns is in a very enviable position.

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR FARM MANAGEMENT COOPERATORS 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Milk | Dairy | Oper. Cost | Oper. Cost | Total Cost | Total Cost |
|----------|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Receipts | Receipts | Milk | Milk | Production | Production |
| Per Cow | Per Cwt. | Per Cow | Per Cwt. | Per Cow | Per Cwt. |
| (9) | (9) | (9) | (9) | (9) | (9) |
| \$2,544 | \$14.27 | \$ 890 | \$ 6.03 | \$1,656 | \$11.12 |
| 2,351 | 13.56 | 1,137 | 7.31 | 1,893 | 12.17 |
| 2,259 | 13.18 | 1,242 | 8.01 | 2,006 | 12.75 |
| 2,174 | 12.97 | 1,324 | 8.54 | 2,101 | 13.23 |
| 2,110 | 12.81 | 1,423 | 9.04 | 2,190 | 13.73 |
| 2,037 | 12.72 | 1,509 | 9.39 | 2,289 | 14.25 |
| 1,968 | 12.61 | 1,590 | 9.87 | 2,390 | 14.73 |
| 1,889 | 12.51 | 1,690 | 10.49 | 2,470 | 15.33 |
| 1,733 | 12.36 | 1,824 | 11.22 | 2,607 | 16.63 |
| 1,462 | 11.96 | 2,098 | 13.10 | 3,024 | 19.71 |

Profitability

| | · · · | Return to Oper | ator's Labor, | Lal | oor & |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------|------------|
| Net Farm | n Income | Management, & | Equity Capital | Manageme | ent Income |
| With | Without | With | Without | Per | Per |
| Appreciation | Appreciation | Appreciation | Appreciation | Farm | Operator |
| (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| \$197,621 | \$136,964 | \$196,383 | \$136,268 | \$95,478 | \$71,503 |
| 92,938 | 62,277 | 91,549 | 61,167 | 36,159 | 28,206 |
| 75,433 | 46,889 | 74,352 | 44,671 | 25,310 | 20,638 |
| 59,966 | 37,085 | 58,410 | 35,784 | 19,308 | 14,620 |
| 50,071 | 29,409 | 48,144 | 28,474 | 13,697 | 9,894 |
| 40,312 | 24,442 | 38,795 | 23,170 | 7,936 | 6,437 |
| 32,360 | 17,870 | 30,644 | 15,931 | 2,912 | 2,277 |
| 23,593 | 12,737 | 21,911 | 10,230 | -3,450 | -2,909 |
| 16,232 | 4,764 | 14,494 | 2,719 | -11,217 | -9,828 |
| -3,558 | -17,210 | -5,512 | -18,986 | -37,719 | -32,962 |
| | | | | | |

Farm Business Charts for farms with freestall barns and 120 cows or less and more than 120 cows, and farms with conventional barns with 60 cows or less and more than 60 cows are discussed in the section on pages 23-28.

Financial Analysis Chart

The farm financial analysis chart is designed just like the <u>Farm Business</u> <u>Chart</u> and may be used to measure the financial health of the farm business. Most of the financial measures used in the chart are defined on pages 7, 10, 12, and 18 of this publication. References to DFBS output page numbers for participating dairy farmers are provided in the table headings.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS CHART 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| | <u>Liqu</u> | idity (repayment | :) | |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------|
| | Debt Payments | Cash Flow | Available for | |
| Debt Payments | as Percent | Coverage | Debt Service | Debt |
| Made Per Cow | of Milk Receipts | Ratio | Per Cow | Per Cow |
| (DFBS pg. 7) | (7) | (7) | (11) | (5) |
| \$ 51 | 2% | 14.14 | \$937 | \$ 96 |
| 210 | 10 | 2.18 | 710 | 636 |
| 303 | 15 | 1.63 | 634 | 1,137 |
| 373 | 18 | 1.35 | 569 | 1,508 |
| 441 | 21 | 1.22 | 520 | 1,840 |
| 500 | 24 | 1.06 | 466 | 2,199 |
| 568 | 29 | 0.93 | 414 | 2,523 |
| 646 | 33 | 0.79 | 340 | 2,904 |
| 808 | 40 | 0.57 | 246 | 3,407 |
| 1,610 | 81 | -0.19 | 7.2 | 4,837 |

| | Solvency | | Effici | ency & Profit | ability |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | Debt/Asset R | latio | Total | Capital | Rate of |
| Percent Equity | Current & Intermediate | Long Term | Farm Cap. Per Cow | Turnover (years) | Return on Equity Cap. |
| (DFBS | | | | | |
| pg. 5) | (5) | (5) | (10) | (10) | (3) |
| 99% | 0.00 | 0,00 | \$3,792 | 1.47 | 35% |
| 90 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 4,577 | 1.78 | 17 |
| 82 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 5,089 | 1.95 | 12 |
| 75 | 0.18 | 0.26 | 5,391 | 2.07 | 9 |
| 69 | 0.24 | 0.34 | 5,695 | 2.18 | 7 |
| 63 | 0.31 | 0.44 | 6,070 | 2.31 | . 5 |
| 57 | 0.37 | 0.55 | 6,482 | 2.49 | 3 |
| 50 | 0.43 | 0.65 | 7,046 | 2.69 | 1 |
| 42. | 0.50 | 0.80 | 7,888 | 3.04 | -3 |
| 22 | 0.77 | 1.21 | 9,829 | 4.07 | -34 |
| | | | | | |

Summarize Your Business Performance

The Farm Business and Financial Analysis Charts can be used to help identify strengths and weaknesses of your farm business. Identify three major strengths and three areas of your farm business that need improvement.

| Strengths: | Need Improvement: |
|------------|-------------------|
| | |
| | |

Comparisons by Type of Barn and Herd Size

When analyzing a dairy farm business by comparing it to a group of farms, it is important that the group of farms used has as many of the same physical characteristics as possible as the farm being analyzed. To assist in this endeavor, dairy farms in the 1987 State Summary have been divided into those with freestall and those with conventional housing. Within each group is a further classification by size of the dairy herd.

The table on page 24 shows the average values for the resulting four groups of dairy farms. Within each housing type, the larger herd size has the highest crop yields and pounds of milk sold per cow. The cost of producing milk was lower on the larger farms and labor efficiency greater. Profitability was also greater on the larger farms within each housing type.

Farm business charts have been computed for each of the four housing and herd size categories. From these charts on pages 25-28 the range in size of business, rates of production, labor efficiency, value and cost of producing milk, and profitability can be observed. The range in every category of business performance is tremendous.

By comparing the farm's performance on the most appropriate business chart, a farm manager will be better able to evaluate his or her business performance. Farm managers should remember, however, that their competition is not limited to the other farms in their own barn type and herd size category. They should observe how their management performance compares with farms in other categories as well.

Herd Size Comparisons

A detailed comparison of profitability, financial situation, and business analysis factors across herd sizes is contained on pages 29-36. As herd size increases, the average profitability also increases (pages 29-30). Net farm income without appreciation was \$208,798 per farm for the 300 or more herd size group and \$11,140 per farm for those with less than 40 cows. This relationship holds for all measures of profitability including rate of return on equity capital.

As herd size increases, percent equity generally decreases (pages 31-34). The most dramatic decline occurs above 100 cows. However, farm net worth increases substantially as herd size increases. The average net worth for all size farms increased during 1987.

Crop yields increased as herd size increased, but fertilizer and lime expenses and machinery cost per tillable acre also increased (pages 35-36). Milk sold per cow also increased as herd size increased, ranging from 15,234 pounds on the farms with less than 40 cows to 18,808 pounds on farms with 300 or more cows. Farm capital per worker increased as herd size increased, while farm capital per cow decreased as herd size increased. Cows per worker increased dramatically as herd size increased, ranging from 22 at the lowest herd size category up to 45 at the largest size category.

¹ Smith, Stuart F., Wayne A. Knoblauch, and Linda D. Putnam, <u>Dairy Farm Management Business Summary</u>, New York, 1987, Department of Agricultural Economics, Cornell University, A.E. Res. 88-8, July 1988.

SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY TYPE OF BARN AND HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Farms with: | Convent | | Freestall | | |
|--|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| Item | ≤60 Cows | >60 Cows | ≤120 Cows | >120 Cows | |
| Number of farms | 117 | 151 | 72 | 86 | |
| Cropping Program Analysis | | | | | |
| Total Tillable acres | . 152 | 298 | 265 | 560 | |
| Tillable acres rented* | 44 | 104 | 89 | 206 | |
| Hay crop acres* | 93 | 167 | 138 | 221 | |
| Corn silage acres* | 25 | 52 | .55 | 159 | |
| Hay crop, tons DM/acre | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.1 | |
| Corn silage, tons/acre | 14.5 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 17.1 | |
| Oats, bushels/acre | 52.7 | 59.8 | 52.1 | 51.1 | |
| Forage DM per cow, tons | 7.5 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.6 | |
| Tillable acres/cow | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.6 | |
| Fert. & lime exp./til. acre | \$21.10 | \$23.60 | \$28.16 | \$31.88 | |
| Total machinery costs | \$17,902 | \$35,641 | \$38,982 | \$87,013 | |
| Machinery cost/tillable acre | \$118 | \$120 | \$147 | \$155 | |
| and the second s | ĢIIO | , 9120 | \$147 | \$133 | |
| <u>Dairy Analysis</u> | | | • | | |
| Number of cows | 45 | 88 | 83 | 213 | |
| Number of heifers | 33 | 70 | 68 | 167 | |
| Milk sold, lbs. | 701,939 | 1,404,638 | 1,336,813 | 3,631,580 | |
| Milk sold/cow, lbs. | 15,446 | 15,949 | 16,026 | 17,012 | |
| Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. | \$9.34 | \$9.19 | \$9.38 | \$9.40 | |
| Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. | \$15.12 | \$13.76 | \$14.31 | \$12.77 | |
| Price/cwt. milk sold | \$12.82 | \$12.78 | \$13.04 | \$12.93 | |
| Purchased dairy feed/cow | \$507 | \$496 | \$498 | \$559 | |
| Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk | \$3.28 | \$3.11 | \$3.11 | \$3.29 | |
| Purc. grain & conc. as % milk rec | | 24% | 23% | 249 | |
| Purc. feed & crop exp./cwt. milk | \$4.05 | \$3.99 | \$4.09 | \$4.21 | |
| Conital Pffician | • | | | | |
| Capital Efficiency | A15/ 017 | A17/ 550 | 440- 404 | | |
| Farm capital/worker | \$154,317 | \$174,550 | \$185,631 | \$212,849 | |
| Farm capital/cow | \$6,467 | \$6,056 | \$6,166 | \$5,522 | |
| Farm capital/til. acre owned | \$2,721 | \$2,735 | \$2,922 | \$3,330 | |
| Real estate/cow | \$3,436 | \$2,910 | \$2,858 | \$2,528 | |
| Machinery investment/cow | \$1,156 | \$1,137 | \$1,236 | \$913 | |
| Capital turnover, years | 2.51 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 1.96 | |
| Labor Efficiency | | | | | |
| Worker equivalent | 1.90 | 3.06 | 2.77 | 5.54 | |
| Operator/manager equivalent | 1.14 | 1.33 | 1.41 | 1.48 | |
| Milk sold/worker, lbs. | 368,557 | 459,672 | 482,459 | 655,667 | |
| Cows/worker | 24 | 29 | 30 | 39 | |
| Work units/worker | 248 | 308 | 318 | 393 | |
| Labor cost/cow | \$432 | \$388 | \$393 | | |
| Labor cost/tillable acre | \$129 | \$115 | \$124 | \$403 \$154 | |
| | | | | | |
| Profitability & Balance Sheet Ana Net farm income (w/o apprec.) | | 621 007 | 607 / 20 | A77 / F ^ | |
| | \$14,305 | \$31,007 | \$27,432 | \$77,458 | |
| Labor & mgmt. income/operator | \$2,778 | \$8,414 | \$6,525 | \$27,394 | |
| Farm debt/cow ' | \$2,216 | \$1,901 | \$2,102 | \$2,098 | |
| Percent equity | 65% | 69% | 66% | 62% | |

^{*}Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR SMALL CONVENTIONAL STALL DAIRY FARM 117 Conventional Stall Dairy Farms with 60 or Less Cows, New York, 1987

| Size | of Bus | iness | Rates | of Produ | ction | Labor Efficiency | | |
|--------------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Worker | No. | Pounds | Pounds | Tons | Tons Corn | Cows | Pounds | |
| Equiv- | of | Milk | Milk Sold | Hay Crop | Silage | Per | Milk Sold | |
| <u>alent</u> | Cows | Sold | Per Cow | DM/Acre | Per Acre | Worker | <u>Per Worker</u> | |
| (DFBS | | | | | | | | |
| pg. 10) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (8) | (8) | (10) | (10) | |
| 3.1 | 58 | 1,012,310 | 18,894 | 4.1 | 25 | 38 | 593,294 | |
| 2.5 | 55 | 890,128 | 17,803 | 3.2 | 20 | 32 | 508,786 | |
| 2.3 | 53 | 841,029 | 17,100 | 2.9 | 18 | 29 | 443,085 | |
| 2.1 | 50 | 777,411 | 16,529 | 2.6 | 16 | 27 | 424,821 | |
| 2.0 | 48 | 747,174 | 16,027 | 2.4 | 15 | 26 | 401,656 | |
| 1.8 | 46 | 684,453 | 15,530 | 2.2 | 14 | 24 | 375,007 | |
| 1.6 | 43 | 648,948 | 14,825 | 2.0 | 13 | 23 | 344,267 | |
| 1.5 | 39 | 587,566 | 14,114 | 1.8 | 12 | 21 | 324,239 | |
| 1.3 | 35 | 515,571 | 12,986 | 1.6 | 11 | 19 | 281,813 | |
| 1.1 | 29 | 367,936 | 10,705 | 1.2 | 8 | . 15 | 205,714 | |

| • | Cost Control | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Grain | % Feed is | Machinery | Labor & | Feed & Crop | Feed & Crop | | | | |
| Bought | of Milk | Costs | Machinery | Expenses | Expenses Per | | | | |
| Per Cow | Receipts | Per Cow | Costs Per Cow | Per Cow | Cwt. Milk | | | | |
| (9) | (9) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (9) | | | | |
| \$239 | 20% | \$185 | \$ 531 | \$329 | \$2.57 | | | | |
| 325 | 25 | 256 | 627 | 457 | 3.21 | | | | |
| 383 | 27 | 300 | 687 | 511 | 3.52 | | | | |
| 430 | 29 | 335 | 732 | 552 | 3.64 | | | | |
| 464 | 30 | 367 | 786 | 590 | 3.84 | | | | |
| 497 | 32 | 398 | 851 | 646 | 4.07 | | | | |
| 546 | 34 | 437 | 921 | 699 | 4.31 | | | | |
| 589 | 37 | 475 | 974 | 740 | 4.77 | | | | |
| 666 | 39 | 549 | 1,057 | 819 | 5.11 | | | | |
| 756 | 44 | 640 | 1,159 | 953 | 5.55 | | | | |

| Value | Value and Cost of Production | | | Profi | itability | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|--|--|
| Milk | Milk Oper. Cost Total Cost | | | Net Farm Income | | | | |
| Receipts | Milk | Production | With | Without | <u>Labor & Mg</u> | mt. Income | | |
| Per Cow | Per Cwt. | Per Cwt. | Apprec. | Apprec. | Per Farm | Per Oper. | | |
| (9) | (9) | (9) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | | |
| \$2,512 | \$ 5.84 | \$11.72 | \$74,553 | \$39,463 | \$25,389 | \$22,783 | | |
| 2,298 | 6.83 | 13.04 | 48,887 | 29,518 | 19,481 | 17,388 | | |
| 2,208 | 7.67 | 13.54 | 38,477 | 26,217 | 13,599 | 11,512 | | |
| 2,129 | 8.33 | 14.12 | 34,212 | 21,938 | 9,849 | 8,406 | | |
| 2,062 | 8.89 | 14.64 | 30,235 | 15,948 | 6,294 | 5,676 | | |
| 1,969 | 9.31 | 15.12 | 23,800 | 14,364 | 2,907 | 2,572 | | |
| 1,887 | 10.01 | 15.82 | 19,827 | 10,674 | 568 | 508 | | |
| 1,774 | 10.80 | 16.97 | 15,627 | 4,889 | -3,763 | -3,179 | | |
| 1,637 | 11.64 | 18.11 | 8,111 | -1,628 | -10,700 | -9,683 | | |
| 1,350 | 13.39 | 20.88 | -4,719 | -14,006 | -27,903 | -26,962 | | |

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR LARGE CONVENTIONAL STALL DAIRY FARMS 151 Conventional Stall Dairy Farms with More Than 60 Cows, New York, 1987

| Size of Business | | | Rates | of Produ | <u>ction</u> | Labor | Labor Efficiency | | |
|------------------|------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------------|--------|------------------|--|--|
| Worker | No. | Pounds | Pounds | Tons | Tons Corn | Cows | Pounds | | |
| Equiv- | of | Milk | Milk Sold | Hay Crop | Silage | Per | Milk Sold | | |
| <u>alent</u> | Cows | Sold | Per Cow | DM/Acre | Per Acre | Worker | Per Worker | | |
| (DFBS | | | | | | | | | |
| pg. 10) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (8) | (8) | (10) | (10) | | |
| 5.6 | 163 | 2,674,310 | 19,172 | 4.5 | 22 | 44 | 673,277 | | |
| 3.9 | 112 | 1,819,161 | 17,935 | 3.7 | 19 | . 37 | 603,935 | | |
| 3.5 | 94 | 1,583,874 | 17,322 | 3.2 | 18 | 34 | 555,170 | | |
| 3.1 | 87 | 1,425,022 | 16,735 | 3.0 | 17 | 32 | 517,283 | | |
| 3.0 | 82 | 1,318,364 | 16,412 | 2.6 | 16 | 30 | 484,731 | | |
| 2.6 | 77 | 1,235,135 | 16,146 | 2.5 | 15 | 29 | 463,541 | | |
| 2.5 | 73 | 1,145,273 | 15,545 | 2.2 | 14 | 27 | 436,780 | | |
| 2.4 | 69 | 1,058,575 | 14,696 | 2.0 | 13 | 25 | 393,204 | | |
| 2.2 | 65 | 969,689 | 13,740 | 1.7 | 12 | 23 | 349,386 | | |
| 1.8 | 61 | 853,701 | 11,741 | 1.4 | 10 | 18 | 271,522 | | |

| | Cost | Control |
|---|------|---------|
| | | |
| _ | | T - 1 |

| Grain | % Feed is | Machinery | Labor & | Feed & Crop | Feed & Crop |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Bought | of Milk | Costs | Machinery | Expenses | Expenses Per |
| <u>Per Cow</u> | Receipts | Per Cow | Costs Per Cow | Per Cow | Cwt. Milk |
| (9) | (9) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (9) |
| \$202 | 18% | \$220 | \$ 506 | \$341 | \$2.34 |
| 295 | 24 | 281 | 605 | 460 | 3.03 |
| 369 | 27 | 313 | 669 | 523 | 3.46 |
| 418 | 29 | 350 | 723 | 573 | 3.68 |
| 455 | 31 | 377 | 760 | 621 | 3.92 |
| 510 | 32 | 407 | 797 | 670 | 4.16 |
| 548 | 34 | 445 | 863 | 694 | 4.34 |
| 591 | 36 | 478 | 938 | 740 | 4.54 |
| 656 | 37 | 532 | 1,015 | 798 | 4.84 |
| 754 | 42 | 677 | 1,164 | 893 | 5.31 |

| Value and Cost of Production | | | | Profitability | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Milk | Milk Oper. Cost Total Cost | | | Net Farm Income | | | | |
| Receipts | Milk | Production | With | Without | Labor & Mg | mt. Income | | |
| Per Cow | Per Cwt. | Per Cwt. | Apprec. | Apprec. | Per Farm | Per Oper. | | |
| (9) | (9) | (9) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | | |
| \$2,452 | \$ 6.24 | \$11.00 | \$110,663 | \$78,030 | \$54,066 | \$41,523 | | |
| 2,323 | 7.28 | 11.99 | 80,747 | 55,205 | 34,079 | 29,685 | | |
| 2,216 | 7.92 | 12.47 | 69,626 | 46,659 | 27,268 | 23,376 | | |
| 2,138 | 8.35 | 12.91 | 58,272 | 41,337 | 22,167 | 16,361 | | |
| 2,092 | 8.74 | 13.42 | 50,783 | 34,419 | 16,612 | 11,210 | | |
| 2,033 | 9.21 | 14.00 | 43,296 | 27,185 | 9,802 | 7,495 | | |
| 1,962 | 9.65 | 14.49 | 35,577 | 21,584 | 2,691 | 1,833 | | |
| 1,902 | 10.19 | 14.99 | 27,732 | 14,827 | -4,619 | -3,704 | | |
| 1,750 | 10.87 | 15.90 | 19,127 | 8,686 | -10,022 | -8,233 | | |
| 1,517 | 12.97 | 19.22 | -2,597 | -14,835 | -36,963 | -33,558 | | |

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR SMALL FREESTALL DAIRY FARMS
72 Freestall Barn Dairy Farms with 120 or Less Cows, New York, 1987

| Size | of Bus | iness | Rates | of Produ | ction | _Labor | <u> Labor Efficiency</u> | | |
|---------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Worker | No. | Pounds | Pounds | Tons | Tons Corn | Cows | Pounds | | |
| Equiv- | of | Milk | Milk Sold | Hay Crop | Silage | Per | Milk Sold | | |
| alent | Cows | Sold | Per Cow | DM/Acre | Per Acre | Worker | Per Worker | | |
| (DFBS | | | | | | | | | |
| pg. 10) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (8) | (8) | (10) | (10) | | |
| 4.0 | 113 | 2,031,232 | 19,930 | 4.5 | 28 | 49 | 779,317 | | |
| 3.4 | 107 | 1,778,804 | 18,585 | 3.6 | 20 | 41 | 631,701 | | |
| 3.2 | 101 | 1,597,490 | 18,005 | 3.2 | 19 | 34 | 547,217 | | |
| 3.0 | 95 | 1,548,436 | 17,433 | 3.0 | 18 | 32 | 503,134 | | |
| 2.9 | 87 | 1,460,707 | 16,469 | 2.7 | 17 | 30 | 486,247 | | |
| 2.7 | 81 | 1,360,485 | 15,965 | 2.5 | 16 | 29 | 463,207 | | |
| 2.5 | 76 | 1,188,903 | 15,526 | 2.3 | 15 | 27 | 443,127 | | |
| 2.3 | 72 | 1,016,927 | 14,898 | 2.1 | 13 | 26 | 418,694 | | |
| 2.1 | 64 | 867,848 | 13,759 | 1.9 | 11 | 24 | 373,532 | | |
| 1.7 | 48 | 678,354 | 10,362 | 1.4 | 8 . | 20 | 289,432 | | |

| | Cost Control | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Grain | % Feed is | Machinery | Labor & | Feed & Crop | Feed & Crop | | | | |
| Bought | of Milk | Costs | Machinery | Expenses | Expenses Per | | | | |
| Per Cow | Receipts | Per Cow | Costs Per Cow | Per Cow | Cwt. Milk | | | | |
| (9) | (9) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (9) | | | | |
| \$197 | 19% | \$267 | \$ 567 | \$ 361 | \$2.49 | | | | |
| 322 | 23 | 311 | 667 | 479 | 3.05 | | | | |
| 378 | 25 | 335 | 727 | 535 | 3.31 | | | | |
| 426 | 28 | 363 | 788 | 568 | 3.64 | | | | |
| 470 | 31 | 407 | 829 | 627 | 3.96 | | | | |
| 508 | 32 | 462 | 887 | 690 | 4.31 | | | | |
| 541 | 35 | 514 | 928 | 722 | 4.63 | | | | |
| 594 | 37 | 550 | 979 | 768 | 4.92 | | | | |
| 666 | 40 | 613 | 1,071 | 845 | 5.13 | | | | |
| 831 | 49 | 870 | 1.307 | 1.024 | 6.23 | | | | |

| Value | and Cost of P | roduction | | Prof | itability | |
|----------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|
| Milk | Milk Oper. Cost Total Cost | | Net Farm | n Income_ | · | |
| Receipts | Milk | Production | With | Without | <u>Labor & Mg</u> | mt. Income |
| Per Cow | Per Cwt. | Per Cwt. | Apprec. | Apprec. | Per Farm | Per Oper. |
| (9) | (9) | (9) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| \$2,594 | \$ 6.29 | \$11.99 | \$108,959 | \$85,873 | \$61,245 | \$34,091 |
| 2,419 | 7.89 | 12.78 | 78,885 | 55,778 | 32,705 | 22,189 |
| 2,293 | 8.32 | 13.07 | 64,609 | 42,618 | 21,656 | 16,354 |
| 2,225 | 8.81 | 13.49 | 57,524 | 32,163 | 16,779 | 12,477 |
| 2,168 | 9.22 | 13.93 | 51,908 | 29,625 | 12,551 | 9,268 |
| 2,075 | 9.44 | 14.32 | 45,040 | 26,072 | 8,294 | 6,544 |
| 2,016 | 10.16 | 15.03 | 35,648 | 20,544 | 5,663 | 4,359 |
| 1,968 | 10.96 | 16.09 | 26,102 | 13,664 | -3,715 | -3,493 |
| 1,798 | 11.89 | 17.13 | | 610 | -15,345 | -11,684 |
| 1,384 | 13.58 | 20.29 | -5,701 | -21,765 | -38,033 | -33,341 |

FARM BUSINESS CHART FOR LARGE FREESTALL DAIRY FARMS
86 Freestall Barn Dairy Farms with More Than 120 Cows, New York, 1987

| Size | Size of Business | | | of Produ | ction | Labor | Efficiency |
|--------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|------------|
| Worker | No. | Pounds | Pounds | Tons | Tons Corn | Cows | Pounds |
| Equiv- | of | Milk | Milk Sold | Hay Crop | Silage | Per | Milk Sold |
| <u>alent</u> | Cows | Sold | Per Cow | DM/Acre | Per Acre | Worker | Per Worker |
| (DFBS | | • | | | | • | |
| pg. 10) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (8) | (8) | (10) | (10) |
| 11.5 | 475 | 9,122,233 | 20,926 | 5,0 | 23 | 59 | 978,334 |
| 7.5 | 303 | 5,443,620 | 19,082 | 4.0 | 20 | 48 | 831,859 |
| 6.4 | 253 | 4,155,570 | 17,701 | 3.7 | 19 | 45 | 741,638 |
| 5.8 | 217 | 3,557,779 | 17,409 | 3.5 | 18 | 41 | 682,912 |
| 5.2 | 198 | 3,195,642 | 16,973 | 3.2 | 18 | 39 | 641,707 |
| 4.8 | 176 | 2,895,944 | 16,268 | 3.0 | 17 | 37 | 611,788 |
| 4.4 | 158 | 2,599,715 | 15,691 | 3.9 | 16 | 35 | 572,578 |
| 4.0 | 144 | 2,349,436 | 15,355 | 2.6 | 15 | 32 | 530,718 |
| 3.6 | 132 | 2,078,626 | 14,712 | 2.3 | 14 | 30 | 486,868 |
| 3.2 | 123 | 1,778,664 | 12,906 | 1.7 | 11 | 26 | 421,041 |

| | | Cos | t Control | | |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Grain | % Feed is | Machinery | Labor & | Feed & Crop | Feed & Crop |
| Bought | of Milk | Costs | Machinery | Expenses | Expenses Per |
| <u>Per Cow</u> | Receipts | Per Cow | Costs Per Cow | Per Cow | Cwt. Milk |
| (9) | (9) | (10) | (10) | (9) | (9) |
| \$211 | 21% | \$269 | \$ 547 | \$415 | \$2.67 |
| 354 | 26 | 312 | 675 | 529 | 3.31 |
| 434 | 27 | 345 | 704 | 592 | 3.63 |
| 466 | 30 | 378 | 743 | 651 | 3.87 |
| 494 | 33 | 405 | 787 | 692 | 4.17 |
| 531 | 34 | 433 | 834 | 722 | 4.36 |
| 571 | 35 | 464 | 883 | 775 | 4.59 |
| 638 | 37 | 490 | 940 | 813 | 4.82 |
| 691 | 39 | 541 | 1,018 | 858 | 5.10 |
| 766 | 43 | 690 | 1,177 | 932 | 5.69 |

| Value | and Cost of Pr | oduction | · | Prof | <u>ita</u> bility | |
|----------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| Milk | Oper. Cost | Total Cost | Net Far | m Income | | |
| Receipts | Milk | Production | With | Without | Labor & Mg | mt. Income |
| <u>Per Cow</u> | Per Cwt. | Per Cwt. | Apprec. | Apprec. | Per Farm | Per Oper. |
| (9) | (9) | (9) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| \$2,650 | \$ 6.33 | \$10.56 | \$371,960 | \$269,426 | \$207,317 | \$167,283 |
| 2,442 | 7.76 | 11.72 | 211,706 | 146,148 | 95,881 | 69,329 |
| 2,349 | 8.66 | 12.22 | 166,309 | 105,100 | 63,094 | 44,853 |
| 2,280 | 9.18 | 12.53 | 127,460 | 77,994 | 42,020 | 31,897 |
| 2,205 | 9.44 | 13.14 | 99,991 | 66,929 | 33,156 | 22,003 |
| 2,146 | 9.75 | 13.66 | 89,278 | 54,629 | 22,169 | 17,498 |
| 2,032 | 10.11 | 13.97 | 82,461 | 41,867 | 16,389 | 9,426 |
| 1,968 | 10.54 | 14.35 | 64,958 | 30,225 | 5,583 | 3,831 |
| 1,891 | 11.03 | 14.90 | 48,918 | 19,518 | -7,955 | ~7,224 |
| 1,709 | 12.11 | 16.25 | 17,051 | -5,150 | -44,860 | -35,341 |

FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| | | | | 70 | 0.C · |
|--|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Item Farm Size: | Less than 40 Cows | 40 to 54 Cows | 55 to 69 Cows | 70 to 84 Cows | 85 to 99 Cows |
| Item Farm Size: | 40 COWS | <u> </u> | 02 COWS | 04 00ws | <u> </u> |
| Number of farms | 32 | 69 | 74 | 71 | 41 |
| ACCRUAL EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Hired labor | \$ 2,757 | \$ 5,999 | \$ 11,494 | \$ 15,070 | \$ 18,684 |
| Dairy grain & concentrate | 17,025 | 22,287 | 29,046 | 37,345 | 42,482 |
| Dairy roughage | 933 | 1,098 | 954 | 1,427 | 624 |
| Other livestock feed | 444 | 358 | 696 | 686 | 1,063 |
| Machine hire/rent/lease | 1,163 | 817 | 1,632 | 1,720 | 2,416 |
| Machine repairs/parts | 3,091 | 5,150 | 6,947 | 8,775 | 11,089 |
| Auto expense (farm share) | 302 | 556 | 740 | 655 | 686 |
| Fuel, oil & grease | 1,653 | 2,204 | 3,539 | 3,995 | 5,046 |
| Replacement livestock | 2,470 | 988 | 1,930 | 1,753 | 1,858 |
| Breeding | 1,081 | 1,535 | 2,029 | 2,576 | 2,647 |
| Veterinary & medicine | 1,280 | 1,663 | 2,759 | 3,420 | 3,466 |
| Milk marketing | 4,718 | 6,109 | 7,384 | 9,569 | 9,458 |
| Cattle lease/rent | 14 | 46 | 37 | 175 | 109 |
| Other livestock expense | 2,503 | 4,154 | 5,310 | 6,835 | 7,604 |
| Fertilizer & lime | 2,070 | 3,431 | 4,903 | 6,178 | 8,386 |
| Seeds & plants | 728 | 1,218 | 2,053 | 2,522 | 2,898 |
| Spray & other crop expense | 521 | 942 | 1,801 | 1,939 | 2,738 |
| Land/building/fence repair | 803 | 1,075 | 1,988 | 2,025 | 2,752 |
| Taxes & insurance | 3,729 | 4,746 | 7,161 | 7,526 | 9,326 |
| Telephone & electricity | 2,724 | 3,329 | 4,399 | | 5,812 |
| Interest paid | 5,878 | 9,279 | 9,839 | 12,703 | 15,433 |
| Misc. (including rent) | 2,030 | 2,846 | 4,403 | 5,395 | 6,403 |
| Total Operating Expenses | \$57,917 | \$ 79,830 750 | \$111,044 | \$137,600 1,101 | \$160,980 196 |
| Expansion livestock | 154 | | 1,145 | | 13,545 |
| Machinery depreciation | 4,540 | 6,811 3,154 | 9,935 5,331 | 5,305 | $\frac{15,543}{6,692}$ |
| Building depreciation Total Accrual Expenses | 2,612 \$65,223 | \$ 90,545 | \$127,455 | \$157,233 | \$181,413 |
| Total Accidal Expenses | Ş05,225 | ÿ 90,545 | Q127,433 | Q137,233 | Ψ101, Ψ13 |
| ACCRUAL RECEIPTS | | | | | |
| Milk sales | \$65,663 | \$ 93,254 | | | \$185,624 |
| Dairy cattle | 6,599 | | 8,596 | | |
| Dairy calves | 1,217 | 1,651 | 2,086 | 2,608 | 2,914 |
| Other livestock | 605 | 131 | 317 | 338 | 153 |
| Crops | 900 | 713 | 3,183 | 2,440 | 4,441 |
| Misc. receipts | <u>1,380</u> | 2,564 | 5,336 | 6,708 | 7,118 |
| Total Accrual Receipts | \$76,363 | \$106,091 | \$144,554 | \$183,257 | \$216,186 |
| PROFITABILITY ANALYSIS | | | | **** | 401 770 |
| Net farm income (w/o apprec.) | | \$15,546 | \$17,099 | \$26,024 | |
| Net farm income (w/apprec.) | \$21,927 | \$30,098 | \$31,811 | | |
| Labor & mgmt. income | \$1,277 | \$5,093 | \$1,771 | \$8,413 | \$16,249 |
| Number of operators | 1.04 | 1.15 | | 1.28 | 1.25 |
| Labor & mgmt. inc./oper. | \$1,228 | \$4,429 | \$1,362 | \$6,573 | \$12,999 |
| Rates of return on: | | | | | |
| Equity capital w/o apprec. | -4.6% | -3.2% | | | |
| Equity capital w/apprec. | 1.8% | 5.3% | | | |
| All capital w/o apprec. | -0.8% | 1.3% | | | |
| All capital w/apprec. | 3.7% | 6.2% | 4.1% | 6.8% | 8.5% |
| | | | | | |

FARM BUSINESS SUMMARY BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Item Farm Size: | 100 to 149 Cows | 150 to 199 Cows | 200 to 299 Cows | 300 or More Cows |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | 147 00WS | | 299 COWS | Hore Cows |
| Number of farms | 70 | 31 | 27 | 11 |
| ACCRUAL EXPENSES | | | | |
| Hired labor | \$ 25,102 | \$ 47,877 | \$ 75,549 \$ | 179,681 |
| Dairy grain & concentrate | 56,974 | 86,662 | 133,931 | 257,093 |
| Dairy roughage | 801 | 1,387 | 6,292 | 21,695 |
| Other livestock feed | 616 | 2,337 | 1,925 | 1,356 |
| Machine hire/rent/lease | 2,516 | 3,678 | 6,636 | 9,670 |
| Machine repairs/parts | 15,054 | 24,145 | 31,332 | 43,448 |
| Auto expense (farm share) | 668 | 610 | 656 | 2,512 |
| Fuel, oil & grease | 6,981 | 12,430 | 14,265 | 20,939 |
| Replacement livestock | 1,519 | 4,468 | 6,034 | 1,248 |
| Breeding | 3,546 | 5,002 | 7,259 | 12,662 |
| Veterinary & medicine | 4,968 | 7,667 | 12,604 | 26,205 |
| Milk marketing | 14,281 | 21,327 | 28,600 | 52,360 |
| Cattle lease/rent | 14 | 814 | 0 | 557 |
| Other livestock expense | 9,821 | 13,907 | 21,022 | 37,220 |
| Fertilizer & lime | 10,411 | 14,729 | 20,450 | 29,461 |
| Seeds & plants | 4,520 | 6,186 | 8,655 | 15,239 |
| Spray & other crop expense | 4,299 | 5,252 | 7,839 | 18,550 |
| Land/building/fence repair | 3,890 | 5,188 | 6,828 | 25,692 |
| Taxes & insurance | 10,856 | 15,566 | 19,405 | 28,402 |
| Telephone & electricity | 7,238 | 10,360 | 13,821 | 20,402 |
| Interest paid | 18,586 | 29,497 | 42,206 | 77,461 |
| Misc. (including rent) | 8,560 | 12.652 | 20,694 | 34,966 |
| Total Operating Expenses | \$211,221 | \$331,741 | \$486,003 \$ | |
| Expansion livestock | 2,114 | 2,976 | 3,044 | 16,232 |
| Machinery depreciation | 19,857 | 28,073 | 31,247 | 58,995 |
| Building depreciation | 9,604 | 13,753 | 21,805 | 37,605 |
| Total Accrual Expenses | \$242,796 | \$376,543 | \$542,099 \$ | |
| ACCRUAL RECEIPTS | | | | |
| Milk sales | \$246 060 | 6261 205 | ĆE01 107 Å | 1 0/5 0/5 |
| Dairy cattle | \$246,068 | \$361,325 | \$521,194 \$ | |
| Dairy calves | 20,536 | 34,740 | 48,174 | - |
| Other livestock | 3,653 266 | 5,566 | 8,117 | 15,121 |
| Crops | | 435 | 4,624 | 166 |
| Misc. receipts | 4,088 | 5,451 | 16,749 | 43,415 |
| Total Accrual Receipts | 9,593 \$284,207 | 21,616 | 24,655 | 39,740 |
| Total Accidal Receipts | \$284,207 | \$429,132 | \$623,513 \$ | 1,238,923 |
| PROFITABILITY ANALYSIS | | | | |
| Net farm income (w/o apprec.) | \$41,411 | \$52,589 | \$81,414 | \$208,798 |
| Net farm income (w/apprec.) | \$64,485 | \$107,614 | \$119,890 | \$280,560 |
| Labor & mgmt. income | \$15,647 | \$19,218 | \$43,070 | \$142,561 |
| Number of operators | 1.49 | 1.57 | 1.54 | 1.43 |
| Labor & mgmt. inc./oper. | \$10,501 | \$12,241 | \$27,968 | \$99,693 |
| Rate of return on: | 7-0,001 | 4, | Y27,700 | 422,093 |
| Equity capital w/o apprec. | 1.7% | 2.8% | 6.2% | 12.7% |
| Equity capital w/apprec. | 6.5% | 11.4% | 11.3% | 18.2% |
| All capital w/o apprec. | 3.8% | 4.7% | 7.0% | 10.2% |
| All capital w/apprec. | 7.0% | 10.2% | 10.1% | 13.9% |
| , <u>r</u> , <u>r</u> = | 7.00 | 10.25 | 10.14 | 13.76 |

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Farms with: | Less than | 40 Cows | 40 to 5 | 4 Cows | 55 to 6 | 9 Cows |
|---|------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|
| Item | Jan. 1 | | Jan. 1 | | Jan. 1 | |
| ASSETS | | ; | | | | |
| Farm cash/chkg./sav. | \$ 2 988 | \$ 3.087 | \$ 1,764 | \$ 2,431 | \$ 4,560 | \$ 4,362 |
| Accounts receivable | 5,451 | | 7,596 | 7,669 | 10,917 | 11,287 |
| Prepaid expenses | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 14 | 14 |
| Feed & supplies | | 12,245 | | | | |
| Livestock* | 39,311 | | 52,858 | 59,009 | • | |
| Machinery & equipmen | • | | 52,278 | 55,305 | | 78,455 |
| FLB & PCA stock | 683 | 751 | 1,612 | - | 2,532 | 2,525 |
| Other stock & cert. | 1,225 | 1,381 | 1,707 | 1,888 | 2,681 | 2,701 |
| Land & buildings* | | • | 153,697 | 158,724 | 197,233 | 205,744 |
| Total Farm Assets | | | \$288,971 | \$304,788 | \$392,275 | \$410,853 |
| Down and Johles Jane | | \$ 1,907 | \$ 3,309 | \$ 3,032 | \$ 6,011 | \$ 6,580 |
| Pers. cash/chkg./sav | | | | 3,119 | 4,122 | 4,609 |
| Cash value of life i Nonfarm real estate | | | 2,451 4,601 | 7,939 | | • |
| Auto (personal share | | 1,032 | 3,163 | | 23,403 | • |
| Stocks & bonds | | | 2,380 | 2,405 | • | - |
| Household furnishing | | | | | | |
| All other | | | 2,955 | | | 888 |
| Tot. Nonfarm Assets* | | | \$ 27,603 | \$ 31,656 | | \$ 57,145 |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | | γ 32,011 | Ψ 27,003 | Ψ 51,050 | | Ψ 37,±+3 |
| Assets | | \$298,178 | \$316,574 | \$336,444 | \$440,105 | \$467,998 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 1,797 | \$ 1,539 | \$ 4,395 | \$ 4,184 | \$ 3,355 | \$ 3,693 |
| Operating debt | 1,071 | 687 | 1,023 | 1,014 | 1,080 | 819 |
| Short term | 213 | 543 | 1,079 | 1,030 | 2,387 | ' - |
| Advanced gov't. rec. | | | 0 | 53 | 52 | 200 |
| Intermediate*** | | 22,764 | | • | | |
| Long term* | | <u>43,842</u> | | <u>75,139</u> | | |
| Total Farm Liab. | | \$ 69,374 | \$126,435 | | \$119,651 | |
| Tot. Nonfarm Liab.** | | 86 | 1,539 | <u>2,235</u> | 3,078 | <u>2,809</u> |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | \$ 74,227 | \$ 69,460 | \$127,974 | \$127,560 | \$122,729 | \$125,163 |
| Farm Net Worth | | | | | | |
| (Equity Capital) | \$162,261 | \$176,193 | \$162,536 | \$179,463 | \$272,624 | \$288,499 |
| Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth | \$206,137 | \$228,718 | \$188,600 | \$208,884 | \$317,376 | \$342,835 |
| FINANCIAL MEASURES | | Less than | 40 Cows 4 | 10 to 54 Co | ows 55 t | o 69 Cows |
| Percent equity | | | | 59% | | 70% |
| Debt/asset ratio-lor | ng term | (|).31 | 0.47 | | 0.35 |
| Debt/asset ratio-int | ~ | rent (|).24 | 0.34 | | 0.24 |
| Change in net worth | | | 932 | \$16,927 | \$1 | 5,875 |
| Total farm debt per | COW | \$1 | ,982 | \$2,558 | \$ | 31,912 |
| Debt payments made p | er cow | \$ | 653 | \$619 | | \$502 |
| Debt payments as % o | of milk sa | les | 33% | 30% | | 24% |
| Amount avail. for de | ebt servic | e \$19 | ,356 | \$25,901 | \$3 | 31,362 |
| Cash flow coverage r | catio for | 1987 | L.31 | 1.30 | | 1.29 |

^{*}Includes discounted lease payments.

**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1987.

***Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Farms with: | 70 to | 84 Cows | 85 to | 99 Cows |
|---|--------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| <u>Item</u> | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 |
| ASSETS | | • | | |
| Farm cash/chkg./savings | \$ 3,853 | \$ 4,783 | \$ 5,165 | \$ 6,842 |
| Accounts receivable | 13,616 | 14,094 | 15,956 | 16,322 |
| Prepaid expenses | 0 | 0 | 42 | 42 |
| Feed & supplies | 32,595 | 33,144 | 39,290 | 43,702 |
| Livestock* | 91,006 | 98,832 | 104,319 | 114,263 |
| Machinery & equipment* | 92,636 | 96,188 | 102,537 | 109,990 |
| FLB & PCA stock | 3,794 | 3,942 | 3,517 | 3,630 |
| Other stock & cert. | 4,770 | 5,317 | 4,175 | 3,941 |
| Land & buildings* | 226,609 | <u> 231,725</u> | <u>228,748</u> | <u>238,936</u> |
| Total Farm Assets | \$468,878 | \$488,025 | \$503,750 | \$537,668 |
| Pers. cash/chkg./savings | \$ 14,048 | \$ 15,373 | \$ 18,808 | |
| Cash value of life ins. | 2,610 | 2,878 | 2,534 | \$ 15,424 |
| Nonfarm real estate | 10,708 | 11,670 | 17,682 | 4,301 |
| Auto (personal share) | 2,746 | 3,707 | 1,864 | 27,750 |
| Stocks & bonds | 1,798 | 2,060 | 5,034 | 2,545 |
| Household furnishings | 6,085 | 6,508 | | 5,225 |
| All other | 1,778 | 1,819 | 7,455 | 7,682 |
| Total Nonfarm Assets** | \$ 39,773 | \$ 44,014 | 6,685 | 5,568 |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | Ψ 35,773 | y 44,014 | \$ 60,062 | \$ 68,495 |
| Assets | \$508,651 | \$532,039 | \$563,812 | \$606,163 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | | • | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 5,626 | \$ 6,299 | \$ 4,327 | \$ 4,632 |
| Operating debt | 1,414 | 1,044 | 3,546 | 2,551 |
| Short term | 1,997 | 2,357 | 2,341 | 1,896 |
| Advanced gov't. rec. | 0 | 131 | 0 | 0 |
| Intermediate*** | 57,651 | 58,466 | 86,091 | 83,656 |
| Long term* | 100,481 | 95,358 | 96,662 | 94,019 |
| Total Farm Liab. | \$167,170 | \$163,655 | \$192,968 | \$186,754 |
| Total Nonfarm Liab.** | <u>2,231</u> | <u>2.193</u> | 0 | 0 |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | · | | | |
| Liabilities Farm Net Worth | \$169,401 | \$165,848 | \$192,968 | \$186,754 |
| (Equity Capital) | \$301,709 | \$324,369 | \$310,782 | 6250 012 |
| Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth | \$339,250 | \$366,191 | \$370,844 | \$350,913 \$419,409 |
| FINANCIAL MEASURES | | | | • |
| Percent equity | <u>70</u> , | to 84 Cows | 85 to | 99 Cows |
| Debt/asset ratio-long term | 4 | 66% | | 65% |
| Debt/asset ratio-inter. & cu | | 0.41 | | 0.39 |
| Change in net worth with app | | 0.27 | | 0.31 |
| Total farm debt per cow | rec. | \$22,661 | | 0,132 |
| Debt payments made per cow | | \$2,072 | Ş | 2,008 |
| Debt payments as % of milk s | 2100 | \$573 | | \$596 |
| Amount avail. for debt servi | | 28% | . | 28% |
| Cash flow coverage ratio for | | \$38,245 1.28 | \$5 | 1,041 |
| *T-01-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1 | | Τ. ΖΟ | | 1.41 |

^{*}Includes discounted lease payments.

^{**}Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1987.

***Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Farms with: | 100_tc | 149 Cows | | 150 to | 199 Cows |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| <u>Item</u> | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 | | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Farm cash/chkg./savings | \$ 8,425 | \$ 11,325 | \$ | 4,975 | \$ 8,211 |
| Accounts receivable | 20,959 | 21,796 | Y | 32,791 | 34,990 |
| Prepaid expenses | 49 | 49 | | 27 | 46 |
| Feed & supplies | 52,784 | 56,272 | | 78,542 | 78,949 |
| Livestock* | 142,344 | 154,411 | | 201,180 | 220,938 |
| Machinery & equipment* | 132,545 | 139,451 | | 167,023 | 177,120 |
| FLB & PCA stock | 6,788 | 6,712 | | 10,338 | 10,276 |
| Other stock & cert. | 6,087 | 6,881 | | 14,209 | 15,368 |
| Land & buildings* | 326,668 | 334,553 | | 464,613 | 490,415 |
| Total Farm Assets | \$696,649 | \$731,449 | \$ | 973,698 | \$1,036,313 |
| | , | | • | | |
| Pers. cash/chkg./savings | \$ 4,243 | \$ 5,803 | \$ | 5,855 | \$ 5,683 |
| Cash value of life ins. | 4,205 | 5,000 | | 8,453 | 8,611 |
| Nonfarm real estate | 45,880 | 59,987 | | 49,118 | 67,059 |
| Auto (personal share) | 1,985 | 1,942 | | 2,518 | 2,359 |
| Stocks & bonds | 3,932 | 3,502 | | 13,108 | 15,000 |
| Household furnishings | 6,500 | 6,571 | | 10,588 | 10,912 |
| All other | 3,629 | <u>3,138</u> | _ | 8,266 | <u>21,494</u> |
| Total Nonfarm Assets** | \$ 70,374 | \$ 85,943 | \$ | 97,905 | \$ 131,117 |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | | | | | |
| Assets | \$767,023 | \$817,392 | \$ 1 | ,071,603 | \$1,167,430 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 4,154 | \$ 3,625 | \$ | 5,559 | \$ 6,350 |
| Operating debt | 1,875 | 3,241 | | 5,535 | 5,074 |
| Short term | 2,719 | 3,074 | | 5,515 | 4,782 |
| Advanced gov't. rec. | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 558 |
| Intermediate*** | 92,101 | 88,843 | | 138,604 | 143,167 |
| Long term* | <u>130,697</u> | <u>130,718</u> | | 213,633 | 200,919 |
| Total Farm Liab. | \$231,546 | \$229,501 | \$ | 368,847 | \$ 360,850 |
| Total Nonfarm Liab.** | 2,230 | 1,967 | | 1,707 | 1,843 |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | | | | * | |
| Liabilities | \$233,776 | \$231,468 | \$ | 370,554 | \$ 362,693 |
| Farm Net Worth | | | | | |
| (Equity Capital) | \$465,103 | \$501,948 | \$ | 604,850 | \$ 675,463 |
| Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth | \$533,247 | \$585,924 | \$ | 701,049 | \$ 804,737 |
| FINANCIAL MEASURES | 100 |) to 149 Cows | | 150 | to 199 Cows |
| Percent equity | | 69% | | | 65% |
| Debt/asset ratio-long term | | 0.39 | | | 0.41 |
| Debt/asset ratio-inter. & c | urrent | 0.25 | | | 0.29 |
| Change in net worth with ap | | \$36,845 | | Ś | 70,613 |
| Total farm debt per cow | <u>.</u> – – • | \$1,897 | | - | 32,027 |
| Debt payments made per cow | | \$512 | | · | \$530 |
| Debt payments as % of milk | sales | 24% | | | 25% |
| Amount avail. for debt serv | | \$62,095 | | S | 90,571 |
| Cash flow coverage ratio for | | 1.26 | | Ψ. | 1.35 |
| | | <u></u> | | | |

^{*}Includes discounted lease payments.

**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1987.

***Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

FARM FAMILY FINANCIAL SITUATION BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Farms with: | | 200 to | 299 Cows | | | More than 300 Cows | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|----------|------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Item Item | | Jan. 1 | 277 | Dec. 31 | | Jan. 1 | Dec. 31 | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | 0 0227 | <u> </u> | | | |
| Farm cash/chkg./savings | ć | 5 533 | ٠. | 6 221 | ^ | 5 013 | Δ 11 2/O | | | |
| Accounts receivable | \$ | 5,533 | \$ | 6,331 | \$ | 5,013 | \$ 11,348 | | | |
| Prepaid expenses | | 46,864 0 | | 48,027 | | 86,323 | 83,269 | | | |
| Feed & supplies | | - | | 110 705 | | 2,156 | 3,570 | | | |
| Livestock* | | 98,091 | | 112,705 | | 225,951 | 275,171 | | | |
| Machinery & equipment* | | 284,010 | | 302,384 | | 461,034 | 511,184 | | | |
| FLB & PCA stock | | 191,392 | | 200,085 | | 321,564 | 334,952 | | | |
| Other stock & cert. | | 14,980 | | 15,096 | | 15,414 | 15,132 | | | |
| 4 | | 30,591 | | 31,973 | | 60,604 | 66,876 | | | |
| Land & buildings* Total Farm Assets | <u>~1</u> | 554,758 | <u></u> | 572,889 | | 992,505 | 1,077,050 | | | |
| local rarm Assets | ŞΙ | ,226,219 | ŞI | ,289,490 | \$2 | ,170,564 | \$2,378,552 | | | |
| Pers. cash/chkg./savings | \$ | 5,556 | \$ | 5,662 | \$ | 1,981 | \$ 2,020 | | | |
| Cash value of life ins. | | 5,206 | | 5,806 | | 1,450 | 1,814 | | | |
| Nonfarm real estate | | 9,188 | | 22,063 | | 13,250 | 32,000 | | | |
| Auto (personal share) | | 3,969 | | 3,563 | | 500 | 3,669 | | | |
| Stocks & bonds | | 7,664 | | 9,351 | | 17,498 | 20,591 | | | |
| Household furnishings | | 8,000 | | 9,000 | | 4,500 | 8,250 | | | |
| All other | | <u> 18,165</u> | | 15,798 | | 13,363 | <u> 17,399</u> | | | |
| Total Nonfarm Assets** | \$ | 57,748 | \$ | 71,243 | \$ | 52,541 | \$ 85,743 | | | |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | | | | | | | , | | | |
| Assets | \$1 | ,283,967 | \$1 | ,360,733 | \$2 | ,223,105 | \$2,464,295 | | | |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 17,018 | \$ | 15,638 | \$ | 25,541 | \$ 11,155 | | | |
| Operating debt | | 7,171 | | 9,605 | | 59,452 | 78,052 | | | |
| Short term | | 16,151 | | 15,277 | | 36,860 | 15,320 | | | |
| Advanced gov't. rec. | | 0 | | 258 | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Intermediate*** | | 220,564 | | 226,605 | | 351,692 | 374,108 | | | |
| Long term* | | 247,034 | _ | 233,601 | | 490,540 | 492,358 | | | |
| Total Farm Liab. | \$ | 507,938 | \$ | 500,985 | \$ | 964,085 | \$ 970,992 | | | |
| Total Nonfarm Liab.** | | 7,402 | | 5,466 | | 0 | . 0 | | | |
| Total Farm & Nonfarm | | | | <u>-</u> | | | | | | |
| Liabilities Farm Net Worth | \$ | 515,340 | \$ | 506,451 | \$ | 964,085 | \$ 970,992 | | | |
| · . | ۸ | 710 001 | ^ | 700 505 | `A-1 | 006 170 | 44 40- 540 | | | |
| (Equity Capital) | Ş | 718,281 | \$ | 788,505 | | ,206,479 | | | | |
| Farm & Nonfarm Net Worth | \$ | 768,627 | \$ | 854,282 | \$1 | ,259,020 | \$1,493,303 | | | |
| FINANCIAL MEASURES | | <u>20</u> | 0 to | 299 Cows | | More tha | n 300 Cows | | | |
| Percent equity | | | | 61% | | | 59% | | | |
| Debt/asset ratio-long term | | | | 0.41 | | | 0.46 | | | |
| Debt/asset ratio-inter. & | | | | 0.37 | | | 0.37 | | | |
| Change in net worth with a | ppr | ec. | | 0,224 | | \$2 | 01,081 | | | |
| Total farm debt per cow | | | \$ | 2,053 | | | \$2,167 | | | |
| Debt payments made per cow | | | | \$531 | | - | \$644 | | | |
| Debt payments as % of milk | | | | 24% | | | 27% | | | |
| Amount avail. for debt ser | | | \$12 | 9,196 | | \$2 | 73,984 | | | |
| Cash flow coverage ratio f | or | 1987 | • | 1.31 | • | | 1.51 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*}Includes discounted lease payments.

**Average of farms reporting nonfarm assets and liabilities for 1987.

^{***}Includes FLB/PCA stock and discounted lease payments for cattle and machinery.

SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| | Less than 40 Cows | 40 to 54 Cows | 55 to 69 Cows | 70 to 84 Cows | 85 to 99 Cows |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 32 | 69 | 74 | 71 | 41 |
| Number of farms | 32 | 09 | 74 | | , |
| Cropping Program Analysis | 100 | 156 | 204 | 256 | 316 |
| Total Tillable acres | 108 | 156 | 224 | 81 | 105 |
| Tillable acres rented* | 22 | 51 | 71 | | 173 |
| Hay crop acres* | 71 | 96 | 126 | 136 47 | 56 |
| Corn silage acres* | 15 | 27 | 35 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
| Hay crop, tons DM/acre | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.6 | | 15.4 |
| Corn silage, tons/acre | 12.7 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 15.1 | |
| Oats, bushels/acre | 35.5 | 49.4 | 60.5 | 56.7 | 50.0 |
| Forage DM per cow, tons | 6.3 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.8 |
| Tillable acres/cow | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.5 |
| Fert. & lime exp./til. acre | \$19.21 | \$21.94 | \$21.92 | \$24.11 | \$26.57 |
| Total machinery costs | \$12,615 | \$18,201 | \$26,607 | \$33,050 | \$38,073 |
| Machinery cost/tillable acre | \$117 | \$116 | \$119 | \$129 | \$121 |
| Dairy Analysis | | | | | |
| Number of cows | 33 | 47 | 62 | 77 | 90 |
| Number of heifers | 22 | 36 | 49 | 63 | 73 |
| Milk sold, lbs. | 509,393 | 727,966 | | 1,223,662 | |
| Milk sold/cow, lbs. | 15,234 | 15,380 | 15,816 | 15,982 | 16,098 |
| Operating cost of prod. milk/cw | t. \$9.30 | \$9.31 | \$9.49 | • | \$8.97 |
| Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. | \$16.08 | \$14.74 | \$15.05 | \$14.04 | \$13.30 |
| Price/cwt. milk sold | \$12.89 | \$12.81 | \$12.80 | \$12.86 | \$12.74 |
| Purchased dairy feed/cow | \$537 | \$494 | \$486 | \$506 | \$476 |
| Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk | \$3.53 | \$3.21 | \$3.07 | \$3.17 | \$2.96 |
| Purchased grain & conc. as % | | - | | | |
| of milk receipts | 26% | 24% | 23% | 24% | 239 |
| Purchased feed & crop | , | | | | |
| expense/cwt. milk | \$4.18 | \$3.98 | \$3.97 | \$4.04 | \$3.92 |
| Capital Efficiency | | | | | |
| Farm capital/worker | \$155,705 | \$154,213 | \$163,199 | \$170,205 | \$173,452 |
| Farm capital/cow | 7,203 | 6,272 | 6,502 | 6,249 | 5,754 |
| Farm capital/til. acre owned | 2,801 | 2,801 | 2,625 | 2,718 | 2,468 |
| | | | 2 262 | 2,993 | 2,584 |
| Real estate/cow | 4,16/ | 3,300 | 3,263 | 2,773 | |
| Real estate/cow Machinery investment/cow | 4,167 1,144 | | 3,263 1,246 | 1,233 | 1,174 |
| Real estate/cow Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years | 4,16/ 1,144 2.76 | 1,136 2.46 | | | |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years | 1,144 | 1,136 | 1,246 | 1,233 | 1,174 |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years <u>Labor Efficiency</u> | 1,144 | 1,136 | 1,246 | 1,233 | 1,174 |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years <u>Labor Efficiency</u> Worker equivalent | 1,144 2.76 | 1,136 2.46 | 1,246 2.52 | 1,233 2.37 | 1,174 2.20 3.00 |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years Labor Efficiency Worker equivalent Operator/manager equivalent | 1,144 2.76 1.55 1.04 | 1,136 2.46 1.93 1.15 | 1,246 2.52 2.46 | 1,233 2.37 2.81 | 1,174 2.20 3.00 1.25 |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years Labor Efficiency Worker equivalent Operator/manager equivalent Milk sold/worker, lbs. | 1,144 2.76 1.55 1.04 329,305 | 1,136 2.46 1.93 | 1,246 2.52 2.46 1.30 | 1,233 2.37 2.81 1.28 | 1,174 2.20 3.00 1.25 485,218 |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years Labor Efficiency Worker equivalent Operator/manager equivalent Milk sold/worker, lbs. Cows/worker | 1,144 2.76 1.55 1.04 329,305 22 | 1,136 2.46 1.93 1.15 378,140 25 | 1,246 2.52 2.46 1.30 396,964 25 | 1,233 2.37 2.81 1.28 435,307 | 1,174 2.20 |
| Machinery investment/cow Capital turnover, years Labor Efficiency Worker equivalent Operator/manager equivalent Milk sold/worker, lbs. | 1,144 2.76 1.55 1.04 329,305 | 1,136 2.46 1.93 1.15 378,140 | 1,246 2.52 2.46 1.30 396,964 | 1,233 2.37 2.81 1.28 435,307 27 | 1,174 2.20 3.00 1.25 485,218 30 |

^{*}Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

SELECTED BUSINESS FACTORS BY HERD SIZE 426 New York Dairy Farms, 1987

| Number of farms | Farms with: | 100 to | 150 to | 200 - | 200 |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Number of farms 70 31 27 11 Cropping Program Analysis Total tillable acres 360 524 612 924 Tillable acres rented* 127 240 218 291 Hay crop acres* 190 229 235 303 Corn silage acres* 190 229 235 303 Gorn silage acres* 190 229 235 303 Gorn silage, tons/acre 2.8 3.0 3.0 3.5 Gorn silage, tons/acre 17.2 15.8 17.4 Cats, bushels/acre 63.6 55.3 52.8 0.0 Forage DM per cow, tons 8.2 7.9 7.7 7.1 Tillable acres/cow 3.0 3.1 2.5 2.1 Fert. & lime exp./til. acre \$28.94 \$28.09 \$33.44 \$31.89 Total machinery costs \$51.831 \$77.405 \$93.784 \$151.843 Machinery cost/tillable acre \$51.831 \$77.405 \$93.784 \$151.843 Machinery cost/tillable acre \$144 \$148 \$153 \$164 Dairy Analysis Number of cows 119 171 241 436 Mumber of heifers 96 136 183 329 Milk sold, lbs. 1,894.774 2,773.091 4,023.474 8,195.157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. 1,894.7 | Item | • | | | |
| Cropping Program Analysis Total tillable acres 360 524 612 924 711 824 8291 | | 117 0000 | 100 00WS | 299 COWS | noie cows |
| Total tillable acres | Number of farms | 70 | 31 | . 27 | 11 |
| Total tillable acres | Cropping Program Analysis | | | | |
| Tillable acres rented* Hay crop acres* Corn silage acres* Tof 122 187 339 Hay crop, tons DM/acre 2.8 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.5 Corn silage, tons/acre 17.2 15.8 17.4 17.6 Oats, bushels/acre 63.6 55.3 52.8 0.0 Forage DM per cow, tons 8.2 7.9 7.7 7.1 Tillable acres/cow 3.0 3.1 2.5 2.1 Total machinery costs \$28.94 \$28.09 \$33.44 \$31.89 Total machinery costs \$51,831 \$77,405 \$93,784 \$151,843 Machinery cost/tillable acre \$28.94 \$28.09 \$33.44 \$31.89 Total machinery cost/tillable acre \$144 \$148 \$153 \$164 Dairy Analysis Number of cows 119 171 241 436 Number of helfers 96 136 183 329 Mills sold, lbs. 1,894,774 2,773,091 4,023,474 8,195,157 Mills sold/cow, lbs. 15,915 16,217 16,710 18,808 Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$9.25 \$9.62 \$9.61 \$9.04 Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$13.83 \$13.5 \$12.74 \$11.53 Price/cwt. milk sold Purchased dairy feed/cow \$485 \$515 \$582 \$640 Purchased dairy feed/cwt milk \$3.05 \$3.18 \$3.49 \$3.40 Purchased grain & conc. as \$0 of milk receipts 23% 24% 26% 25% Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk \$4.06 \$4.12 \$4.40 \$4.17 Capital Efficiency Parm capital/for \$9.98 5,877 5,224 5,220 Farm capital/cow 5,998 5,877 5,224 5,220 Farm capital/cow 5,998 5,877 5,224 5,220 Farm capital/cow 2,777 2,792 2,342 2,375 Sachienry investment/cow 2,777 2,792 2,342 2,375 Cachinery investment/cow 1,142 1,006 813 753 Capital Efficiency Orker equivalent 1,49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Cows/worker 34 36 38 1,268 846,448 Cows/worker 34 36 38 1,268 846,448 Cows/worker 34 36 38 386 \$450 Constructival above 5360 \$388 \$386 \$450 Constructival above 5360 \$388 \$386 \$450 | Total tillable acres | 360 | 524 | 612 | 924 |
| Hay crop acres* Corn silage acres* Corn silage acres* Hay crop, tons DM/acre Corn silage, tons/acre Hay crop, tons DM/acre Las 3.0 3.0 3.5 Corn silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 3.0 3.1 Corn silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 3.0 3.0 Corn silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 3.0 3.1 Corn silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 3.0 Corn silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 3.1 Corn silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 4 Corl silage, tons/acre Las 3.0 5 Corn silage, ton | Tillable acres rented* | | | | |
| Corn silage acres* Hay crop, tons DM/acre Corn silage, tons/acre Corn silage Corn sila Corn silage Corn sila | Hay crop acres* | | | | |
| Hay crop, tons DM/acre Corn silage, tons/acre 17.2 15.8 17.4 17.6 Oats, bushels/acre 63.6 55.3 52.8 0.0 Forage DM per cow, tons 8.2 7.9 7.7 7.1 Tillable acres/cow 3.0 3.1 2.5 2.1 Fert. & lime exp./til. acre \$28.94 \$28.09 \$33.44 \$31.89 Total machinery costs Solution of cows Number of cows Number of cows Number of heifers Milk sold, lbs. Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. Portice/cwt. milk sold Purchased dairy feed/cow Purchased dairy feed/cow milk Purchased dairy feed/cwt milk Purchased dairy feed/cwt milk Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk Capital Efficiency Farm capital/til. acre owned Raben Efficiency Farm capital/til. acre owned Raben Efficiency Raben Efficiency Raben Efficiency Rows Porchamager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Raben Efficiency Rows Porchamager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Raben Coort, Coort | Corn silage acres* | | | | |
| Corn silage, tons/acre | | | | | |
| Oats, bushels/acre 63.6 55.3 52.8 0.0 Forage DM per cow, tons 8.2 7.9 7.7 7.1 Tillable acres/cow 3.0 3.1 2.5 2.1 Fert. & lime exp./til. acre \$28.94 \$28.09 \$33.44 \$31.89 Total machinery costs \$51,831 \$77,405 \$93,784 \$151,843 Machinery cost/tillable acre \$144 \$148 \$153 \$164 Dairy Analysis Number of cows Number of heifers 96 136 183 329 Milk sold, lbs. 1,894,774 2,773,091 4,023,474 8,195,157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. 15,915 16,217 16,710 18,808 Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$9.25 \$9.62 \$9.61 \$9.04 Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$13.83 \$13.55 \$12.74 \$11.53 Price/cwt. milk sold \$12.99 \$13.03 \$12.95 \$12.76 Purchased dairy feed/cow \$485 \$515 \$582 \$640 Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk \$3.05 \$3.18 \$3.49 \$33.40 Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk \$4.06 \$4.12 \$4.40 \$4.17 Capital Efficiency Farm capital/til. acre owned 3,065 3,539 3,193 3,593 Real estate/cow 2,777 2,792 2,342 2,375 Machinery investment/cow 1,142 1,006 813 753 Capital turnover, years 2.32 2.08 1.90 1.74 Labor Efficiency Forker equivalent 3,4 4.74 6.35 9.68 Cows/worker 34 36 38 45 Cows/worker 34 36 38 45 Cows/worker 34 36 38 45 Cows/worker 352 375 384 443 Abor cost/cow \$350 \$358 \$386 \$450 | | | | | |
| Forage DM per cow, tons Tillable acres/cow 3.0 3.1 2.5 7.9 Fert. & lime exp./til. acre \$28.94 \$28.09 \$33.44 \$31.89 Total machinery costs \$51,831 \$77,405 \$93,784 \$151,843 \$151,843 \$153 \$164 Dairy Analysis Number of cows Number of cows Number of heifers \$96 \$136 \$183 \$329 Milk sold, lbs. \$1,894,774 \$2,773,091 \$4,023,474 \$8,195,157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. Doperating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$15,915 \$16,217 \$16,710 \$18,808 Doperating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$15,915 \$16,217 \$16,710 \$18,808 Doperating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$13,83 \$13.55 \$12.74 \$11.53 Price/cvt. milk sold \$12.99 \$13.03 \$12.95 \$12.76 Purchased dairy feed/cow \$485 \$515 \$582 \$640 Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk \$3.05 \$3.18 \$3.49 \$3.40 Purchased grain & conc. as % of milk receipts Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk \$4.06 \$4.12 \$4.40 \$4.17 Capital Efficiency Farm capital/worker \$201,546 \$212,060 \$197,933 \$234,931 \$234 \$248 \$258 Parm capital/cow \$3.05 \$3.53 \$3.93 \$3.93 \$3.93 \$3.53 \$234 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$3.63 \$46,448 \$60xs/worker \$352 \$375 \$384 \$443 \$60xs/worker \$352 \$375 \$384 \$450 \$60xs/worker \$352 \$375 \$384 \$450 | | | | | |
| Tillable acres/cow Fort. & lime exp./til. acre Fort. & lime exp./til. acre Fort. & lime exp./til. acre Total machinery costs Machinery cost/tillable acre Standard S | | | | | |
| Fert. & lime exp./til. acre | Tillable acres/cow | | | · | |
| Total machinery costs Machinery cost/tillable acre \$51,831 \$77,405 \$93,784 \$151,843 \$164 Dairy Analysis Number of cows Number of heifers Milk sold, lbs. \$119 | | | | | |
| Machinery cost/tillable acre \$144 \$148 \$153 \$164 Dairy Analysis Number of cows Number of heifers 96 136 183 329 Milk sold, lbs. 1,894,774 2,773,091 4,023,474 8,195,157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. 15,915 16,217 16,710 18,808 Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$9.25 \$9.62 \$9.61 \$9.04 Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$13.83 \$13.55 \$12.74 \$11.53 Price/cwt. milk sold \$12.99 \$13.03 \$12.95 \$12.76 Purchased dairy feed/cow \$485 \$515 \$582 \$640 Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk \$3.05 \$3.18 \$3.49 \$3.40 Purchased grain & conc. as \$ of milk receipts 23 24* 26* 25* Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk \$4.06 \$4.12 \$4.40 \$4.17 Capital Efficiency Farm capital/worker \$201,546 \$212,060 \$197,933 \$234,931 Farm capital/worker \$291,546 \$212,060 \$197,933 \$234,931 Capital estate/cow 2,777 2,792 2,342 2,375 Machinery investment/cow 1,142 1,006 813 753 Capital turnover, years 2.32 2.08 1.90 1.74 Labor Efficiency Worker equivalent 3.54 4.74 6.35 9.68 Aperator/manager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Tilk sold/worker, lbs. 534,815 585,133 633,126 846,448 Cows/worker 34 36 38 45 Total control of the product of the prod | Total machinery costs | • | • | | |
| Dairy Analysis Number of cows Number of heifers Number of heifers Milk sold, lbs. 1,894,774 2,773,091 4,023,474 8,195,157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. Sp.25 For capital reed/cow Purchased dairy feed/cow Purchased dairy feed/cow Purchased grain & conc. as % of milk receipts Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk Sp.23 For capital Efficiency Farm capital/worker Farm capital/cow Farm capital/til. acre owned Capital turnover, years Sp.26 Sp.28 Sp.28 Sp.28 Sp.29 Sp.26 Sp.61 Sp.04 Sp.05 Sp.12 Sp.06 Sp.07 Sp.06 Sp.07 Sp.07 Sp.07 Sp.08 Sp.07 Sp.08 Sp.07 Sp.08 Sp | | | | | |
| Number of cows Number of heifers Number of heifers Number of heifers Milk sold, lbs. 1,894,774 2,773,091 4,023,474 8,195,157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$9.25 \$9.62 \$9.61 \$9.04 Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$13.83 \$13.55 \$12.74 \$11.53 Price/cwt. milk sold \$12.99 \$13.03 \$12.95 \$12.76 Purchased dairy feed/cow \$485 \$515 \$582 \$640 Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk \$3.05 \$3.18 \$3.49 \$3.40 Purchased grain & conc. as % of milk receipts Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk \$4.06 \$4.12 \$4.40 \$4.17 Capital Efficiency Farm capital/worker \$201.546 \$212.060 \$197.933 \$234,931 Farm capital/cow 5.998 5.877 5.224 5.220 Farm capital/til. acre owned 3.065 3.539 3.193 3.593 Real estate/cow 2.777 2.792 2.342 2.375 Machinery investment/cow 1.142 1.006 813 753 Capital turnover, years 2.32 2.08 1.90 1.74 Labor Efficiency Norker equivalent 3.54 4.74 6.35 9.68 Departator/manager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Labor Efficiency Norker equivalent 3.54 4.74 6.35 9.68 Departator/manager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Lik sold/worker, lbs. 534,815 585,133 633,126 846,448 Dows/worker 34 36 38 45 Dows/worker 352 375 384 443 Labor cost/cow \$360 \$388 \$386 \$450 | J | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | \$140 | , ģ133 | \$164 |
| Number of cows Number of heifers Number of heifers Number of heifers Milk sold, lbs. 1,894,774 2,773,091 4,023,474 8,195,157 Milk sold/cow, lbs. Operating cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$9.25 \$9.62 \$9.61 \$9.04 Total cost of prod. milk/cwt. \$13.83 \$13.55 \$12.74 \$11.53 Price/cwt. milk sold \$12.99 \$13.03 \$12.95 \$12.76 Purchased dairy feed/cow \$485 \$515 \$582 \$640 Purchased dairy feed/cwt. milk \$3.05 \$3.18 \$3.49 \$3.40 Purchased grain & conc. as % of milk receipts Purchased feed & crop expense/cwt. milk \$4.06 \$4.12 \$4.40 \$4.17 Capital Efficiency Farm capital/worker \$201.546 \$212.060 \$197.933 \$234,931 Farm capital/cow 5.998 5.877 5.224 5.220 Farm capital/til. acre owned 3.065 3.539 3.193 3.593 Real estate/cow 2.777 2.792 2.342 2.375 Machinery investment/cow 1.142 1.006 813 753 Capital turnover, years 2.32 2.08 1.90 1.74 Labor Efficiency Norker equivalent 3.54 4.74 6.35 9.68 Departator/manager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Labor Efficiency Norker equivalent 3.54 4.74 6.35 9.68 Departator/manager equivalent 1.49 1.57 1.54 1.43 Lik sold/worker, lbs. 534,815 585,133 633,126 846,448 Dows/worker 34 36 38 45 Dows/worker 352 375 384 443 Labor cost/cow \$360 \$388 \$386 \$450 | Dairy Analysis | | | | |
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^{*}Average of all farms, not only those reporting data.

IDENTIFY AND SET GOALS

If businesses are to be successful, they must have direction. Written goals help provide businesses with an identifiable direction over both the long and the short term. Goal setting is as important on a dairy farm as it is in other businesses. Written goals are a tool which farm operators can use to ensure that the business continues to move in the proper direction.

- 1. Goals should be specific.
- 2. Goals should be realistic and achievable.
- 3. The achievement of the goal should be verifiable.
- 4. You should designate a time when each goal will be achieved.

Goal setting on a dairy farm does not have to be a complex process. In many cases it provides a process for writing down and agreeing on goals that you have already given some thought to. It is also important to remember that once you write out your goals they are not cast in concrete. If a change takes place which has a major impact on the farm business, the goals should be reworked to accommodate that change. Refer to your goals as often as necessary to keep the farm business progressing.

It is important to identify both long and short range goals when looking at the future of your farm business.

A suggested format for writing out your goals is as follows:

- a. Begin with a general philosophy statement which incorporates both business and family goals.
- b. Identify 4-6 long range goals.

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c. Identify specific short range goals for a given time period (i.e., one year).

Worksheet for Setting Goals

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NOTE: Once long and short range goals have been identified, it is helpful to rank them in order of priority.

Prepared by T.R. Maloney, Extension Associate, Cornell University

Other Agricultural Economics Extension Papers

| No. | 89-2 | List of Available Agricultural Economics Publications and Computer Programs | | Stanton Walker |
|-----|-------|---|-----|--------------------------------|
| No. | 89-3 | Regional Differences in the Dairy Industry and Their Use in Evaluating Dairy Surpluses | | Novakovic Keniston |
| No. | 89-4 | Agricultural District Legislation in New York, As Amended Through 1988 | К. | Gardner |
| No, | 89-5 | Microcomputers and Small Local Governments in New York: Five Case Studies Executive Summary | D. | Wilcox |
| No. | 89-6 | Regional Factors Affecting the Impact of Biotechnology in U.S. Crop Production | | Love Tauer |
| No. | 89-7 | National Dairy Markets and Policy and Some Implications for New York | Α. | Novakovic |
| No. | 89-8 | Dairy Farm Business Summary, Northern New York, 1988 | | Smith Putnam |
| No. | 89-9 | Dairy Farm Business Summary, Western Plain Region, 1988 | | Smith Putnam |
| No. | 89-10 | Dairy Farm Business Summary, Northern Hudson Region, 1988 | | Smith Putnam |
| No. | 89-11 | Dairy Farm Business Summary, Eastern Plateau Region, 1988 | ·L. | Milligan Putnam Crispell |
| | | | | Mierek LeClar |
| No. | 89-12 | Dairy Farm Business Summary, Oneida-Mohawk Region, 1988 | G. | LaDue Andrew Aldrich |
| No. | 89-13 | Dairy Farm Business Summary, Central New York and Central Plain Regions, 1988 | | Knoblauch Putnam |